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විධායක සාරාංශය

තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණය භාවිතය මගින් සමාජීය හා ආර්ථික සංවර්ධනය අරමුණු කරගනිමින් 2002 නොවැමබර් 20 දින තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ කුමෝපාය, (ICT Development Roadmap) ඉ- ශුී ලංකා (e –Sri Lanka) පුකාශයට පත්වීමත් සමහ තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ කුමෝපාය සැලසුම කිරීම හා ක්‍රියාත්මක කිරීම සඳහා ආයතනික රාමුවක් පිහිටුවීමේ අවශාකාවය පැන නැග තිබුණි. ඒ අනුව අංක 03/060/134/022 හා 2003 අපේල් 09 දිනැති අමාතා මණ්ඩල තීරණය හා 2003 අංක 27 දරන තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ පනත අනුව 2003 මැයි 12 වැනි දින 1982 අංක 17 දරන සමාගම පනත යටතේ සම්පූර්ණයෙන් රජය සතු පෞද්ගලික සමාගමක් වශයෙන් සීමාසහිත ශ්‍රී ලංකා තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ නියෝජිතායතනය (අයිසීටීඒ) පිහිටුවා තිබුණි. ශ්‍රී ලංකාවේ පුධාන ආර්ථික සංවර්ධන වැඩසටහන් සාර්ථක කර ගැනීම සඳහා තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණය හාවිතා කිරීමේ කිුයාවලියට නායකත්වය සැපයීමේ පුධාන වගකීම අයිසීටීඒ ආයතනයට පවරා තිබූ අතර 2003 අංක 27 දරන තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ පනත මගින් තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණය සමබන්ධ රජයේ පුතිපත්ති හා කිුයාකාරී සැලසුම කිුයාත්මක කිරීමට අවශා සියළු පියවර ගැනීමට බලය අයිසීටීඒ ආයතනය වෙත පවරා තිබුණි.

අයිසීටීඒ ආයතනය විසින් ලෝක බැංකු ආධාර, වෙනත් විදේශ ආධාර සහ රජයේ අරමුදල් මත 2004-2014 කාලය තුළදී ඉ- ශුි ලංකා සංවර්ධන වැඩසටහන යටතේ පුධාන ක්ෂේතු 06 ක් හඳුනා ගනිමින් වාහපෘතීන් කිුයාත්මක කරන ලද අතර 2015 වර්ෂයේ සිට සම්පූර්ණයෙන්ම ඒකාබද්ධ අරමුදල් මත අදාල වාහපෘතීන් කිුයාත්මක වේ.

තොරතුරු තාක්ෂණ සංවර්ධන වැඩසටහන් තුළ රාජා අංශය පුතිනිර්මාණය මූලික උපාංගයක් ලෙස හඳුනාගෙන තිබුණි. ඒ සඳහා අයිසීටීඒ ආයතනය දරන ලද උත්සාහයේ පුතිඵලයක් ලෙස එක්සත් ජාතීන්ගේ ඉ-රාජා දර්ශකයට (e- Gov Index) අනුව 2012 වර්ෂයේ දී රටවල් 192 අතුරින් 115 වැනි ස්ථානයේ පැවැති ශුී ලංකාව, 2014 වර්ෂයේ දී ස්ථාන 41 කින් ඉහළට එමින් 74 වැනි ස්ථානයට පත්විය. එහෙත් 2016 වර්ෂයේදී එය 79 වන ස්ථානය දක්වා පහළ ගොස් තිබුණි.

කෙසේ වෙතත් 2010 වර්ෂයේ සිට 2016 වර්ෂය දක්වා තොරතුරු තාක්ෂණ වාාපෘති සඳහා වැය කරන ලද සම්පූර්ණ මුදල ආයතනයේ මූලාා පුකාශනවලට අනුව රු. මිලියන 5,799.9 ක් වුවද රාජාා සේවය

ඩිජිටල්කරණය කිරීම පිළිබඳව අයිසීටීඒ ආයතනයේ වගකීම නිසි ආකාරයෙන් ඉටු වී නොමැති බව අනාවරණය වූ නිරීක්ෂණවලට අනුව නිගමනය කරමි.

01. වාර්තාවේ පසුබිම සහ ස්වභාවය

රාජා අංශයේ තොරතුරු තාක්ෂණ වාාපෘතීන් සඳහා වසර 12 කට අධික කාලයක් තිස්සේ අති විශාල මුදලක් ආයෝජනය කරමින් රාජා අංශය පුතිනිර්මාණය කිරීම සඳහා දරන ලද උත්සාහය සාර්ථක වූයේද යන්න හඳුනා ගැනීම සැලකිය යුතු කාරණයක් බවට පත්ව තිබේ. 2014 වර්ෂය දක්වා මෙම ආයතනයේ කියාකාරිත්වය විගණකාධිපතිගේ පරීක්ෂාවට හාජනය නොවුන අතර 19 වන ආණ්ඩුකුම වාවස්ථා සංශෝධනයේ 36(1) වගන්තිය පුකාරව 2015 වර්ෂයේ සිට විගණකාධිපති විසින් අයිසීටීඒ ආයතනය විගණනයට ලක් කිරීමට හැකියාව ලැබී ඇති අතර, එහිදී නිරීක්ෂණය කරන ලද කරුණු පිළිබඳව වාර්තා කිරීම සඳහා මෙම වාර්තාව නිකුත් කරනු ලැබේ.

2. අනුගමනය කරන ලද කුමවේදයන්

පහත සඳහන් කුමවේදයන් අනුගමනය කරමින් මෙම වාර්තාව සකස් කරන ලදි.

2.1 ලේඛණ පොත්පත් හා වාර්තා පරීක්ෂා කිරීම

- 2.1.1 2003 අංක 27 දරන තොරතුරු සහ සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ පනත හා 2008 අංක 33 දරන තොරතුරු සහ සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ (සංශෝධන) පනත
- 2.1.2 අමාතා මණ්ඩල සංශෝධන හා අමාතා මණ්ඩල තීරණ
- 2.1.3 සාංගමික සංස්ථාපනුය හා සාංගමික වාාවස්ථාවලිය
- 2.1.4 වාර්ෂික වාර්තා හා මූලා පුකාශන
- 2.1.5 කියාකාරී සැලසුම්, පුසම්පාදන සැලසුම්
- 2.1.6 කාර්යසාධන වාර්තා
- 2.1.7 විගණන හා කළමනාකරණ කමිටු වාර්තා
- 2.1.8 අන්තර් අමාතාහංශ කමිටු වාර්තා
- 2.1.9 පුසම්පාදන ලිපිගොනු
- 2.1.10 ජාතික කුමසම්පාදන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ වාර්තා
- 2.1.11 වායාපෘති ඇගයීම් වාර්තා

2.2 පුශ්ණාවලියක් නිකුත් කිරීම

තෝරාගත් රාජාා ආයතන කීපයක් සඳහා පුශ්තාවලියක් නිකුත් කිරීම මගින් තොරතුරු ලබාගැනීම.

3. විෂය පථය

තොරතුරු තාක්ෂණ සංවර්ධනය හරහා රාජා අංශය ඩිජිටල්කරණය කිරීමේ කාර්ය උදෙසා විවිධ රාජා ආයතන මෙන්ම පෞද්ගලික අංශයද දායක වී තිබුණි. ඒ අතරින් තොරතුරු සහ සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණය පිළිබඳ ජාතික පුතිපත්තිය සකස් කිරීම සහ ක්‍රියාත්මක කිරීමේ පුධාන වගකීම දරන අයිසීටීඒ ආයතනයේ කාර්යභාරයන්ගෙන් රාජා අංශය පුතිනිර්මාණය කිරීමේ කාර්යය පමණක් මෙහිදී පරීක්ෂාවට ලක් කරනු ලැබීය.

4. විෂය පථයේ සීමාවන්

මෙම වාර්තාව සකස් කිරීමේදී මාගේ විෂය පථය මතු දැක්වෙන සීමා කිරීම්වලට යටත් වූ බවට අවධාරණය කරනු ලැබේ.

- 4.1 2003 වර්ෂයේ සිට 2014 වර්ෂය දක්වා කිුයාත්මක කරන ලද වාාාපෘතීන් සඳහා දරන ලද පිරිවැය පිළිබඳ තොරතුරු විගණනය සඳහා ඉදිරිපත් නොකිරීම.
- 4.2 2003 වර්ෂයේ සිට 2014 වර්ෂය දක්වා ආයතනයේ කිුයාකාරී සැලැස්මක් සකස් කර නොතිබීමත්, ඊට අනුකූලව වාර්ෂිකව කාර්යසාධනය ඇගයීම් සිදු නොකිරීමත් නිසා එක් එක් වර්ෂයන්හි කාර්යසාධන ඉලක්කයන් ලඟාකර ගැනීමේ සාර්ථකත්වය නිවැරදිව හඳුනා ගැනීමට හා සංසන්දනය කිරීමට නොහැකි වීම.

5. කියාවලිය හැදින්වීම

2003 අංක 27 දරන තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ පනතේ 01 ජේදය අනුව වසර 05 ක් දක්වා පමණක් කියාත්මක කිරීමට අයිසීටීඒ ආයතනය පිහිටුවා තිබුණි. (ඇමුණුම 01)

ආරම්භයේදී සම්පූර්ණයෙන්ම විදේශ ණය ලබාගැනීම මගින් වාාාපෘතීන් කි්යාත්මක වීම මත 2003 ජූලි 16 දිනැති අංක අමප/03/0884/134/027 දරන අමාතා මණ්ඩල තීරණය (ඇමුණුම 02)

මගින් ආයතනයේ මූලාාමය හා පරිපාලනමය කටයුතු සඳහා පූර්ණ ස්වාධිනත්වයක් ලබා දී තිබුණි. ආයතනයේ කියාකාරීත්වය සඳහා තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ පනතින් ලබා දී තිබූ වසර 05 ක කාල පරිච්ඡේදය අවසන් වූ 2008 සැප්තැම්බර් 08 දිනෙන් පසු 2008 සැප්තැම්බර් 26 දින සිට කියාත්මක වන පරිදි ආයතනයේ කාර්යයන් කරගෙන යාම සඳහා 2008 අංක 33 දරන තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ (සංශෝධන) පනතින් තව දුරටත් බලය ලබා දී තිබුණි. (ඇමුණුම 03)

2003 අංක 27 දරන තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ පනතට අනුව පිහිටුවන ලද අන්තර් අමාතාහංශ කමිටුවට ස්වකීය බලතල සහ කර්තවා ක්රියාත්මක කිරීම සහ ඉටුකිරීම සඳහා අවශාව වන සහාය, අයිසීටීඒ ආයතනය විසින් සපයනු ලැබිය යුතු අතර, එකී කමිටුවට ලේකම් කාර්යාලයක් ලෙස ක්රියාත්මක විය යුතුය. පනතේ 6(2) වගන්තිය අනුව පහත සඳහන් බලතල හා කර්තවාය අයිසීටීඒ ආයතනයට තිබිය යුතු විය.

- (i) තොරතුරු සහ සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණය පිළිබඳ ජාතික පුතිපත්තිය සකස් කිරීම සඳහා අවශා තොරතුරු සැපයීම සහ අමාතා මණ්ඩලයට සහ කමිටුවට ආධාර කිරීම.
- (ii) ජාතික පුතිපත්තියෙහි ඇතුළත් කළ යුතු යෝජනා ඉදිරිපත් කිරීම.
- (iii) සකස් කරන ලද ජාතික පුතිපත්තිය කිුයාත්මක කිරීම පහසු කිරීම සඳහා අවශා සියළු පියවර ගැනීම සහ එය කලින් කල නියාමනය කිරීම සහ සමාලෝචනය කිරීම.
- (iv) තොරතුරු සහ සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණය පිළිබඳ ජාතික පුතිපත්තියට අනුකූලව රාජාා සහ පෞද්ගලික යන අංශ දෙකේම කිුයාත්මක කිරීමට ඇති කුමෝපාය සහ වැඩසටහන් පිළියෙල කිරීම.
- (v) තොරතුරු තාක්ෂණය පිළිබඳ ජාතික පුතිපත්තිය සකස් කිරීම සඳහා අවශා සියළු තොරතුරු සැපයීම.
- (vi) ජාතික පුතිපත්තිය සකස් කිරීම හා සංශෝධනය කිරීම හෝ පුතිශෝධනය කිරීම සම්බන්ධයෙන් සැලකිල්ලට ගනු ලැබිය යුතු කරුණු කාරණා හඳුනා ගැනීම.
- (vii) ජාතික පුතිපත්තියෙහි ඇතුළත් කළ යුතු කරුණු සම්බන්ධයෙන් යෝජනා ඉදිරිපත් කිරීම.

පනතේ විධිවිධානවලට අමතරව 2013 වර්ෂය දක්වා "ඉ - ශුි ලංකා" සංවර්ධන වාාාපෘතිය යටතේ වැඩසටහන් කිුයාත්මක කිරීමට පහත පරිදි අවශා අධිකාරී බලය සහ පුතිපාදන අයිසීටීඒ ආයතනය වෙත ලබාදී තිබුණි.

- (i) ඉ- ශුි ලංකා සංවර්ධන වාාාපෘතියට අදාල විවිධ වැඩසටහන් කිුිියාවේ යෙදවීමට අවශා නිල අධිකාරී බලය.
- (ii) ලංකාවේ තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණය දියුණු කිරීම සහ ඉ-ශුි ලංකා වාහපෘතිය සඳහා කියාත්මක කිරීම සඳහා සුදුසු නෛතික හා පුතිපත්ති රාමුවක් සකස් කරගැනීමට අවශා උපදේශකත්වය කැබිනට් මණ්ඩලයට ලබා දීම සඳහා වූ අධිකාරී බලය.
- (iii) රජයේ ඉහත පුතිපත්ති සහ නීතිමය රාමු කාලීනව විමර්ශනය කර රජයේ අනුමැතිය යටතේ නැවත සැකසීමේ අධිකාරී බලය

උක්ත බලතල හා කාර්යයන්වලට අනුව අයිසීටීඒ ආයතනය පහත සඳහන් පුභේද 06 යටතේ තොරතුරු තාක්ෂණ වාාාපෘතීන් කියාවට නංචා තිබුණි.

- i) තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ පුතිපත්තිය, නායකත්වය සහ ආයතනික සංවර්ධනය
- ii) තොරතුරු තාක්ෂණ යටිතල පහසුකම්
- ii) රාජා අංශය පුතිනිර්මාණය කිරීම
- iv) තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන මානව සම්පත් ධාරිතා පුවර්ධනය
- v) තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ ආයෝජන සහ පුද්ගලික අංශය දිරිගැන්වීම
- vi) ඉ- සමාජය

විදේශ ආධාර හා දේශිය අරමුදල් මත කිුයාත්මක වූ "ඉ -ශුි ලංකා " $(e-Sri\ lanka)$ වාහපෘතිය අවසන් වීමෙන් පසු 2014 වර්ෂයේ සිට, හඳුනාගත් තොරතුරු තාක්ෂණ වාහපෘති සඳහා වන වාහපෘති යෝජනා, ජාතික කුමසම්පාදන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ අනුමැතිය මත කිුියාත්මක කෙරේ.

අයිසීටීඒ ආයතනය යටතේ පූර්ණ රාජා හිමිකාරීත්වය දරන පරිපාලිත සමාගම් 02 ක් පිහිටුවා තිබුණි. 2005 මැයි 19 දිනැති අධාක්ෂ මණ්ඩල තීරණය අනුව පරිගණක හා අන්තර්ජාලමය ආරක්ෂාව සැපයීම අරමුණු කර ගනිමින් ශුී ලංකා පරිගණක හදිසි පුතිචාර සංසදය [Sri Lanka CERT (Pvt) Limited] 2005 අගෝස්තු 15 දිනද 2011 ජුනි 16 දිනැති අධාක්ෂ මණ්ඩල තීරණය අනුව ලංකා රාජාා ජාලය කිුයාත්මක කිරීමේ අරමුණින් සීමාසහිත ලංකා රාජාා තොරතුරු

තාක්ෂණ යටිතල පහසුකම් සැපයීමේ ආයතනය [Lanka Government Information Infrastructure (Pvt) Limited] 2011 ජූලි 18 දිනද සංස්ථාගත කර තිබුණි.

6. නිරීක්ෂණ

අයිසීටීඒ ආයතනයේ කුියාකාරිත්වය හා රාජා අංශය පුතිනිර්මාණය/ ඩිපිටල්කරණය පිළිබඳව සිදුකල විගණන පරීක්ෂාවේදී අනාවරණය වූ කරුණු පහත පරිදි වේ.

6.1 ආයතනයේ කිුයාකාරිත්වය

- 6.1.1 ආරම්භයේදී අයිසීටීඒ ආයතනය ලෝක බැංකුවේ ආධාර මත කිුිිියාත්මක වීම හේතුවෙන් ලෝක බැංකුවේ අවශානාවය මත 2003 ජූලි මස 16 දිනැති අංක අමප/03/0884/134/027 දරන අමාතා මණ්ඩල තීරණය මගින් ආයතනයේ මූලා හා පරිපාලන කටයුතු සම්බන්ධයෙන් පූර්ණ ස්වාධිනත්වයක් ලබා දී තිබුණි. නමුත් වර්තමානයේදී ආයතනයේ කිුියාකාරීත්වය සම්පූර්ණයෙන්ම ඒකාබද්ධ අරමුදලින් කෙරෙන මූලා සම්පාදනය මත පවත්වාගෙන ගියද පෙර පැවැති මූලා හා පරිපාලන ස්වාධීනත්වය අමාතා මණ්ඩල තීරණය පරිදි ඒ ආකාරයටම කිුියාත්මක වන බව නිරීක්ෂණය විය.
- 6.1.2 2003 ජුනි 02 දිනැති අංක 12 දරන රාජා වාාාපාර චකුලේඛයෙහි 09 පරිච්ඡේදයෙහි (ඇමුණුම 04) විධිවිධාන වලින් බැහැරව අයිසීටීඒ ආයතනය වෙනුවෙන් අනුමත කාර්ය මණ්ඩලයක් හා අනුමත බඳවා ගැනීමේ පරිපාටියක් නොමැතිව ආයතනයේ සියළුම සේවකයින් හා උපදේශකයින් කොන්තුාත් පදනම මත බඳවාගෙන තිබුණ අතර වෙළඳපල අගයන් මත පදනම්ව වැටුප් ගෙවා තිබුණි. 2016 දෙසැම්බර් 31 දිනට මෙසේ බඳවා ගෙන තිබු නිලධාරීන් සංඛාාව 187 ක් විය.
- 6.1.3 2003 ජුනි 02 දිනැති අංක 12 දරන රාජා වාාංපාර චකුලේඛයෙහි 5.1 පරිච්ඡේදයට අනුව 2003 වර්ෂයේ සිටම අයිසීටීඒ ආයතනය සඳහා සංයුක්ත සැලැස්මක් පිළියෙල කර නොතිබූ අතර ආයතනය දිගු කාලීන දැක්ම සඳහා වන උපාය මාර්ගික සැලසුම් ස්ථාපිත කර නොතිබුණි.
- 6.1.4 2003 අංක 27 දරන තොරතුරු සහ සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ පනත හා 2008 අංක 33 දරන තොරතුරු සහ සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ (සංශෝධන) පනත අනුව පිහිටුවිය යුතු අන්තර් අමාතාහංශ කමිටුව, 2015 ජුනි 17 දිනැති අංක 15/0746/609/015 දරන කැබිනට් තීරණය (ඇමුණුම 05) අනුව වසර 12 කට පසුව පිහිටුවා තිබුණි. ඒ අනුව වසර 12 ක් අයිසීටීඒ ආයතනය අන්තර් අමාතාහංශ කමිටුවේ අධීක්ෂණයට ලක් වී නොතිබුණි.

- 6.1.5 2003 අංක 27 දරන තොරතුරු සහ සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ පනතේ 06(2) වගන්තියට අනුව තොරතුරු සහ සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණය පිළිබඳ ජාතික පුතිපත්තිය සකස් කිරීමේ වගකීම අයිසීටීඒ ආයතනය සතුවන අතර, ඒ අනුව පළමු ඩිජිටල් රාජාා පුතිපත්තිය 2010 සිට 2012 වර්ෂය දක්වා වසර 03 ක් සඳහා කිුයාත්මක කිරීමට සකස් කර තිබුණද 2012 වර්ෂයෙන් පසු එය යාවත්කාලීන කර නොතිබුණි.
- 6.1.6 රාජා ආයතන විසින් ඩිජිටල් රාජා පුතිපත්තිය කුියාත්මක කිරීමේ පුගතිය පහත හේතූන් මත ඉතා අඩු මට්ටමක පැවතුණ බව ඉ -රාජා පුතිපත්තිය සංශෝධනය කිරීමේදී අයිසීටීඒ ආයතනය විසින් හඳුනාගෙන තිබුණි.
 - (i) ඩිජිටල් රාජාා පුතිපත්තියෙහි අරමුණු පැහැදිලි නොවීම.
 - (ii) ඩිජිටල් රාජාා පුතිපත්තියෙහි අඩංගු පුතිපත්තිමය අවශානා ඉතා සංකීර්ණ වීම.
 - (iii) කියාත්මක කලයුතු පුතිපත්තීන් ඉතා විශාල පුමාණයක් පැවතීම හා රාජා ආයතනයන්හි විවිධ වූ පරිණත මට්ටම් නොසලකා හැර 29 ක් වූ පුතිපත්ති පුකාශයන් හා 177 ක් වූ පුතිපත්ති මාර්ගෝපදේශ, සියළුම රාජාා ආයතන විසින් කියාත්මක කල යුතුවීම.
 - (iv) පුතිපත්තීන් කියාවට නැංවීම සම්බන්ධයෙන් වූ වගකීම නිවැරදිව හදුනා නොගැනීම.
 - (v) පුතිපත්තීන් කිුයාවට නැංවීමේ වගකීම දරන පුධාන නවෝත්පාදන නිලධාරීන්ට (CIO-Chief Innovation Officer) පුතිපත්ති කිුයාත්මක කිරීම සඳහා පැහැදිලි අවබෝධයක් සහ අධිකාරිය නොමැති වීම.
- 6.2 යහපාලනය හා ගිණුමකටයුතු භාවය
- 6.2.1 2003 ජූනි 02 දිනැති රාජාා වාාාපාර චකුලේඛ අංක 12 හි 6.5.1 වගන්තිය අනුව මූලාා පුකාශන පෙබරවාරි 28 දිනට පෙර ඉදිරිපත් කළ යුතු වූවත් අයිසීටීඒ ආයතනයේ 2016 වර්ෂයේ මූලාා පුකාශන 2018 අපේල් 10 දින වන විටත් විගණකාධිපති වෙත ඉදිරිපත් කර නොතිබුණි.
- 6.2.2 2007 අංක 07 දරන සමාගම පනතේ 133(1) වගන්තිය අනුව කැඳවනු ලැබිය යුතු වාර්ෂික මහාසභා රැස්වීම 2007 වර්ෂයෙන් පසුව පවත්වා නොතිබුණි.
- 6.2.3 2014 වර්ෂයේ සිට රේඛීය අමාතාාංශය මගින් ආයතනයේ වාාාපෘති වියදම් සහ අනෙකුත් වර්තන වියදම් පුාග්ධන ස්වභාවයෙන් පුතිපාදනය කර ඇති බව නිරීක්ෂණය විය.

- 6.2.4 පුාග්ධන වියදම ලෙස 2015 වර්ෂයේ ලැබී තිබූ රු. මිලියන 479.2 ක් එම වර්ෂයේ මූලා පුකාශනවල අයභාර වියදම් ලෙස හඳුනාගෙන තිබුණි.
- 6.3 සැලසුම් කිරීමේ දුර්වලතා

6.3.1 2016 ජනවාරි 20 දින ජාතික අයවැය දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව වෙත ඉදිරිපත් කරන ලද එම වර්ෂයේ කියාකාරී සැලැස්මෙහි ඇතුළත් වාාපෘතිවල ඇස්තමේන්තුගත පිරිවැය රු. මිලියන 9,286.09 ක් වූ අතර 2016 දෙසැම්බර් 02 දින එය රු. මිලියන 3,255.30 දක්වා සංශෝධනය කර තිබුණි.

- 6.3.2 2016 වර්ෂය තුළ වාාපෘතීන් 65 ක් කියාත්මක කිරීම සඳහා සැලසුම්කර තිබුණද, ජාතික කුමසම්පාදන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව විසින් වාාපෘතීන් 10 ක් කියාත්මක කිරීම සඳහා අනුමැතිය ලබා දී නොතිබුණි. (ඇමුණුම 06) වාාපෘති අවශාතා නිශ්චිතව හඳුනා නොගැනීම සහ වාාපෘතියෙහි පුතිලාහිත ආයතන සමහ සෘජු සම්බන්ධතා පවත්වා නොගැනීම, වාාපෘති සැලැසුම් කිරීම සාර්ථකව ඉටු නොවීමට හේතු වී ඇති බව නිරීක්ෂණය විය.
- 6.3.3 2016 වර්ෂය තුළදී කිුයාත්මක කරන ලද වාහපෘති 55 සඳහා පුතිපාදන ලබාගැනීමට අවශා කටයුතු ආයතනය විසින් ඉටුකර නොතිබුණි. මේ හේතුවෙන් රු. 681,036,485 ක් වූ මුළු වාහපෘති වියදම පරිපුරක ඇස්තමේන්තු හරහා ලබාගැනීමට සිදුවී තිබුණි.
- 6.4 වහාපෘති කිුයාත්මක කිරීමේ කාර්යසාධනය
- 6.4.1 2016 වර්ෂය තුළ රු. මිලියන 681 ක වියදමක් දරා කිුයාත්මක කළ වාහපෘතිවල භෞතික පුගතිය පහළ මට්ටමක පැවතිණි. ඊ ස්වාභිමානීනම් වූ ජාතික සම්මාන පුදාන උළෙල පමණක් සියයට සියයක පුගතියක් අත්කරගෙන තිබුණු අතර ඉතිරි වාහපෘති 54 න් වාහපෘති 07 ක් සියයට 61-96 දක්වා වූ පුගතියක්ද වාහපෘති 27 ක් සියයට 31-60 දක්වා වූ පුගතියක්ද වාහපෘති 20 ක් සියයට 0-30 දක්වා වූ පුගතියක්ද භෞතික වශයෙන් අත්කරගෙන තිබුණු බවට වාර්තා විය. (ඇමුණුම 07)

6.4.2 2016 වර්ෂයේ කුියාත්මක කරන ලද වාාපෘතීන් සැලසුම්කල ආකාරයෙන් කුියාත්මක නොවීමට පහත සඳහන් හේතූන් බලපා තිබුණි. (ඇමුණුම 08)

	හේතුව	වාහාපෘති සංඛාහාව
(i)	වාාපෘතීන් සඳහා ආරම්භක අනුමැතිය ලැබීම පුමාද වීම	07
(ii)	පුසම්පාදන කුියාවලියේ පුමාද වීම.	23
(iii)	වාහපෘති මෙහෙයුම් කමිටු (Project Steering Committee) පක්කිරීම	05
	පුමාද වීම	
(iv)	වාහපෘතිය හා සම්බන්ධ සියළු පාර්ශවයන්ගේ කැමැත්ත ලබා ගැනීම	20
	පුමාද වීම සහ ඒ සඳහා විශාල කාලයක් වැය වීම	
(v)	ලංකා රාජාා ජාලය ඉදවන අදියර (Lanka Government Network 2.0)	
	සහ ලංකා රාජා වලාව දෙවන අදියර (Lanka Government Cloud)	09
	කිුයාත්මක කිරීම පුමාදවීම හේතුවෙන් එම වාාාපෘතීන් මත රඳාපවතින	09
	අනෙකුත් වාාාපෘතීන් කිුයාත්මක කිරීම පුමාද වීම	
(vi)	වාහාපෘති විෂය පථය වෙනස් කිරීම	03
(vii)	මානව සම්පත් කළමනාකරණය සම්බන්ධ ගැටළු	05
(viii)	ජාතික සැලසුම් දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ අනුමැතිය ලබාගැනීම පුමාද වීම	12
(ix)	අරමුදල් නොමැති වීම	05

6.4.3 2016 වර්ෂය සඳහා දරන ලද රු. මිලියන 681 ක් වූ මුළු වාහපෘති වියදම තුළ ලබාගත් තොරතුරුවලට අනුව නිලධාරීන් සඳහා ගෙවූ වැටුප් වියදම රු. මිලියන 210.8 ක් වූ අතර එය වාහපෘති වියදමින් සියයට 32 ක් විය. තවද 2016 වර්ෂය සඳහා වූ අයිසීටීඒ ආයතනයේ මූලා පුකාශන ඉදිරිපත් නොකිරීම හේතුවෙන් නිලධාරීන්ට ගෙවා ඇති සම්පූර්ණ වැටුප්, වේතන හා දීමනා කොපමණද යන්න නිශ්චිතව හඳුනාගත නොහැකි විය.

6.4.4 බිල් හා මෙලින්ඩා ගේට්ස් පදනමෙන් ලද මුදල උපයෝජනය

ශී ලංකාවේ ගුාමීය පෙදෙස්වලට නොමිලේ පරිගණක සේවාවන් සැපයීමේ අරමුණින් බිල් හා මෙලින්ඩා ගේටස් පදනම (Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation) මගින් 2014 වර්ෂයේ ණැනසල වාාාපෘතියට ඉගෙනුම් පුවේශ සම්මානය (Acess to Learning Award) පිරිනමා තිබුණ අතර ඒ සඳහා රු. 130,046,174 ක මුදල් පුතිපාදන ලබා දී තිබුණි. (ඇමුණුම 09)

- 6.4.4.1 මෙම මුදලින් කේතකරණ මුල පිරීම (Coding Initiative), ස්මා(ර්)ට් සමාජ චකු 60 ක් සවිබල ගැන්වීම (Empowering 60 SMART Social Circle) හා ඉගෙනුම් පුවේශය සඳහා අන්තර්ගත සංවර්ධනය (Content Development for Access to Learning) යන වාහපෘති 03 ගිවිසුමට අනුව 2017 අගෝස්තු 31 දින වන විට සම්පූර්ණ කළ යුතු වුවත් ලබාදුන් තොරතුරුවලට අනුව වාහපෘති කියාත්මක කිරීමේ පුගතිය පහළ මට්ටමක පැවතුණි. (ඇමුණුම 10)
- 6.4.4.2 ගිවිසුමෙහි කාලය ඉකුත්වීම හෝ ගිවිසුම අවසන් වීම මත පුයෝජනයට නොගත් අරමුදල් බිල්ගේට පදනමට නැවත ගෙවිය යුතු බව ගිවිසුමෙහි සඳහන් වුවද 2017 අගෝස්තු 31 දිනට පුයෝජනයට නොගත් රු. 115,443,663 ක මුදල පදනමට නැවත ගෙවා නොතිබුණි.
- 6.4.4.3 වාහපෘති ගිවිසුමට අනුව පුදානය කරන ලද අරමුදල් වාහපෘතියට හැර වෙනත් පරමාර්ථ සඳහා යොදා නොගත යුතු බවට සඳහන් කර තිබුණද 2016 වර්ෂය තුළදී මෙම අරමුදලින් රු.මිලියන 126.2 ක් එනම් මුළු අරමුදලින් සියයට 97 ක් වෙනත් මෙහෙයුම් වියදම් සඳහා යොදාගෙන තිබුණි. (ඇමුණුම 11)
- 6.4.4.4 බිල් හා මෙලින්ඩා ගේට පදනම යටතේ කිුයාත්මක කරන ලද වාාාපෘති අයිසීටීඒ ආයතනයේ කිුයාකාරී සැලැස්මට ඇතුලත් කර නොතිබුණි.
- 6.4.5 ගූගල් ලූන් වාාාපෘතිය (Google Loon Project)
- 6.4.5.1 මුළු දිවයිනටම අන්තර්ජාල පහසුකම් ලබාදීමේ අරමුණින් කියාත්මක කරන ලද ගූගල් ලූන් වාහපෘතිය (Google Loon Project) කියාත්මක කිරීම සඳහා 2015 ජූලි 28 දින අයිසීටීඒ ආයතනය, ගූගල් ලූන් එල්එල්සී (Google Loon LLC) සමාගම සමහ අවබෝධතා ගිවිසුමකට එළඹී තිබුණද එය කියාත්මක නොකෙරුණි. (ඇමුණුම 12)

- 6.4.5.2 මෙම වාහපෘතිය සඳහා සංඛාහත නිදහස් කිරීම සම්බන්ධයෙන් ශී ලංකා විදුලි සංදේශ නියාමන කොමිෂන් සභාව විසින් ජාතහන්තර විදුලි සංදේශ සංගමයෙන් විමසීමක් කර තිබුණි. එම සංගමයේ නිර්දේශයන්ට අනුකූලව ජාතහන්තර විදුලි සංදේශ නීති, රීතිවලට අනුව අවශා සංඛාහත පුමාණය නිදහස් කළ නොහැකි බව විදුලි සංදේශ නියාමන කොමිෂන් සභාව විසින් 2016 නොවැම්බර් 30 දිනැති ලිපියෙන් නියෝජිතායතනය වෙත දන්වා තිබුණි. (ඇමුණුම 13)
- 6.4.5.3 මෙම වාහපෘතිය අයිසීටීඒ ආයතනයේ කුියාකාරී සැලැස්මෙහි අන්තර්ගතකර නොතිබුණ අතර ඒ සඳහා ජාතික කුම සම්පාදන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ අනුමැතියද ලබා ගෙන නොතිබුණි.
- 6.4.5.4 නියෝජිතායතනයේ වියදම්වලට අනුව 2015 සහ 2016 වර්ෂ තුලදී, ගූගල් ලූන් උපකරණ රේගුවෙන් නිදහස් කර ගැනීම සඳහා රු.1,851,322 ක මුදලක්ද වාහපෘතිය පුවර්ධනය සඳහා රු. 6,427,941 ක් ද වශයෙන් වියදම් දරා තිබුණි. නමුත් වාහපෘති පුවර්ධන වියදම තුළ වයි-ෆයි වාහපෘතිය සඳහා දැරු රු. 6,187,941 ක වියදමද ඇතුලත්ව ඇති බව දන්වා තිබුණද එය නිශ්චිතව හඳුනාගත නොහැකි විය.
- 6.4.6 අවශා පුතිලාභීන්ට අරමුදල් මාරු කිරීමේ පිරිවැය අඩුකිරීම ඇතුළු ගෘහමාරු කළමනාකරණ (Household Transfer Management HTM) පද්ධතියක් සකස් කිරීම

- ශී ලංකාවේ සියළුම සුහසාධන සහ සමාජ ආරක්ෂණ වැඩසටහන් කළමනාකරණය සඳහා සංකලිත සහ ස්වයංකුිය පද්ධතියක් කුියාත්මක කිරීම සහ ශි ලංකාවේ නේවාසිකයින් සඳහා විදාහුත් හැදුනුම්පතක් හදුන්වාදීම උක්ත වාහපෘතියේ පුධාන අරමුණ වී තිබුණ අතර 2015 සැප්තැම්බර් මස 22 දිනැති අංක අමප/15/1303/719/017 දරන අමාතා මණ්ඩල තීරණය මගින් ඒ සඳහා අනුමැතිය ලබා දී තිබුණි. (ඇමුණුම 14) ඒ අනුව, මෙම කාර්යයන් ඉටුකිරීම සඳහා රු. මිලියන 8,000 ක වැය ඇස්තමෙන්තුවක් සකස් කර තිබුණි. මේ සම්බන්ධයෙන් වූ නිරීක්ෂණ පහතින් දැක්වේ.
- 6.4.6.1 ඉහත සදහන් අමාතා මණ්ඩල තීරණයට අනුව මෙම වාහපෘතිය 2015 දෙසැම්බර් 31 දින වන විට පූර්ණ වශයෙන් කි්යාත්මක කරනු ලබන බවට වග බලා ගත යුතු විය. නමුත් වාහපෘතිය සදහා ආර්ථික විශ්ලේෂණය සිදුකිරීම සදහා වූ පුසම්පාදනයෙහි මූලික පියවර වූ Expression of Interest ඇගයීම පමණක් සිදුකර තිබුණ අතර එම පුසම්පාදනයෙහි ඉතිරි පියවරයන් සම්පූර්ණ කර නොතිබුණි.

- 6.4.6.2 පුද්ගලයින් ලියාපදිංචි කිරීමේ දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව විසින් නිකුත් කිරීමට සැලසුම්කර ඇති විදහුත් හැඳුනුම්පත හා මෙම වසාපෘතියෙහි සඳහන් යෝජිත හැඳුනුම්පත ද්වීකරණය වීම වැලැක්වීමට කටයුතු කරන ලෙස 2015 නොවැම්බර් 11 දිනැති අංක අමප/15/1586/749/001 දරන අමාතය මණ්ඩල තීරණය (ඇමුණුම 15) මගින් විදුලි සංදේශ හා ඩිජිටල් යටිතල පහසුකම් අමාතයාංශයේ ලේකම්වරයාට නියමකර තිබුණද ඒ සඳහා පුද්ගලයන් ලියාපදිංචි කිරීමේ දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව සමහ ඒකාබද්ධ වී කටයුතු කිරීමට පියවර ගෙන නොතිබුණි.
- 6.4.6.3 ශ්‍රී ලංකාවේ නේවාසිකයින් සඳහා ජාතික ඩිජිටල් අනනාාතාව නිකුත් කිරීම සහ කුටුම්භ හුවමාරු කළමනාකරණ පද්ධතිය නිර්මාණය, සංවර්ධනය, සැපයීම, බෙදාහැරීම, ස්ථානගත කිරීම සහ කියාත්මක කිරීම මෙම ව්‍යාපෘතියේ ප්‍යානතම ප්‍රසම්පාදනය වී තිබුණ අතර ඒ සදහා ඇස්තමේන්තුගත පිරිවැය රු. මිලියන 3,198 ක් විය. ව්‍යාපෘතියෙහි පැවැති සංකීර්ණ බව හා ලංසු කැඳවීමේදී තිබූ අසම්පූර්ණතාවය ආදී කරුණු (ඇමුණුම 16) හේතු කොට ගෙන 2017 මැයි 29 දින තාක්ෂණික ඇගයීම් කමිටුව විසින් ඉදිරිපත් කරන ලද වාර්තාවට අනුව අමාතා මණ්ඩලය විසින් පත්කරන ලද ප්‍යම්පාදන කමිටුව විසින් මෙම ප්‍යම්පාදනය අවලංගු කිරීමට තීරණය කර තිබුණි. ඒ අනුව 2017 ජූලි 11 දිනැති අංක අමප/17/1431/749/015/ටීබීආර් දරන අමාතා මණ්ඩල තීරණය (ඇමුණුම 17) අනුව මෙම ප්‍යම්පාදනය අවලංගු කිරීමට අනුමැතිය ලබා දී තිබුණි. ඒ වන විට සම්පූර්ණ ව්‍යාපෘතිය සඳහා 2016 සහ 2017 වර්ෂයන්හි දරා තිබූ මුළු වියදම රු. මිලියන 90.8 ක් විය.
- 6.4.7 වර්තමානයේදී කි්යාත්මක වන ඉ සේවාවන් 50 ක භාවිතය අඩු මට්ටමක පවතින අතර ඉන් ඉ සේවා වැඩි පුමාණයක් භාවිතය බස්නාහිර පලාතට පමණක් සීමා වී තිබුණි. අයිසීටීඒ ආයතනය විසින් 2013 වර්ෂයේදී සිදුකරන ලද ඉ රාජාා සමීක්ෂණයට අනුව ඉ සේවා භාවිතය සියයට 0 සිට සියයට 62 දක්වා වූ අඩු පරාසයක පවතින බව නිරීක්ෂණය විය. (ඇමුණුම 18) පසු වර්ෂවල සමීක්ෂණයන් සිදුකර නොමැති නිසා ඉ සේවාවන්ගේ භාවිතය නිශ්චිතව හඳුනාගත නොහැකි විය.

6.5 වාහාපෘති අසාර්ථක වීම

6.5.1 2003 - 2014 කාලය තුල ලෝක බැංකු වාාාපෘතිය යටතේ රාජා අංශය පුතිනිර්මාණය කිරීම සඳහා කියාත්මක කරන ලද පහත සඳහන් වාාාපෘතීන් සම්පූර්ණ කර නොතිබුණ අතර නියමිත කාලය තුළදී ඒවායේ අවසන් අරමුණු ලභාකර ගැනීමට සමත් වී නොතිබුණි. ඒ හේතුවෙන් 2016 වර්ෂයේ සිට නැවතත් එම වාාාපෘතින් කියාත්මක කර පහත පරිදි මුදල් ආයෝජනය කර තිබුණි.

	වාහාපෘතිය	2016 වර්ෂය සඳහා	2016.12.31 දිනට
		ඇස්තමේන්තු ගත මුදල 	වැය කළ මුදල
		රු. මිලියන	රු. මිලියන
(i)	ලංකා රාජා ජාලය	850.47	148.33
(ii)	ඉ - සමෘද්ධි	114	4.3
(iii)	ඉ - පළාත් පාලන ආයතන	173	11.8
(iv)	ලංකා රාජා වලාව	195.1	5.31
(v)	ඉ - පුාදේශීය ලේකම් කාර්යාලය	50	.85
(vi)	ඉ - ජනගහන රෙජිස්ටරය	60	.75

6.5.2 අයිසීටීඒ ආයතනය විසින් පෙර වර්ෂවල කිුයාත්මක කරන ලද වාහපෘති කිහිපයක පුගතිය ලබාගත් තොරතුරුවලට අනුව පහත පරිදි විය.

6.5.2.1 ලංකා රාජා ජාලය (Lanka Government Network)

- (i) ඉලෙක්ටොනික සන්නිවේදනය තුළින් අදියර 1 යටතේ රාජා ආයතන 550 ක් එකිනෙක සම්බන්ධ කරමින් මධා කළමනාකරණ ඩිජිටල් යටිතල පහසුකම් පද්ධතියක් සහිත සුරක්ෂිත අන්තර් ජාලයක් ලෙස ලංකා රාජාා ජාල වාාාපෘතිය 2011 වර්ෂයේ සිට කියාත්මක කර තිබුණද ජාතික කුමසම්පාදන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ නිරීක්ෂණවලට අනුව මෙම වාාාපෘතිය 2011-2013 කාලය තුළ පමණක් සාර්ථකව කියාත්මක වී ඇති අතර එය වර්තමානයේ නිසි පරිදි කියාත්මක නොවේ. (ඇමුණුම 19)
- (ii) සැලසුමකරන ලද ඉ රාජා වාාාපෘති කියාත්මක කිරීම සඳහා පවතින bandwidth 512 kbps පුමාණවත් නොවීම, තාක්ෂණය හා ආරක්ෂණ කුම යල් පැනීම, Wi-Fi අන්තර්ජාල පහසුකම් ආයතනික මට්ටමින් කියාත්මක නොවීම හා ජංගම උපකරණ හරහා ඉ-සේවා කියාත්මක කිරීමේ ගැටළු පැවතීම, රාජාා ආයතන සඳහා පොදු යෙදුම් නොමැති වීම හා තනිව කියාත්මක වීම, රාජාා සේවකයන්ට ඕනෑම ස්ථානයක සිට වැඩ කිරීමේ පහසුව නොමැති වීම වැනි හේතූන් මත මෙම වාාාපෘතිය අසාර්ථක වී තිබුණු බවට අයිසිටීඒ ආයතනය විසින් හඳුනාගෙන තිබුණි.
- (iii) රාජා ආයතන ජාලයක් ලෙස සම්බන්ධ කරමින් කාර්යක්ෂමව සේවාවන් කිුියාත්මක කිරීම වාහපෘතියේ අරමුණ වී තිබුණද ඉ- ආදායම් බලපතු වාහපෘතිය (e – Revenue License) හා ඉ- උප්පැන්න, විවාහ, මරණ සහතික ලබාදීමේ වාහපෘතිය (e-BMD)

පමණක් ලංකා රාජා ජාලය උපයෝජනයට ගනිමින් සාර්ථකව කිුයාත්මක වන බව නිරීක්ෂණය විය. ඒ අනුව තනි තනි මට්ටමින් රාජා ආයතනයන්හි වාහපෘති කිුයාත්මක කිරීම සහ අන්තර්ජාල පහසුකම් ලබාගැනීම සඳහා පමණක් ලංකා රාජා ජාලය සීමාවී ඇතිබව නිරීක්ෂණය විය. මෙම වාහපෘතිය හරහා ලබා දී ඇති අන්තර්ජාල පහසුකම්හි ධාරිතාවය, රාජාා සේවාවන්හි කාර්යක්ෂමතාවය ඉහළ නැංවීමට තරම් පුමාණවත් වී නොතිබුණි.

- (iv) උක්ත ගැටළු නිරාකරණය කරගැනීමේ අරමුණින් 2016 වර්ෂයේ ආරම්භ කරන ලද ලංකා රාජා ජාල වාාාපෘතිය 2.0 සඳහා ඇස්තමේන්තු ගත මුළු මුදල රු. මිලියන 12,737 ක් විය. මෙයින් 2016 වර්ෂය සඳහා අනුමත කරන ලද රු. මිලියන 850.47 ක මුදලින් රු. මිලියන 148.33 ක් පමණක් වැය කර තිබුණ අතර එහි පුගතිය 17 ක් හා භෞතික පුගතිය සියයට 34 ක් විය.
- (v) මෙම හේතුව නිසා ලංකා රාජා ජාලය වාාපෘතියේ යටිතල පහසුකම් උපයෝජනයට ගනිමින් කිුිියාත්මක ඉ රාජාා වාාපෘතීන්හි භෞතික පුගතියද අඩු මට්ටමක විය. (අුමුණුම 20)

6.5.2.2 ඉ - පළාත් පාලන වාාපෘතිය (e – Local Government Project)

- (i) මහතගර සභා, තගර සභා හා පුාදේශීය සභා යන පළාත් පාලන ආයතනයන්හි අවශානත සඳහා අතිරේක මෘදුකාංග පිරිවැයකින් තොරව කියාත්මක කළ හැකි තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ විසඳුම් ලබාදීම මෙම වාාපෘතියේ අරමුණ වී තිබුණි. 2014 ජනවාරි මස සිට මීගමුව මහතගර සභාව, හෝමාගම පුාදේශීය සභාව සහ සීතාවකපුර තගර සභාව තුළ නියමු වාාපෘතීන් කියාත්මක කර තිබුණු අතර මෙම පරිගණක පද්ධතියේ පවතින දුර්වලතා හේතුවෙන් (ඇමුණුම 21) වාාපෘතිය සාර්ථකව කියාත්මක නොවන බව අනාවරණය විය.
- (ii) 2014 වර්ෂයේ සිට කියාත්මක කරන ලද මෙම නියමූ වාහපෘතිය සම්පූර්ණයෙන් හා සාර්ථකව කියාත්මක නොවන මට්ටමක තිබිය දී පද්ධතියේ පැවැති දුර්වලතා නිරාකරණය කිරීමකින් තොරව 2016 වර්ෂයේදී පළාත් පාලන ආයතන 30 ක් සඳහා මෙම වාහපෘතිය අළුතින් කියාත්මක කර තිබුණි.

6.5.2.3 ඉ - විශාම වැටුප් වාහපෘතිය (e - Pension Project)

- (i) විශාම වැටුප් සකස් කිරීමේ කියාවලිය කාර්යක්ෂම කිරීමේ සහ ගුණාත්මක සේවයක් ලබාදීමේ අරමුණින් කියාත්මක කරන ලද ඉ විශාම වැටුප් වාහපෘතියෙහි පළමු අදියර බස්නාහිර පළාත් සභාව ආවරණය වන පරිදි දිස්තික් ලේකම් කාර්යාල, යුධ හමුදාව, නාවික හමුදාව, ගුවන් හමුදාව, බන්ධනාගාර දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව, දුම්රිය දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව සහ සිවිල් ආරක්ෂක දෙපාර්තුමේන්තුව සඳහා කියාත්මක කළද දෘඩාංග සහ මෘදුකාංග ගැටළු හේතුවෙන් (ඇමුණුම 22) වාහපෘතිය දීප වාහප්තව කියාත්මක නොකර 2013 නොවැම්බර් 01 දින සිට වාහපෘතිය අතහැර දමා තිබුණි.
- (ii) වනාපෘතියෙහි ඇස්තමේන්තු ගත මුළු පිරිවැය වූ රු. මිලියන 193 කින් රු. මිලියන 182 ක් අයිසීටීඒ ආයතනය විසින්ද වාර්ෂිකව රු. මිලියන 05 බැගින් වසර 10 ක් රු. මිලියන 50 ක් විශාම වැටුප් දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව විසින්ද වියදම් දරා තිබුණ බව නිරීක්ෂණය විය. ඒ අනුව රු. මිලියන 232 ක් වූ මුළු වියදම නිශ්කාර්ය වියදමක් බවට පත්වී තිබුණි.
- (iii) වාාපෘතියෙහි I අදියර අසාර්ථකව පැවතියදී නියෝජිතායතනය විසින් 2016 වර්ෂය සඳහා රු. මිලියන 178.10 ක ඇස්තමෙන්තු ගත පිරිවැය වූ II වන අදියර සඳහා වාාාපෘති යෝජනා ජාතික කුමසම්පාදන දෙපාර්තමෙන්තුවට ඉදිරිපත් කර තිබුණි.

6.5.2.4 ඉ - සමෘද්ධි වාහපෘතිය (e – Samurdhi Project)

- (i) අඩු වරපුසාද සහිත ජනතාවට අවශා කාර්යක්ෂම පුතිලාහ ලබාදීමක් වෙනුවෙන් තොරතුරු තාක්ෂණය යොදා ගැනීම අරමුණු කර ගනිමින් ලෝක බැංකු ආධාර මත 2011 සහ 2012 වර්ෂයන්හි දී කියාත්මක කරන ලද මෙම වාාාපෘතිය සම්පූර්ණ කර නොතිබුණ අතර අයිසීටීඒ ආයතනය විසින් එහි සාර්ථක අසාර්ථකභාවය පිළිබඳ පරීක්ෂා කර නොතිබුණි. (ඇමුණුම 23)
- (ii) පුධාන මොඩියුල 03 ක් යටතේ නිර්මාණය කරන ලද ඉ සමෘද්ධි වාහපෘතිය සඳහා අයිසීටීඒ ආයතනය විසින් 2011 සහ 2012 වර්ෂයන්හි දී රු. මිලියන 33.9 ක් වියදම් දරා තිබුණි. (ඇමුණුම 24) මානව සම්පත් කළමනාකරණය සහ පුතිලාභී කළමනාකරණ යන මොඩියුල සඳහා තොරතුරු ඇතුළත් කිරීම පමණක් සිදුකර තිබුණ අතර වැඩසටහන් හා වාහපෘති කළමනාකරණ මොඩියුලය සංවර්ධනය සඳහා රු.මිලියන 15.1 ක පිරිවැය දරා තිබුණද එය සම්පූර්ණයෙන් කියාත්මක කර නොතිබුණි.

(iii) 2016 වර්ෂයේ කුියාකාරී සැලැස්ම යටතේ කුියාත්මක කිරීමට යෝජිත වූ ජනගහන රෙජිස්ටරය හා පුතිලාභීන් හඳුනාගැනීමේ පද්ධතිය සමඟ ඒකාබද්ධ ඉ- සමෘද්ධි වාහපෘතිය (Integrated e- Samurdhi Solution with Population Registry and Beneficiary Identification System Project) කුියාත්මක කිරීම 2016 ජනවාරි 01 දින ආරම්භකර තිබුණ ද 2016 දෙසැම්බර් 31 දිනට රු. මිලියන 114 ක් වන ඇස්තමේන්තු ගත පිරිවැයෙන් එහි මූලා පුගතිය සියයට 4 ක් ද භෞතික පුගතිය සියයට 19 ක් ද පමණක් විය.

6.6 පුසම්පාදන කිුයාවලියේ අඩුපාඩු

අයිසීටීඒ ආයතනය විසින් කුියාත්මක කර තිබූ වාහපෘතීන් පුසම්පාදන කුියාවලිය හරහා සිදුකර තිබුණි. නමුත් වාහපෘති කුියාත්මකවීම පුමාදවීම සඳහා මෙන්ම වාහපෘති අසාර්ථක වීමටද පුසම්පාදන කුියාවලියේ දුර්වලතා හේතු වී තිබුණි. ඒ අනුව විගණනය විසින් සිදු කරන ලද නියැදි පරීක්ෂාවට අනුව පුසම්පාදන මාර්ගෝපදේශ සංගුහයට අනුකූල නොවන ලෙස කටයුතු කල අවස්ථා පහත පරිදි නිරීක්ෂණය විය.

- 6.6.1 ආයතනය විසින් 2016-2018 කාල පරිච්ඡේදය සඳහා පුධාන පුසම්පාදන සැලැස්මක් පමණක් පිළියෙල කර තිබුණ අතර පුසම්පාදන මාර්ගෝපදේශ සංගුහයේ $4.2.1(\mathfrak{p}_{\ell})$ අනුව 2016 සහ 2017 වර්ෂයන් සඳහා විස්තරාත්මක පුසම්පාදන සැලැස්මක් පිළියෙල කර නොතිබුණි.
- 6.6.2 පරීක්ෂා කරන ලද පුසම්පාදනයන් අතරින් කිසිඳු පුසම්පාදනයක් සකස් කරන ලද පුසම්පාදන කාලසටහනට අනුව අවසන් කර නොතිබුණි.
- 6.6.3 පුසම්පාදන අත්පොතෙහි 2.8.4 වගන්තිය අනුව වියාපෘති පුසම්පාදන කමිටුව සඳහා වන තාක්ෂණික ඇගයීම් කමිටු සඳහා අවම වශයෙන් එක් සාමාජිකයෙක්, රේඛීය අමාතාහාංශයෙන් හෝ පුසම්පාදන අස්ථිත්වයෙන් බාහිර, පුසම්පාදන විෂය සම්බන්ධයෙන් දැනුමක් ඇති අයෙකු තෝරා පත්කර ගත යුතුව පැවතියද එසේ නොකරන ලද අවස්ථා විය.

උදා : ICTA/MT/G7/NCB/268 පුද්ගලික පරිගණක, ලැප්ටොප් සහ උපාංග සැපයීම,

භාරදීම සහ ස්ථාපනය කිරීමේ පුසම්පාදනය

ICTA/MT/G28/MCB/301 පුද්ගලික පරිගණක 120 ක් සහ උපාංග සැපයීම,

භාරදීම සහ ස්ථාපනය කිරීමේ පුසම්පාදනය

ICTA/MT/G1/MCB/223 පුද්ගලික පරිගණක 400 ක් සැපයීම, භාරදීම සහ

ස්ථාපනය කිරීමේ පුසම්පාදනය

6.6.4 පුසම්පාදන අත්පොතෙහි 2.4 වගන්තිය අනුව එක් එක් වාහපෘතියෙහි මුළු පිරිවැය ඇස්තමේන්තු අනුව පුසම්පාදන කමිටුව තීරණය කල යුතු වූවද ආයතනය විසින් වාහපෘතීන් යටතේ වන වෙන් කරන ලද පුසම්පාදනයන්හි පිරිවැය ඇස්තමේන්තු මත පුසම්පාදන කමිටු තීරණය කර තිබුණි.

6.6.5 ඇස්තමේන්තු සකස් කිරීම

6.6.5.1 පුසම්පාදන මාර්ගෝපදේශ සංගුහයෙහි 4.3.3 වගන්තිය අනුව ආරම්භක මුළු පිරිවැය ඇස්තමේන්තුව පිළියෙල කිරීමෙන් පසු ලංසු කැඳවීම සඳහා සැහෙන කාලයක් ගතවුවහොත්, උද්ධමනය සහ වෙනත් කරුණු සැලකිල්ලට ගෙන මුළු පිරිවැය ඇස්තමේන්තුව යාවත්කාලීන කර අදාල අධිකාරිය විසින් අනුමත කරනු ලැබිය යුතු වුවද පහත සඳහන් පුසම්පාදනයන්හි පිරිවැය ඇස්තමේන්තු සැලකිය යුතු ලෙස ඉක්මවා තිබුණද ඇස්තමේන්තු පුතිශෝධනය කර නොතිබුණි.

පුසම්පාදන යොමුව	ඇස්තමේන්තුගත	සතා	පිරිවැය	ඉක්මවීම
	පිරිවැය	පිරිවැය	ඉක්මවීම	පුතිශත
	රු.	රු.	ර ැ.	%
ICTA/MT/G7/NCB/268	32,300,000	43,545,000	11,245,000	35
ICTA/MT/G28/NCB/301	7,500,000	10,144,800	2,644,800	35

- 6.6.5.2 එසේම අංක ICTA/GOSL/GOODS/NCB/2016/55 දරන පුසම්පාදනයෙහි මූලික පිරිවැය ඇස්තමේන්තුව රු. මිලියන 05 ක් වූ අතර නිසි අනුමැතියකින් තොරව එය රු. මිලියන 15 දක්වා සියයට 200 කින් පුතිශෝධනය කර තිබුණි. එසේ වුවද කොන්තුාත්තුව රු. මිලියන 10.8 කට පුදානය කර තිබුණි.
- 6.6.5.3 අංක ICTA/GOSL/GOODS/2016/46 දරන පුසම්පාදනයෙහි ඇස්තමේන්තුගත පිරිවැය රු. මිලියන 20 ක් වූ අතර ඊට සාපේක්ෂව ලංසුකරුවන්ගේ මිල ගණන්හි සෘණ සියයට 22 සිට

593 දක්වා විශාල වශයෙන් විචලතා නිරීක්ෂණය විය. (ඇමුණුම 25) මෙහිදී අවම මිලක් සහිත සාරනූකූලව (Substantially) පුතිචාර දක්වා ඇති ලංසුව වන රු. මිලියන 7.1 තෝරාගෙන තිබුණි. පුසම්පාදන මාර්ගෝපදේශ සංගුහයෙහි 7.9.11 (අ) වගන්තිය අනුව අතාත්වික අඩු අනුපුමාණයන් සඳහා අනුපුමාණ විශේල්ෂණයක්ද අයිසීටීඒ ආයතනය විසින් ලබාගෙන නොතිබුණි.

6.6.6 කාර්ය සාධන සුරක්ෂණය ලබාගැනීම

- 6.6.6.1 අංක ICTA/GOSL/GOODS/NCB/2016/46 දරන පුසම්පාදනයෙහි කොන්තුාත් ගිවිසුමෙහි CC 17.1 වගන්තිය හා මාර්ගෝපදේශ සංගුහයෙහි 5.4.8 සහ 5.4.10 අනුව ඉදිරිපත් කලයුතු සියයට 10 ක කාර්ය සාධන සුරක්ෂණය අයිසීටීඒ ආයතනය විසින් ලබාගෙන නොතිබුණි.
- 6.6.6.2 තෝරාගත් නියැදි පරීක්ෂාවට අනුව පුසම්පාදනයන් හා ලංසු ලේඛනවල සඳහන් නියමිත දිනට කාර්ය සාධන සුරක්ෂණ ඉදිරිපත් කර නොතිබුණ අවස්ථා 07 ක් විය. (ඇමුණුම 26)
- 6.6.7 2016 ජනවාරි 20 දින ජාතිත අයවැය දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව වෙත ඉදිරිපත් කරන ලද පුධාන පුසම්පාදන සැලැස්මට අනුව 2016 වර්ෂය සඳහා පුසම්පාදන අයිතමයන් 351 ක් කියාත්මක කිරීමට සැලසුම් කර තිබුණි. එය 2016 දෙසැම්බර් 02 දින අයිතම 384 ක් දක්වා සංශෝධනය කර තිබුණ අතර 2016 දෙසැම්බර් 31 දින වනවිට එයින් පුසම්පාදනයන් 152 ක් එනම් සියයට 40 ක් පමණක් ආරම්භ කර තිබුණි.
- 6.6.8 ඒකාබද්ධ පුවාහන පත් කුමය හඳුන්වා දීම සදහා ශකානා කියාත්මක කිරීමේ පුවේශය පිළිබඳ අධානය කිරීමේ ව්යාපෘතියේ උපදේශන සේවාව ලබාගැනීම පුසම්පාදනයෙහි යෝජනා වලංගු කාලය 2017 අගෝස්තු 28 දිනෙන් අවසන් වී තිබුණද, යෝජන වලංගු කාලය අවසන් වීමට පෙර පුසම්පාදනය පිරිනැමීමට කටයුතු කර නොතිබුණි.
- 6.6.9 ජාතික බුද්ධිමය දේපළ කාර්යාලය මගින් සිදු කරනු ලබන e-NIPO ව්යාපෘතියට අදාල එක් පුසම්පාදනයක් සිදුකර දීමට අයිසීටීඒ ආයතනය එම ආයතනය සමඟ 2016 දෙසැම්බර් 30 දින අවබෝධතා ගිවිසුමකට එළඹ තිබුණ අතර (ඇමුණුම 27) ඒ සඳහා රු. මිලියන 32.5 ක් එම ආයතනයෙන් අත්තිකාරම ලෙස ලබාගෙන තිබුණි. ගිවිසුම පුකාරව 2017 ජූනි 30 දින වන විට එය අවසන් කිරීමට නියමිතව තිබුණද 2018 මාර්තු 05 දක්වා පුසම්පාදනය පුදානය කර නොතිබුණි.

6.7 වගකීම්වලට බැඳීම

6.7.1 අයිසීටීඒ ආයතනය විසින් දරනු ලබන වියදම් සම්බන්ධයෙන් පුමාණවත් පාලනයක් විදුලි සංදේශ හා ඩිජිටල් යටිතල පහසුකම් අමාතාහංශය සතුව නොතිබුණි. ඒ අනුව 2010 වර්ෂයේ සිට ආයතනය විසින් විධිමත් අනුමැතියකින් තොරව වගකීම්වලට බැඳීම් ඇතිකරගෙන තිබුණ අවස්ථා පහත පරිදි විය.

වර්ෂය	වගකීම
	රු.
2010	65,720,524
2011	53,799,303
2012	101,970,390
2013	884,072
2014	257,319
2015	328,955,670
එකතුව	551,587,278

6.7.2 ලංකා රාජා ජාලය (LGN) වාහපෘතිය සඳහා 2013, 2014 හා 2015 වර්ෂවලදී පිළිවෙලින් රු. මිලියන 145.7, රු. මිලියන 200 ක් හා රු. මිලියන 50 ක් වශයෙන් එකතුව රු. මිලියන 395.7 ක් වියදම් කර තිබුණි. එසේ වුවද 2015 දෙසැම්බර් 31 දිනට ශුී ලංකා ටෙලිකොම් සමාගමට 2011 වර්ෂයේ සිට නිරවුල් නොවූ බිල්පත්වල වටිනාකම රු. 255,632,822 ක් විය. ශුී ලංකා ටෙලිකොම් ආයතනයට පැවැති බැරකම් නිරවුල් කිරීම සඳහා 2016 අගෝස්තු 09 දිනැති අමාතා මණ්ඩල අනුමැතියට අනුව (ඇමුණුම 28) රු. 226,408,429 ක මුදල් පුතිපාදන ලබාදී තිබුණි. නමුත් පුතිපාදිත මුදලින් රු. 29,364,694 ක් ආයතනයේ නිලධාරීන්ගේ වැටුප් ගෙවීම සඳහාද රු. 24,977,333 ක මුදලක් නිශ්චිතව හඳුනාගත නොහැකි වියදම් සඳහාද යොදාගෙන තිබුණ බව අනාවරණය විය.

7. නිර්දේශ

7.1 2003 අංක 27 දරන තොරතුරු සහ සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ පනතේ 06 (2) වගන්තිය පුකාරව අයිසීටීඒ ආයතනයේ කාර්යභාරය නිසිපරිදි ඉටුකිරීමට කටයුතු කිරීම හා ආයතනයේ දිගුකාලීන දැක්ම සඳහා සංයුත්ත සැලැස්මක් හා වාාාපාර සැලැස්මක් පිළියෙල කිරීමට කටයුතු කිරීම. යොමුව 6.1.3, 6.1.5, 6.1.6

- 7.2 2003 ජූලි මස 16 දිනැති අංක අමප/03/0884/134/027 දරන අමාතා මණ්ඩල තීරණය වර්තමානයට සුදුසු වන පරිදි යාවත්කාලීන කිරීමට කටයුතු කිරීම. යොමුව 6.1.1
- 7.3 2003 ජුනි 02 දිනැති රාජා වාාපාර චකුලේඛ අංක 12 හි 09 වන පරිච්ඡේදයෙහි විධිවිධාන මත කාර්ය මණ්ඩල කළමනාකරණය සිදුකිරීම හා 6.5.1 වගන්තිය අනුව නියමිත දිනට මූලා පුකාශන ඉදිරිපත් කිරීම.

මයාමුව 6.1.2, 6.2.1, 6.4.3

7.4 2007 අංක 07 දරන සමාගම් පනතේ 133(1) වගන්තිය අනුව වාර්ෂික මහාසභා රැස්වීම් පැවැත්වීම.

යොමුව 6.2.2

7.5 පාග්ධන සහ වර්තන වියදම් සඳහා වෙන වෙනම පුතිපාදන වෙන්කිරීම.

යොමුව 6.2.3, 6.2.4

7.6 වෙළඳපල අගයන් මත පදනම්ව පිරිවැය ඇස්තමේන්තු සැකසීම සහ විචලතා අවම කිරීමට කටයුතු කිරීම හා වාහපෘතීන් කි්යාත්මක කිරීමට පුථම ශකහතා අධානයන් සිදුකර පිරිවැය පුතිලාභ විශ්ලේෂණය කිරීම මගින් වාහපෘති සැලසුම් කිරීමට කටයුතු කිරීම.

මයාමුව 6.3.1, 6.3.2, 6.4.1, 6.4.2, 6.4.5, 6.4.6.1, 6.5.2.3(ii) (iii), 6.5.2.4(iii) (iv)

7.7 විදුලි සංදේශ හා ඩිජිටල් යටිතල පහසුකම් අමාතාහංශයේ සෘජු අධීක්ෂණයට යටත්ව රජයේ නීති, රීති හා රෙගුලාසිවලට අනුකූලව පරිපාලන හා මූලා කටයුතු සිදු කිරීම.

යොමුව 6.3.3, 6.7.1, 6.7.2

7.8 විශාල වහාපෘති සංඛ්‍යාවක් එකවර සැලසුම් කිරීම වෙනුවට පුමුඛතා ලැයිස්තුවක් මත වහාපෘතීන් කි්යාත්මක කිරීම හා ආයතනයට ලභාකරගත හැකි කි්යාකාරී සැලැස්මක් පිළියෙල කිරීම හා කාර්යසාධනය ඉහළ නංවා ගැනීමට කටයුතු කිරීම.

මයාමුව 6.4.1, 6.4.2, 6.5.1, 6.5.2.1, 6.5.2.2, 6.5.2.3, 6.5.2.4

7.9 රජයේ පුසම්පාදන මාර්ගෝපදේශ සංගුහයෙහි හා පුසම්පාදන අත්පොතෙහි විධිවිධාන අනුගමනය කිරීම.

මයාමුව 6.4.6.1, 6.4.6.3, 6.6.1, 6.6.2, 6.6.3, 6.6.4, 6.6.5.1, 6.6.5.2, 6.6.5.3, 6.6.6.1, 6.6.6.2, 6.6.7, 6.6.8, 6.6.9,

7.10 වාහපෘති අඛණ්ඩ මෙහෙයවීම හා ඇගයීම් සිදු කිරීම.

මෙව 6.5.2.1(i), 6.5.2.2(i),6.5.2.3(i), 6.5.2.4 (i) (iii)

7.11 ලංකා රාජා ජාලයෙහි යටිතල පහසුකම් සංවර්ධනය හා එම යටිතල පහසුකම් උපයෝජනයට ගතහැකි පරිදි ධාරිතාවය වැඩිකර ඉ- සේවා සංවර්ධනය කිරීමට කටයුතු කිරීම.

ෙයාමුව 6.5.2.1(ii) (iii) (v)

7.12 රජයේ නිලධාරීන් සඳහා අඛණ්ඩ පුහුණුවීම් ලබාදීම, ඉ- සේවා වාාපෘතීන් පිලිබඳව ජනතාව දැනුවත් කිරීම සහ භාවිතය සඳහා උනන්දු කිරීම, රාජාා ආයතනයන්හි අවශානා නිවැරදිව හදුනා ගැනීම සහ සියළුම සම්බන්ධිත පාර්ශවයන් දැනුවත් කිරීමට කටයුතු කිරීම.

ෙයාමුව 6.4.7, 6.5.2.1(ii) (iii),

7.13 වාහාපෘතීන් ද්වීකරණය වීම වැලැක්වීම සඳහා පියවර ගැනීම.

යොමුව 6.4.6.2

7.14 විදේශාධාර යටතේ ලැබෙන අරමුදල් සහ ඒකාබද්ධ අරමුදලින් වාහපෘතීන් සඳහා ලැබෙන අරමුදල් එම අරමුණු සඳහා පමණක් යෙදවීමට කටයුතු කිරීම.

මයාමුව 6.4.4.1, 6.4.4.2, 6.4.4.3, 6.4.4.4, 6.7.2

7.15 පුතිපාදන නොමැතිව බැරකම්වලට බැඳීම් ඇතිකර නොගැනීමට කටයුතු කිරීම

යොමුව 6.7.1

08. නිගමන

- 8.1 රාජා අංශයේ තොරතුරු තාක්ෂණ ව්යාපෘති සඳහා 2010 2016 කාලය තුලදී වියදම් කරන ලද රු. බිලියන 5.8 ක මුදලට සාපේක්ෂව රාජා අංශය ඩිජිටල්කරණය නොවීමට හා රාජාය අංශයතනයන්හි ක්රියාත්මක කරන ලද තොරතුරු තාක්ෂණ ව්යාපෘතීන් අසාර්ථක වීමට විශේෂයෙන් අයිසිටීඒ ආයතනයේ අකාර්යක්ෂමතාවය, පරිපාලනයේ දුර්වලතා, සෘජු අධීක්ෂණයන් නොකිරීම සහ පසු විපරම් නොකිරීම් හේතුවී ඇති බව නිගමනය කරමි.
- 8.2 අයිසිටීඒ ආයතනයට ලබාදී ඇති ස්වාධීනත්වය යාවත්කාලීන නොකිරීම හේතුවෙන් විදුලි සංදේශ හා ඩිජිටල් යටිතල පහසුකම් අමාතාහංශයේ සෘජු අධික්ෂණයට ලක් නොවීමට හා ආයතනයේ කි්යාකාරකම් පිළිබඳ රජයේ නීතිරීති රෙගුලාසිවලට අනුගතව නොවීමට හේතු වී ඇති බව නිගමනය කරමි.
- 8.3 අයිසීටීඒ ආයතනය විසින් කුියාත්මක කරන ලද එහෙත් අසාර්ථක වීම මත නවතා දමන ලද වාහාපෘති වෙනුවෙන් දරන ලද රු. මිලියන 281.1 ක් සම්බන්ධයෙන් අදාල නිලධාරීන් වගකිව යුතු බව නිගමනය කරමි.
- 8.4 රාජා අංශය ඩිජිටල්කරණය සාර්ථක කරගැනීම සඳහා අයිසිටීඒ ආයතනය පුතිවාූුහගත කළ යුතු බව නිගමනය කරමි.
- 8.5 2003 වර්ෂයේ සිට කිුියාත්මක කරන ලද තොරතුරු තාක්ෂණ ව්‍යාපෘතීන් සම්බන්ධයෙන් විස්තරාත්මක තොරතුරු ලබාගත නොහැකි බැවින් එම ව්‍යාපෘතීන්හි ඵලදායිතාවය ඇගයීම සඳහා විශේෂ පරීක්ෂණයක් සිදුකල යුතු බව නිගමනය කරමි.

එච්.එම්.ගාමිණී විජේසිංහ

විගණකාධිපති

2018 මැයි *09* දින

பொதுச் சேவையை டிஜிற்றல் மயப்படுத்தல் தொடர்பாக வரையறுக்கப்பட்ட இலங்கை தகவல் மற்றும் தொடர்பாடல் தொழில்நுட்ப முகவராண்மையின் (தனியார்) வகிபங்கு தொடர்பான கணக்காய்வாளர் தலைமை அதிபதியின் விசேட அறிக்கை

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	நிறைவேற்றல் பொழிப்பு அறிக்கையின் பின்னணி மற்றும் தன்மை பின்பற்றப்பட்ட நடைமுறைகள் 2.1 பதிவேடுகள், ஏடுகள் மற்றும் அறிக்கைகள் மீதான பரிசோதனை 2.2 வினாப்பட்டியலொன்றை வழங்குதல் நோக்கெல்லை நோக்கெல்லையின் வரையறைகள் செயன்முறையின் அறிமுகம் அவதானிப்புக்கள் 6.1 நிறுவகத்தின் தொழிற்பாடு 6.2 நல்லாளுகையும் கணக்களிப்பொறுப்பும் 6.3 திட்டமிடலிலுள்ள பலவீனங்கள் 6.4 செயற்திட்டங்களை நிறைவேற்றுவதன் செயலாற்றல் 6.5 செயற்திட்டங்கள் வெற்றியளிக்காமை 6.6 பெறுகை செயன்முறையின் குறைபாடுகள் 6.7 கடப்பாடுகளை ஏற்படுத்துதல் பரிந்துரைகள் முடிவுரை பின்னிணைப்பு 01 பின்னிணைப்பு 03 பின்னிணைப்பு 04 பின்னிணைப்பு 05 பின்னிணைப்பு 06 பின்னிணைப்பு 07 பின்னிணைப்பு 07 பின்னிணைப்பு 07 பின்னிணைப்பு 08 பின்னிணைப்பு 09 பின்னிணைப்பு 09 பின்னிணைப்பு 10 பின்னிணைப்பு 11 பின்னிணைப்பு 12 பின்னிணைப்பு 12

பின்னிணைப்பு 17	229-237
பின்னிணைப்பு 18	239
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பின்னிணைப்பு 21	245-247
பின்னிணைப்பு 22	249
பின்னிணைப்பு 23	251-252
பின்னிணைப்பு 24	253
பின்னிணைப்பு 25	255
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பின்னிணைப்பு 27	259-273
பின்னிணைப்பு 28	275-276

பொதுச் சேவையை டிஜிற்றல் மயப்படுத்தல் தொடர்பாக வரையறுக்கப்பட்ட இலங்கை தகவல் மற்றும் தொடர்பாடல் தொழில்நுட்ப முகவராண்மையின் (தனியார்) வகிபங்கு தொடர்பான கணக்காய்வாளர் தலைமை அதிபதியின் விசேட அறிக்கை

நிறைவேற்றல் பொழிப்பு

கொடர்பாடல் கொழில்நுட்ப தந்திரோபாயங்கள<u>ை</u> தகவல் திட்டமிட்டு அமுல்ப்படுத்துவதற்காக நிறுவகரீதியான கட்டமைப்பை ஸ்தாபிப்பதற்கான கேவைப்பாடு தகவல் தொடர்பாடல் தொழில்நுட்பத்தை பயன்படுத்துவதனூடாக சமுக அபிவிருத்தியை முன்னேற்றும் நோக்கத்தின் கீழ் ஐசீரீ அபிவிருத்தி வீதி

பொருளாதார வரைபடம் (Roadmap) மற்றும் இலத்திரனியல்-இலங்கை எண்ணக்கருவின் வெளியீட்டுடன் அதற்கிணங்க, 2003 ஏப்ரல் 09 திகதிய 03/060/134/022 ஆம் கோன்றியிருந்தது. ஆம் இலக்க அமைச்சரவைத் தீர்மானம் மற்றும் 2003 இன் 27 ஆம் இலக்க தகவல் மற்றும் தொடர்பாடல் தொழில்நுட்ப அதிகாரச்சட்டம் என்பவற்றின் பிரகாரம் அரசாங்கத்தால் முழுமையாக உரித்தாக்கப்பட்ட தனியார் கம்பனியொன்றாக 2003 மே 12 இல் 1982 இன் அதிகாரச்சட்டத்தின் இலக்க கம்பனிகள் கீழ் இலங்கை தகவல் மற்றும் தொடர்பாடல் தொழில்நுட்ப முகவராண்மை (ஐசீரீஏ) ஸ்தாபிக்கப்பட்டிருந்தது. இலங்கையில் பொருளாதார அபிவிருத்தி நிகழ்ச்சித்திட்டங்களை வெற்றிகரமாக அமுல்ப்படுத்தும் நோக்கில் தொடர்பாடல் தொழில்நுட்பத்தை தகவல் பயன்படுத்தும் செயன்முறையை வழிநடத்தும் பிரதான பொறுப்பு ஐசீரீஏ இற்கு வழங்கப்பட்டுள்ளது. ஐசீரீ தொடர்பான அரசாங்கத்தின் கொள்கை மற்றும் செயல்நடவடிக்கைத் திட்டத்தை அமுல்ப்படுத்துவதற்குத் தேவையான அனைத்து அளவீடுகளையும் எடுப்பதற்கு 2003 இன் 27 ஆம் இலக்க தகவல் மற்றும் தொடர்பால் தொழில்நுட்ப அதிகாரச்சட்டத்தின் பிரகாரம் ஐசீரீஏ இற்கு அதிகாரமளிக்கப்பட்டுள்ளது.

2004 – 2014 காலப்பகுதியின் போது, உலக வங்கி மற்றும் ஏனைய வெளிநாட்டு உதவி மற்றும் அரசாங்க நிதிகளுடன் அவற்றின் கீழ் இனங்காணப்பட்ட 06 பிரதான பகுதிகள் தொடர்பில் இலத்திரனியல்-இலங்கை அபிவிருத்தி நிகழ்ச்சித்திட்டத்தின் கீழ் செயற்திட்டங்களை ஐசீரீஏ அமுல்ப்படுத்தியிருந்த அதேநேரம் செயற்திட்டங்கள் 2015 ஆம் ஆண்டிலிருந்து திரட்டிய நிதிகள் மீது முழுமையாக அமுல்ப்படுத்தப்பட்டுக் கொண்டிருந்தன.

ஐசீரீ அபிவிருத்தி நிகழ்ச்சித்திட்டங்களின் முக்கிய கூறொன்றாக அரசாங்க துறையை மீளக்கட்டமைத்தல் இனங்காணப்பட்டிருந்தது. இது தொடர்பில் ஐசீரீஏ இன் விடாமுயற்சியை எச்சரிக்கும் போது இலத்திரனியல்-அரசாங்க சுட்டெண்ணிற்கிணங்க (e-Government Index) 192 நாடுகளிற்கிடையில் 2012 ஆம் ஆண்டில் 115 ஆம் நிலையிலிருந்த இலங்கை 41 நிலைகளால் உயர்வடைந்து 74 ஆவது நிலையில் பாதுகாப்பாகவிருந்த போதிலும் 2016 ஆம் ஆண்டில் 79 ஆவது நிலைக்கு வீழ்ச்சியடைந்திருந்தது.

நிறுவகத்தின் நிதிக்கூற்றுக்களின் பிரகாரம் 2010 — 2016 இன் போது அவற்றின் மீது ஏற்பட்ட மொத்தச் செலவினம் ரூபா 5,799.9 மில்லியன் தொகையாகும். எவ்வாறாயினும், மேற்கொள்ளப்பட்ட அவதானிப்புக்களின் பிரகாரம், பொதுச் சேவையை டிஜிற்றல் மயப்படுத்தல் தொடர்பில் ஐசீரீஏ இன் பொறுப்புக்கள் முறையாக கையாளப்பட்டிருக்கவில்லை என முடிவுசெய்யப்பட்டிருந்தது.

1. அறிக்கையின் பின்னணி மற்றும் தன்மை

கணக்காய்வாளர் தலைமை அதிபதியின் பரிசோதனைக்குட்பட்டிருக்காத இந்த நிறுவகத்தின் தொழிற்பாடு 2014 ஆம் ஆண்டு வரை பயனுள்ளதாக இருந்த அரச துறையின் தகவல் தொழில்நுட்ப செயற்திட்டங்களில் 12 ஆண்டுகளிற்கு மேலான காலப்பகுதி முழுவதும் பாரியளவில் முதலிட்டு அரச துறையை மீளக்கட்டமைக்கும் நோக்கில் முயற்சி மேற்கொள்ளப்பட்டிருந்ததா என்பது மிக முக்கியமானதாக இருந்த போதிலும் அரசியலமைப்பின் 19 ஆவது திருத்தத்தின் 36(1) ஆம் உறுப்புரையின் பிரகாரம் 2015 ஆம் ஆண்டிலிருந்து செயற்படும் வகையில் ஐசீரீஏ மீதான கணக்காய்வுகளை மேற்கொள்வதற்கு அதிகாரமளிக்கப்பட்டுள்ளதுடன் அதன் மீது அவதானிக்கப்பட்ட விடயங்களை அறிக்கையிடுவதற்காக இந்த அறிக்கை வழங்கப்பட்டுள்ளது.

2. பின்பற்றப்பட்ட நடைமுறைகள்

கீழே குறிப்பிடப்பட்ட நடைமுறைகளை பின்பற்றி இந்த அறிக்கை தயாரிக்கப்பட்டிருந்தது.

2.1 பதிவேடுகள், ஏடுகள் மற்றும் அறிக்கைகள் மீதான பரிசோதனை

- 2.1.1 2003 இன் 27 ஆம் இலக்க தகவல் மற்றும் தொடர்பாடல் தொழில்நுட்ப அதிகாரச்சட்டம் மற்றும் 2008 இன் 33 ஆம் இலக்க தகவல் மற்றும் தொடர்பாடல் தொழில்நுட்ப திருத்த அதிகாரச்சட்டம்.
- 2.1.2 அமைச்சரவை மறுசீரமைப்புக்கள் மற்றும் அமைச்சரவைத் தீர்மானங்கள்
- 2.1.3 அமைப்பு அகவிதிகள் மற்றும் அமைப்புப் புறவிதிகள்
- 2.1.4 ஆண்டறிக்கைகள் மற்றும் நிதிக்கூற்றுக்கள்
- 2.1.5 செயல்நடவடிக்கைத் திட்டங்கள் மற்றும் பெறுகைத் திட்டங்கள்
- 2.1.6 செயலாற்றல் அறிக்கைகள்
- 2.1.7 கணக்காய்வு முகாமைத்துவக் குழுவின் அறிக்கைகள்

- 2.1.8 உள்ளக அமைச்சுக் குழுக்களின் அறிக்கைகள்
- 2.1.9 பெறுகைக் கோவைகள்
- 2.1.10 தேசிய திட்டமிடல் திணைக்களத்தின் அறிக்கைகள்
- 2.1.11 செயற்திட்ட மதிப்பாய்வு அறிக்கைகள்

2.2 வினாப்பட்டியலொன்றை வழங்குதல்

தெரிவுசெய்யப்பட்ட சில அரச நிறுவகங்களிற்கு வினாப்பட்டியலொன்றை வழங்குவதன் மூலம் தகவல்களை சேகரித்தல்.

3. நோக்கெல்லை

தனியார் போன்று வெவ்வேறு துறை அரசாங்க நிறுவகங்கள் தகவல் தொழில்நுட்பத்தை முன்னேற்றுவதன் ஊடாக அரசாங்க துறையை டிஜிற்றல் மயப்படுத்தும் செயன்முறைக்கு பங்களித்திருந்தது. அதில், மற்றும் தகவல் தொடர்பாடல் தொழில்நுட்பம் மீதான தேசிய கொள்கையை உருவாக்கி அமுல்ப்படுத்துவதற்கான பிரதான பொறுப்பினையுடைய ஐசீரீஏ ஆல் ஆற்றப்பட்ட தொழிற்பாடுகளிலிருந்து மாத்திரம் அரசாங்க துறையை மீளக்கட்டமைக்கும் வேலை பரீட்சிக்கப்பட்டிருந்தது.

4. நோக்கெல்லையின் வரையறைகள்

இந்த அறிக்கையின் தயாரிப்பில் எனது நோக்கெல்லை பின்வரும் வரையறைகளிற்குட்பட்டிருந்தமை வலியுறுத்தப்பட்டிருந்தது.

- 4.1 2003 2014 இன் போது அமுல்ப்படுத்தப்பட்ட செயற்திட்டங்கள் மீது ஏற்பட்ட கிரயங்கள் தொடர்பான தகவல்கள் கணக்காய்விற்குக் கிடைக்கப்பெற்றிருக்கவில்லை.
- 4.2 2003 2014 காலப்பகுதிக்குரிய நிறுவகத்திற்கான செயல்நடவடிக்கைத் திட்டமொன்றை தயாரித்து அதற்கிணங்க அதனுடன் வருடாந்தம் செயலாற்றலை மதிப்பீடு செய்யத் தவறியமை காரணமாக ஒவ்வொரு ஆண்டிற்கும் செயலாற்றல் இலக்குகளை அடைவதிலுள்ள வெற்றியளித்தல் தன்மையை சரியாக இனங்கண்டு ஒப்பீடு செய்வதற்கு இது சாத்தியமற்றிருந்தது.

5. செயன்முறையின் அறிமுகம்

2003 இன் 27 ஆம் இலக்க தகவல் மற்றும் தொடர்பாடல் தொழில்நுட்ப அதிகாரச்சட்டத்தின் 01 ஆம் பிரிவின் பிரகாரம் ஐசீரீஏ 05 ஆண்டு காலப்பகுதிக்கு செயற்படுவதற்காக மாத்திரம் ஸ்தாபிக்கப்பட்டிருந்தது. (பின்னிணைப்பு 01)

மீது ஆரம்பத்தில் வெளிநாட்டுக் கடன்கள் செயற்திட்டங்கள் முழுமையாக அமுல்ப்படுத்தப்பட்டிருந்த சூழ்நிலையில் 2003 16 திகதிய யூலை ஆம் சீஎம்பி/03/0884/134/027 ஆம் இலக்க அமைச்சரவைத் தீர்மானத்தினூடாக நிதி தன்னாட்சியுரிமை மற்றும் நிர்வாக நிறுவகத்திற்கு வழங்கப்பட்டிருந்தது. (பின்னிணைப்பு 02) நிறுவகத்திற்கான தொழிற்பாட்டிற்கு 2003 இன் 27 ஆம் இலக்க தகவல் மற்றும் தொடர்பாடல் தொழில்நுட்ப அதிகாரச்சட்டத்தினூடாக வழங்கப்பட்ட 05 காலப்பகுதியின் பின்னர் 2008 செப்தெம்பர் இல் ஆண்டு 80 காலம் கடந்திருந்தது. 2008 செப்தெம்பர் 26 இலிருந்து செயற்படும் வகையில் நிறுவகத்தின் தொழிற்பாடுகளை தொடர்வதற்கு 2008 இன் 33 ஆம் இலக்க தகவல் மற்றும் தொடர்பாடல் தொழில்நுட்ப அதிகாரச்சட்டத்தினூடாக மேலும் திருத்த இது அங்கீகரிக்கப்பட்டிருந்தது. (பின்னிணைப்பு 03)

2003 இன் 27 ஆம் இலக்க மற்றும் தொடர்பாடல் தொழில்நுட்ப தகவல் அதிகாரச்சட்டத்தின் பிரகாரம் ஸ்தாபிக்கப்பட்ட உள்ளக அமைச்சரவைக் குழுவின் அமுல்ப்படுத்தி அதிகாரங்களையும் தொழிற்பாடுகளையும் நிறைவேற்றுவதற்கும் அதன் மூலம் அத்தகைய குழுவிற்கான செயலகமாக செயற்படுவதற்கும் அதற்கான உதவியை ஐசீரீஏ வழங்க வேண்டும். அதிகாரச்சட்டத்தின் 6(2) ஆம் பிரிவின் பிரகாரம் பின்வரும் அதிகாரங்களும் தொழிற்பாடுகளும் ஐசீரீஏ இற்கு வழங்கப்பட வேண்டும்.

- (i) தகவல் மற்றும் தொடர்பாடல் தொழில்நுட்பம் மீதான தேசிய கொள்கைகளை உருவாக்குவதற்குத் தேவையான அனைத்து தகவல்களையும் வழங்குதல் மற்றும் அமைச்சரவை மற்றும் குழுவிற்கு உதவுதல்;
- (ii) தேசிய கொள்கை மற்றும் செயல்நடவடிக்கைத் திட்டத்தில் உள்ளடக்கப்பட வேண்டிய முன்மொழிவுகளை சமா்ப்பித்தல்;
- (iii) உருவாக்கப்பட்டவாறு தேசிய கொள்கை மற்றும் செயல்நடவடிக்கைத் திட்டங்களை அமுல்ப்படுத்த வசதியளிப்பதற்குத் தேவையாகவுள்ள அனைத்து படிமுறைகளையும் மற்றும் அத்தகைய எடுத்தல் அவற்றை காலாீதியாக கண்காணித்து திருத்துதல்;

- (iv) தகவல் மற்றும் தொடர்பாடல் தொழில்நுட்பம் மற்றும் செயல்நடவடிக்கைத் திட்டம் மீதான தேசிய கொள்கைகளை வைத்திருப்பதில் அரச மற்றும் தனியார் துறைகள் இரண்டிலும் அமுல்ப்படுத்துவதற்குத் தேவையாகவுள்ள தந்திரோபாயம் மற்றும் நிகழ்ச்சித்திட்டங்களை அமுல்ப்படுத்துதல்;
- (v) தகவல் தொழில்நுட்பம் மீதான தேசிய கொள்கையை உருவாக்குவதற்குத் தேவையான அனைத்து தகவல்களையும் வழங்குதல்;
- (vi) தேசிய கொள்கையை உருவாக்குதல் மற்றும் திருத்துதல் அல்லது மீளாய்வு செய்தல் தொடர்பாக கருத்திற்கொள்ளும் விடயங்களை இனங்காணுதல்;
- (vii) தேசிய கொள்கை மற்றும் செயல்நடவடிக்கைத் திட்டத்தில் உள்ளடக்கப்படுவதற்குத் தேவையான விடயங்கள் தொடர்பில் முன்மொழிவுகளை சமர்ப்பித்தல்.

அதிகாரச்சட்டத்தின் ஏற்பாடுகளிற்கு மேலதிகமாக இலத்திரனியல்-இலங்கை அபிவிருத்திச் செயற்திட்டத்தின் கீழ் 2013 ஆம் ஆண்டு வரை செயற்திட்டங்களை அமுல்ப்படுத்துவதற்கு தேவையான அதிகாரம் மற்றும் ஏற்பாடுகள் ஐசீரீஏ இற்கு வழங்கப்பட்டிருந்தன.

- (i) இலத்திரனியல்-இலங்கை அபிவிருத்திச் செயற்திட்டம் தொடர்பான வெவ்வேறு நிகழ்ச்சித்திட்டங்களை அமுல்ப்படுத்துவதற்குத் தேவையான உத்தியோகபூர்வ அதிகாரம்.
- இலங்கையில் தகவல் தொடர்பாடல் தொழில்நுட்பத்தின் அபிவிருத்தி மற்றும் இலத்திரனியல்-இலங்கை அபிவிருத்திச் செயற்திட்டத்தின் அமுல்ப்படுத்தலிற்கான சட்ட மற்றும் கொள்கைக் கட்டமைப்பை உருவாக்குவதில் அமைச்சரவைக்கு உதவுவதற்கான அதிகாரம்.
- (iii) காலரீதியாக குறிப்பிடப்பட்ட அரச கொள்கைகள் மற்றும் சட்டக் கட்டமைப்பை திருத்தி அதன் மூலம் அரசாங்கத்தின் அங்கீகாரத்தின் கீழ் மீள உருவாக்குவதற்கான அதிகாரம்.

குறிப்பிடப்பட்ட அதிகாரங்கள் மற்றும் செயற்பாடுகளிற்கிணங்க, பின்வரும் 06 வகைப்படுத்தல்களின் கீழ் தகவல் தொழில்நுட்ப செயற்திட்டங்களை ஐசீரீஏ அமுல்ப்படுத்தியிருந்தது.

- (i) தகவல் தொடர்பாடல் தொழில்நுட்ப கொள்கை, தலைமைத்துவம் மற்றும் நிறுவகரீதியான அபிவிருத்தி.
- (ii) தகவல் தொழில்நுட்ப உட்கட்டமைப்பு.
- (iii) பொதுத் துறையை மீளக்கட்டமைத்தல்.
- (iv) தகவல் தொடர்பாடல் தொழில்நுட்பம் தொடர்பான மனிதவள இயலளவு அபிவிருத்தி.
- (v) தகவல் தொடர்பாடல் தொழில்நுட்பம் மற்றும் தனியார் துறையிலுள்ள முதலீடுகளை ஊக்குவித்தல்.
- (vi) இலத்திரனியல்-சமூகம்.

வெளிநாட்டு உதவி மற்றும் உள்நாட்டு நிதிகளின் கீழ் அமுல்ப்படுத்தப்பட்ட இலத்திரனியல்-இலங்கை செயற்திட்டம் பூர்த்தியடைந்த பின்னர் தகவல் செயற்திட்டங்களிற்காக 2014 தொழில்நுட்ப அண்டிலிருந்து ஆம் இனங்காணப்பட்ட செயற்திட்ட முன்மொழிவுகள் தேசிய திட்டமிடல் திணைக்களத்தின் அங்கீகாரத்தின் மீது செயற்படுத்தப்படுகின்றன.

அரசாங்கத்தால் முழுமையாக உரித்தாக்கப்பட்ட இரண்டு துணைக்கம்பனிகள் 2005 மே 19 ஆம் திகதிய பணிப்பாளர் சபைத் தீர்மானத்திற்கிணங்க கணனி மற்றும் இணையத்தள பாதுகாப்பை வழங்கும் நோக்கத்துடன் 2005 ஆகஸ்ட் 15 வரையறுக்கப்பட்ட இலங்கை சீஈஆர்ரீ இல் (தனியார்) கம்பனி கூட்டிணைக்கப்பட்டிருந்ததுடன் லங்கா அரச வலையமைப்பை அமுல்ப்படுத்தும் நோக்கில் 2011 யூன் 16 ஆம் திகதிய பணிப்பாளர் சபைத் தீர்மானத்திற்கிணங்க 2011 ധ്പതல 18 இல் வரையறுக்கப்பட்ட லங்கா அரசாங்க தகவல் உட்கட்டமைப்பு (தனியார்) கம்பனி கூட்டிணைக்கப்பட்டிருந்தது.

6. அவதானிப்புக்கள்

ஐசீரீஏ இன் தொழிற்பாடு மற்றும் அரச துறையை மீளக்கட்டமைத்தல்/ டிஜிற்றல் மயப்படுத்தல் மீது மேற்கொள்ளப்பட்ட கணக்காய்வுப் பரிசோதனையில் வெளிப்படுத்தப்பட்ட விடயங்கள் பின்வருமாறுள்ளன.

6.1 நிறுவகத்தின் தொழிற்பாடு

6.1.1 ஆரம்பத்தில் உலக வங்கி உதவியின் கீழ் ஐசீரீஏ தொழிற்பட்டிருந்ததால் உலக வங்கியின் தேவைப்பாட்டை பின்பற்றி 2003 யூலை 16 ஆம் திகதிய சீஎம்பி/03/0884/134/027 ஆம் இலக்க அமைச்சரவைத் தீர்மானத்தின் ஊடாக நிதி மற்றும் நிர்வாக அம்சங்கள் கொடர்பில் முமுமையான தன்னாட்சிய<u>ட</u>ன் நிறுவகத்திற்கு வழங்கப்பட்டிருந்தது. எவ்வாறாயினும், தற்போத<u>ு</u> நிறுவகம் முழுமையாக திரட்டிய நிதியத்தில் தங்கியுள்ளதுடன் அமைச்சரவைத் தீர்மானத்தின் பிரகாரம் (மன்னர் நிதி மற்றும் நிர்வாக தன்னாட்சி **கற்போகும்** இருந்த தொடர்கின்றன.

- 6.1.2 2003 யூன் 02 ஆம் திகதிய 12 ஆம் இலக்க பொதுமுயற்சிகள் சுற்றறிக்கையின் 09 ஆம் பிரிவின் ஏற்பாடுகளிற்கு முரணாக (பின்னிணைப்பு 04) நிறுவகத்தின் அனைத்து ஊழியர்களும் மதியுரைஞர்களும் அங்கீகரிக்கப்பட்ட பதவியணி மற்றும் ஆட்சேர்ப்புத்திட்டமொன்றில்லாமல் ஒப்பந்த அடிப்படையில் நியமிக்கப்பட்டிருந்ததுடன் சந்தைப் பெறுமதிகளை அடிப்படையாகக்கொண்டு சம்பளங்கள் செலுத்தப்பட்டிருந்தன. 2016 திசெம்பர் 31 இல் உள்ளவாறு அவ்வாறு நியமனம் செய்யப்பட்ட உத்தியோகத்தர்களின் எண்ணிக்கை 187 ஆக காணப்பட்டது,
- 6.1.3 2003 யூன் 02 ஆம் திகதிய 12 ஆம் இலக்க பொதுமுயற்சிகள் சுற்றறிக்கையின் 5.1 ஆம் பிரிவிற்கிணங்க 2003 ஆம் ஆண்டிலிருந்து ஐசீரீஏ இற்கான கூட்டிணைந்த திட்டம் தயாரிக்கப்பட்டிருக்காததுடன் நிறுவகத்தின் நீண்ட கால தூரநோக்கிற்கு தேவையான தந்திரோபாய திட்டங்கள் தயாரிக்கப்பட்டிருக்கவில்லை.
- 6.1.4 2003 இன் 27 இலக்க மற்றும் தொடர்பாடல் தொழில்நுட்ப ஆம் தகவல் அதிகாரச்சட்டம் மற்றும் 2008 இன் 33 ஆம் இலக்க தகவல் மற்றும் தொடர்பாடல் தொழில்நுட்ப திருத்த அதிகாரச்சட்டம் என்பவற்றிற்கிணங்க அமைக்கப்பட வேண்டிய உள்ளக அமைச்சரவைக் குழு 2015 யூன் 17 ஆம் திகதிய 15/0746/609/015 ஆம் பின்பற்றி இலக்க அமைச்சரவைத் தீர்மானத்தை 12 ஆண்டுகளின் பின்னர் ஸ்தாபிக்கப்பட்டிருந்தது. (பின்னிணைப்பு 05) இதனால் 12 ஆண்டுகளிற்கு மேற்பட்ட காலமாக உள்ளக அமைச்சுக் குழுவின் கண்காணிப்பிற்கு ஐசீரீஏ உட்பட்டிருக்கவில்லை.
- இன் மற்றும் 6.1.5 2003 27 ஆம் இலக்க தகவல் தொடர்பாடல் தொழில்நுட்ப அதிகாரச்சட்டத்தின் 06(2)பிரிவின் பிரகாரம் தொடர்பாடல் ஆம் தகவல் மீதான தேசிய தொழில்நுட்பம் கொள்கையை உருவாக்குவதற்கு ஐசீரீஏ பொறுப்பாக உள்ளது. அதற்கிணங்க, 2010 – 2012 இற்கிடையிலான 03 ஆண்டு காலப்பகுதிக்காக டிஜிற்றல் அரசாங்க கொள்கை முதலாவது அமுல்ப்படுத்துவதற்காக தயாரிக்கப்பட்டிருந்த போதிலும் 2012 ஆம் ஆண்டிலிருந்து கொள்கை நாளதுவரையாக்கப்பட்டிருக்கவில்லை.

- 6.1.6 இலத்திரனியல்-அரசாங்க கொள்கையை திருத்தும் போது பின்வரும் காரணங்களினால் டிஜிற்றல் அரசாங்க கொள்கையை அமுல்ப்படுத்துவதில் அரசாங்க நிறுவகங்களின் செயன்முன்னேற்றம் மிகவும் குறைவாக இருந்ததென ஐசீரீஏ இனங்கண்டிருந்தது.
 - (i) டிஜிற்றல் அரசாங்க கொள்கையின் நோக்கத்தில் தெளிவின்மை.
 - (ii) டிஜிற்றல் அரசாங்க கொள்கையில் குறிப்பிடப்பட்ட கொள்கைத் தேவைப்பாடுகளின் உயர்ந்தளவிலான சிக்கல் தன்மை.
 - (iii) கொள்கைகள் அதிக எண்ணிக்கையான அமுல்ப்படுத்தப்படுவதற்கு காணப்படுதல் மற்றும் அரசாங்க நிறுவகங்களின் முதிர்ச்சித்தன்மையின் வெவ்வேறு நிலைகளிற்கு 29 ஏதுவாக கொள்கை கூற்றுக்களையும் 177 கொள்கை வழிகாட்டிகளையும் அமுல்ப்படுத்துவதற்கான நிறுவகங்களினதும் அனைத்து அரசாங்க தேவைப்பாடு.
 - (iv) கொள்கைகளை அமுல்ப்படுத்துவது தொடர்பான பொறுப்பை சரியாக இனங்காணத் தவறியமை.
 - (v) கொள்கைகளை அமுல்ப்படுத்துவதற்குப் பொறுப்பான பிரதம புத்தாக்க உத்தியோகத்தர்கள் (Chief Innovation Officers) (சீஐஓஎஸ்) விழிப்புணர்வு மற்றும் அதிகாரத்தைக் கொண்டிராமை.

6.2 நல்லாளுகையும் கணக்களிப்பொறுப்பும்

- 6.2.1 2003 யூன் 02 ஆம் திகதிய 12 ஆம் இலக்க பொதுமுயற்சிகள் சுற்றறிக்கையின் 6.5.1 ஆம் பிரிவின் பிரகாரம் நிதிக்கூற்றுக்கள் பெப்ரவரி 28 இற்கு முன்னர் சமர்ப்பிக்கப்பட வேண்டிய போதிலும் 2016 ஆம் ஆண்டிற்கான நிதிக்கூற்றுக்கள் 2018 ஏப்ரல் 10 வரையிலும் ஐசீரீஏ ஆல் கணக்காய்வாளர் தலைமை அதிபதிக்கு சமர்ப்பிக்கப்பட்டிருக்கவில்லை.
- 6.2.2 2007 இன் 07 ஆம் இலக்க கம்பனிகள் அதிகாரச்சட்டத்தின் 133(1) ஆம் வருடாந்த 2007 பிரிவிற்கிணங்க கூட்டப்பட வேண்டிய பொதுக் கூட்டம் ஆம் ஆண்டின் பின்னர் நடைபெற்றிருக்கவில்லை.
- 6.2.3 2014 ஆண்டிலிருந்து ஐசீரீஏ செயற்திட்ட செலவினங்கள் மற்றும் ஆம் இன் மீண்டெழும் செலவினங்களிற்காக வரிசை அமைச்சு விடயத்தில் மூலதன நிதியேற்பாடுகளை மேற்கொண்டிருந்தமை அவதானிக்கப்பட்டது.

6.2.4 மூலதன செலவினமாக 2015 ஆம் ஆண்டில் பெறப்பட்ட ரூபா 479.2 மில்லியன் தொகை அவ்வாண்டு நிதிக்கூற்றுக்களில் வருமானச் செலவினமாக இனங்காணப்பட்டிருந்தது.

6.3 திட்டமிடலிலுள்ள பலவீனங்கள்

- திணைக்களத்திற்கு 6.3.1 இல் தேசிய பாதீட்டுத் சமர்ப்பிக்கப்பட்ட 2016 சனவரி 20 குறிப்பிடப்பட்ட ஆண்டிற்கான செயல்நடவடிக்கைத் திட்டத்தில் உள்ளடக்கப்பட்ட செயற்திட்டங்களின் மதிப்பிடப்பட்ட கிரயம் 9,286.09 மில்லியன் ரூபா தொகையானதுடன் 2016 திசெம்பர் 02 இல் ரூபா 3,255.30 மில்லியன் வரை இது திருத்தப்பட்டிருந்தது.
- 6.3.2 நிறைவேற்றப்பட 65 செயற்திட்டங்கள் 2016 ஆம் ஆண்டில் வேண்டுமென திட்டமிடப்பட்டிருந்த போதிலும் 10 செயற்திட்டங்களை நிறைவேற்றுவதற்காக தேசிய அமுல்ப்படுத்தல் திணைக்களத்தினால் அங்கீகாரம் வழங்கப்பட்டிருக்கவில்லை. (பின்னிணைப்பு 06). செயற்திட்டங்களின் தேவைப்பட்டை குறிப்பாக இனங்காணாமை மற்றும் செயற்திட்டத்தின் பயனாளி நிறுவகங்களுடன் தொடர்புகளை நேரடித் பேணாமை என்பன செயற்திட்டங்களை வெற்றிகரமாக திட்டமிடத் தவறியதை விளைவித்திருந்தமை அவதானிக்கப்பட்டது.
- 6.3.3 2016 ஆம் ஆண்டில் நிறைவேற்றப்பட்ட 55 செயற்திட்டங்களிற்கான நிதியேற்பாடுகளைப் பெறுவதற்குத் தேவையான நடவடிக்கைகளை முகவராண்மை மேற்கொண்டிருக்கவில்லை. இதன் விளைவாக ரூபா 681,036,485 தொகையான ஊடாக மொத்த செயற்திட்டங்களிற்கான செலவினம் குறைநிரப்பு மதிப்பீடுகள் பெறப்பட வேண்டியிருந்தன.

6.4 செயற்திட்டங்களை நிறைவேற்றுவதன் செயலாற்றல்

681 மில்லியன் செலவிட்டு 2016 6.4.1 ருபா ஆண்டில் நிறைவேற்றப்பட்ட ஆம் செயற்திட்டங்களின் பௌதீக செயன்(முன்னேற்றம் பலவீனமான மட்டத்தில் காணப்பட்டது. இலத்திரனியல்-சுவபிமணி (e-swabhimani) என பெயரிடப்பட்ட தேசிய விழா மாத்திரம் செயன்(ழன்னேற்றத்தை விருதுவழங்கல் நூறு சதவீத அடைந்திருந்ததுடன் மிகுதியாகவுள்ள 54 செயற்திட்டங்களில் 07 செயற்திட்டங்கள், செயற்திட்டங்கள் செயற்திட்டங்கள் மற்றும் 20 என்பன முறையே சதவீதம், 31–60 சதவீதம் மற்றும் 0–30 சதவீத பௌதீக செயன்முன்னேற்றத்தை அடைந்திருந்தன. (பின்னிணைப்பு 07)

6.4.2 2016 ஆம் ஆண்டில் நிறைவேற்றப்பட்ட செயற்திட்டங்கள் திட்டமிடப்பட்டவாறு நிறைவேற்றப்படாமைக்கு பின்வரும் காரணங்கள் பங்களித்திருந்தன. (பின்னிணைப்பு 08)

	காரணம்	செயற்திட்டங்களின் எண்ணிக்கை
(i)	செயற்திட்டங்களை ஆரம்பிப்பதற்கான அங்கீகாரத்தை பெறுவதிலுள்ள தாமதம்	07
(ii)	பெறுகை செயன்முறையிலுள்ள தாமதம்	23
(iii)	செயற்திட்ட வழிகாட்டல் குழுக்களை நியமிப்பதிலுள்ள தாமதம்	05
(iv)	செயற்திட்டத்துடன் தொடர்புபட்ட அனைத்து தரப்பினர்களின் ஒத்துழைப்பை பெறுவதிலுள்ள தாமதம் மற்றும் அதற்காக நீண்ட காலம் எடுக்கின்றமை	20
(v)	லங்கா அரசாங்க வலையமைப்பு 2.0 மற்றும் லங்கா அரசாங்க கி எயுட் (Cloud) என் பற்றுற அமுல்ப்படுத்துவதிலுள்ள தாமதம் மற்றும் அதனால் அச் செயற்திட்டங்களில் தங்கியுள்ள தாமதம்	09
(vi)	செயற்திட்டத்தின் நோக்கெல்லையை மாற்றுதல்	03
(vii)	மனித வளங்கள் முகாமைத்துவம் மீதான விடயங்கள்	05
(viii)	தேசிய திட்டமிடல் திணைக்களத்தின் அங்கீகாரத்தை பெறுவதிலுள்ள தாமதம்	12
(ix)	நிதிகள் இல்லாமை	05

6.4.3 பெறப்பட்ட தகவல்களின் பிரகாரம், 2016 ஆம் ஆண்டிற்காக ஏற்பட்ட ரூபா 681 செயற்திட்டங்கள் மில்லியன் தொகையான மீதான மொத்த செலவினம் 210.8 மில்லியன் உத்தியோகத்தர்களிற்குச் செலுத்தப்பட்ட ரூபா தொகையான சம்பளங்கள் மீதான செலவினத்தை உள்ளடக்கியிருந்ததுடன் இது செயற்திட்டங்கள் செலவினத்தின் சதவீதத்தை பிரதிநிதித்துவப்படுத்தியது. மீதான மேலும், உத்தியோகத்தர்களிற்குச் செலுத்தப்பட்ட மொத்த சம்பளங்கள், கூலிகள் மற்றும் படிகளின் தொகையை 2016 ஆம் ஆண்டிற்கான ஐசீரீஏ இன் நிதிக்கூற்றுக்கள் சமா்ப்பிக்கப்படாததன் காரணமாக தெளிவாக இனங்காண முடியாதிருந்தது.

6.4.4 பில் மற்றும் மெலின்டா கேற்ஸ் பவுண்டேஷனிடமிருந்து (Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation) பெறப்பட்ட நிதிகளை பயன்படுத்துதல்

பில் மற்றும் மெலின்டா கேற்ஸ் பவுண்டேஷன் இலங்கையின் கிராமப் பகுதிகளிற்கு கட்டணமில்லாமல் கணனி சேவைகளை வழங்கும் நோக்கில் 2014 ஆம் ஆண்டில் நேசனல (Nenasala) செயற்திட்டத்திற்கு அணுகி கற்றல் விருதை (Access learning award) வழங்கியிருந்ததுடன் அதற்காக ரூபா 130,046,174 நிதியேற்பாட்டை மேற்கொண்டிருந்தது. (பின்னிணைப்பு 09)

- 6.4.4.1 கற்பதற்கு அணுகுவதற்காக 60 சிமாட் சமூக சுற்றுவட்ட மற்றும் உள்ளடக்க அபிவிருத்தியை (SMART Social Circles and Content Development) வலுவூட்டல் 2017 அளவில் பூர்த்திசெய்யப்பட போதிலும் ஆகஸ்ட் 31 வேண்டிய உடன்படிக்கையின் பிரகாரம் இந்நிதிகளில் செயற்திட்டங்களை அமுல்ப்படுத்தும் செயன்(மன்னேற்றம் கிடைக்கப்பெற்ற **தகவல்களின்** பிரகாரம் பலவீனமான மட்டத்தில் காணப்பட்டது. (பின்னிணைப்பு 10)
- 6.4.4.2 உடன்படிக்கை காலப்பகுதி காலாவதியாதல் உடன்படிக்கையை அல்லது தொடர்பாக முடிவுறுத்துதல் பில் மற்றும் மெலின்டா கேற்ஸ் பவுண்டேஷனிற்கு நிதிகள் பயன்படுத்தப்படாத மீளளிக்கப்பட வேண்டுமென உடன்படிக்கையில் போதிலும் குறிப்பிடப்பட்டிருந்த 2017 ஆகஸ்ட் 31 உள்ளவாறு இல் பயன்படுத்தப்படாத ரூபா 115,443,663 தொகை பவுண்டேஷனிற்கு மீளளிக்கப்பட்டிருக்கவில்லை.
- 6.4.4.3 செயற்திட்ட உடன்படிக்கையின் பிரகாரம், செயற்திட்டத்திற்காக தவிர ஏனைய நிதிகள் பயன்படுத்தப்படக் நோக்கம் எதற்காகவும் வழங்கப்பட்ட கூடாதென குறிப்பிடப்பட்டிருந்த போதிலும் வழங்கப்பட்ட நிதிகளில், மொத்த நிதிகளின் சதவீதத்தை பிரதிநிதித்துவப்படுத்துகின்ற ரூபா 126.2 மில்லியன் தொகை ஏனைய செயற்பாடுகள் மீதான செலவினத்திற்காக பயன்படுத்தப்பட்டிருந்தது. (பின்னிணைப்பு 11)
- 6.4.4.4 பில் மற்றும் மெலின்டா கேற்ஸ் பவுண்டேஷனின் கீழ் அமுல்ப்படுத்தப்பட்ட செயற்திட்டங்கள் ஐசீரீஏ இன் செயல்நடவடிக்கைத் திட்டத்தில் உள்ளடக்கப்பட்டிருக்கவில்லை.

6.4.5 கூகிள் லூன் செயற்திட்டம் (Google Loon Project)

6.4.5.1 நாடு முழுவதற்கும் இணையத்தள வசதிகளை வழங்கும் நோக்கத்துடன் அமுல்ப்படுத்தப்பட்ட கூகிள் லூன் செயற்திட்டத்தை செயற்படுத்துவதற்காக 2015 யூலை 28 இல் கூகிள் லூன் எல்எல்சீ உடன் புரிந்துணர்வு உடன்படிக்கையொன்று கைச்சாத்திடப்பட்ட போதிலும் இது அமுல்ப்படுத்தப்பட்டிருக்கவில்லை. (பின்னிணைப்பு 12)

- 6.4.5.2 இச்செயற்திட்டத்திற்காக அதிர்வெண்களை (frequencies) விடுவித்தல் தொடர்பாக சர்வதேச தொலைத்தொடர்புகள் சங்கத்திடமிருந்து இலங்கை தொலைத்தொடர்பு ஒழுங்குபடுத்தல் ஆணைக்குழு வினவியிருந்தது. அச் சங்கத்தின் பரிந்துரையின் பிரகாரம் தொலைத்தொடர்பு ஒழுங்குபடுத்தல் ஆணைக்குழுவானது சர்வதேச தொலைத்தொடர்புச் சட்டங்கள் மற்றும் ஒழுங்குவிதிகளின் பிரகாரம் தேவையான அதிர்வெண் தொகையை விடுவிக்க முடியாதிருந்ததென 2016 நவம்பர் 30 ஆம் திகதிய கடிதத்தின் மூலம் முகவராண்மைக்கு அறிவித்திருந்தது. (பின்னிணைப்பு 13)
- 6.4.5.3 ஐசீரீஏ இன் செயல்நடவடிக்கைத் திட்டத்தில் இச்செயற்திட்டம் உள்ளடக்கப்பட்டிருக்காததுடன் அவ்வாறு தேசிய திட்டமிடல் திணைக்களத்தின் அங்கீகாரமும் பெறப்பட்டிருக்கவில்லை.
- 6.4.5.4 முகவராண்மையின் செலவினங்களின் பிரகாரம், சங்கத்திடமிருந்து கூகிள் லூன் உபகரணத்தை விடுவிப்பதற்காகவும் செயற்திட்ட மேம்படுத்தலிற்காகவும் முறையே 2015 மற்றும் 2016 ஆம் ஆண்டுகளில் ரூபா 1,851,322 மற்றும் ரூபா 6,427,941 தொகைகள் செலவிடப்பட்டிருந்தன. டபிள்யூஐ-எவ்ஐ (Wi-Fi) செயற்திட்டத்திற்காக ஏற்பட்ட ரூபா 6,187,941 செலவினம் செயற்திட்ட மேம்படுத்தல் செலவினத்தில் உள்ளடக்கப்பட்டிருந்ததென அறிவிக்கப்பட்டிருந்த போதிலும் அது தெளிவாக இனங்காணப்பட்டிருக்கவில்லை.
- 6.4.6 தேவையான பயனாளிகளிற்கு நிதிகளை மாற்றும் கிரயத்தில் குறைவினை உள்ளடக்குகின்ற ஹவுஸ்ஹோல்ட் டிரான்ஸ்பர் மனேஜ்மன்ட் (Household Transfer Management) (எச்ரீஎம்) முறைமை ஒன்றை ஒழுங்குபடுத்துதல்

இலங்கையில் அனைத்து நலன்புரி மற்றும் சமூக பாதுகாப்பு நிகழ்ச்சித்திட்டத்தின் முகாமைத்துவத்திற்காக ஒருங்கிணைந்த மற்றும் தன்னியக்க முறைமையொன்றை அமுல்ப்படுத்துவது மேற்குறிப்பிடப்பட்ட செயற்திட்டத்தின் பிரதான குறிக்கோளாக இலத்திரனியல் இருந்ததுடன் இலங்கையின் குடியிருப்பாளர்களிற்கு அடையாள அறிமுகப்படுத்துதல் அதற்கான அங்கீகாரம் அட்டைகளை மற்றும் என்பன அமைச்சரவையின் 2015 செப்தெம்பர் 22 இன் சீஎம்பி/15/1303/719/017 ஆம் இலக்க தீர்மானத்தின் மூலம் வழங்கப்பட்டிருந்தது. (பின்னிணைப்பு 14) அதற்கிணங்க, ரூபா 8,000 மில்லியன் செலவினத்தின் மதிப்பீடு இத் தொழிற்பாடுகளை ஆற்றுவதற்காக தயாரிக்கப்பட்டிருந்தது. இது தொடர்பான அவதானிப்புக்கள் கீழே காட்டப்பட்டுள்ளன.

- 6.4.6.1 மேற்குறிப்பிடப்பட்ட அமைச்சரவைத் தீர்மானத்தின் பிரகாரம் 2015 திசெம்பர் 31 அளவில் இச்செயற்திட்டத்தை அமுல்ப்படுத்துவது தொடர்பான (முழுமையாக எடுத்திருக்க வேண்டிய போதிலும் செயற்திட்டத்திற்கான பொறுப்பை பொருளாதார பகுப்பாய்வுப் பெறுகையில் ஆர்வத்தை வெளிப்படுத்துவதை மதிப்பிடுவதன் முதலாவது படி(முறை மாத்திரம் மேற்கொள்ளப்பட்டிருந்ததுடன் அப்பெறுகையின் மிகுதி படிமுறைகள் பூர்த்திசெய்யப்பட்டிருக்கவில்லை.
- இலத்திரனியல் 6.4.6.2 ஆட்பதிவுத் திணைக்களத்தால் வழங்கப்படுவதற்கு திட்டமிடப்பட்ட அடையாள அட்டையின் போலிப்பிரதிக்கெதிராக நடவடிக்கை எடுப்பதற்கும் இந்த செயற்திட்டத்தில் குறிப்பிடப்பட்ட அட்டையை முன்மொழிவதற்கும் அடையாள அமைச்சரவையின் 2015 நவம்பர் 11 ஆம் திகதிய சீஎம்பி/15/1586/749/001 ஆம் இலக்க தீர்மானத்தின் மூலம் (பின்னிணைப்பு தொலைத்தொடர்பு மற்றும் 15) டிஜிற்றல் உட்கட்டமைப்பு வசதிகள் அமைச்சின் செயலாளரிற்கு கட்டளையிடப்பட்டிருந்த போதிலும் அதற்காக ஆட்பதிவுத் திணைக்களத்துடன் இணைவதற்கு நடவடிக்கை எடுக்கப்பட்டிருக்கவில்லை.
- 6.4.6.3 இலங்கையின் குடியிருப்பாளர்களிற்கான தேசிய டிஜிற்றல் அடையாள அட்டையை வழங்குதல் மற்றும் ஹவுஸ்ஹோல்ட் டிரான்ஸ்பர் மனேஜ்மன்ட் முறைமையை வடிவமைத்தல், அபிவிருத்தி செய்தல், வழங்குதல், விநியோகித்தல் நிறுவுதல் இச்செயற்திட்டத்தின் மற்றும் அமுல்ப்படுத்துதல் என்பன பிரதான பெறுகையாக அதற்கான மதிப்பிடப்பட்ட கிரயம் 3,198 மில்லியன் இருந்ததுடன் ரூபா தொகையாகும். அமைச்சரவையால் நியமிக்கப்பட்ட பெறுகைக் குழு செயற்திட்டத்தின் சிக்கல்தன்மை மற்றும் விலைமனுக்களை கோருவதில் பூரணமற்ற தன்மை போன்ற விடயங்கள் (பிண்ணிணைப்பு 16) காரணமாக 2017 மே 29 இல் தொழில்நுட்ப மதிப்பீட்டுக் குழுவினால் சமர்ப்பிக்கப்பட்ட அறிக்கையின் பிரகாரம் இப்பெறுகையை இரத்துச் செய்வதற்கு தீர்மானித்திருந்தது. இதன் ഖിണെഖനക, அமைச்சரவையின் 2017 யூலை 11 ஆம் திகதிய சீஎம்பி/17/1431/749/015/ரீபீஆர் ஆம் இலக்க தீர்மானத்தின் பிரகாரம் (பின்னிணைப்பு 17) இந்த பெறுகையை இரத்துச் செய்வதற்கான அங்கீகாரம் வழங்கப்பட்டிருந்தது. நேரத்தில் அந்த (முழுச் செயற்திட்டத்திற்கும் 2016 மற்றும் 2017 ஆம் ஆண்டுகளில் ஏற்பட்ட மொத்தச் செலவினம் ரூபா 90.8 மில்லியனாக இருந்தது.
- 6.4.7 தற்போது செயற்படுத்தப்படும் இலத்திரனியல்-சேவைகளின் பயன்பாடு தாழ்ந்த மட்டத்தில் இலத்திரனியல்-சேவைகளின் காணப்பட்டதுடன் அவற்றில் அதிக மேல் மாகாணத்திற்கு மட்டுப்படுத்தப்பட்டிருந்தது. பயன்பாடு 2013 ஆம் ஆண்டில் ஐசீரீஏ ஆல் நடாத்தப்பட்ட இலத்திரனியல்-அரசாங்க அளவீட்டின் பிரகாரம் இலத்திரனியல்-சேவைகளின் பயன்பாடு 0 62 சதவீத தாழ்ந்த வீச்சில் காணப்பட்டமை அவதானிக்கப்பட்டது. (பின்னிணைப்பு 18) பின்னைய ஆண்டுகளில்

அளவீடுகள் மேற்கொள்ளப்படாமையால் இலத்திரனியல்-சேவைகளின் பயன்பாட்டை தெளிவாக இனங்காண முடியாதிருந்தது.

6.5 செயற்திட்டங்கள் வெற்றியளிக்காமை

6.5.1 2003 - 2014 காலப்பகுதியின் போது வங்கிச் செயற்திட்டத்தின் கீழ் உலக பொதுத்துறையை மீளக்கட்டமைப்பதற்காக அமுல்ப்படுத்தப்பட்ட பின்வரும் செயற்திட்டங்கள் பூர்த்திசெய்யப்பட்டிருக்காததுடன் நிர்ணயிக்கப்பட்ட காலப்பகுதியினுள் அச் செயற்திட்டங்களின் இறுதிக் குறிக்கோள்களை அடைதல் வெற்றியளிக்கவில்லை. 2016 இதன் ഖിണെഖനക, ஆம் ஆண்டிலிருந்து அச்செயற்திட்டங்கள் மீள அமுல்ப்படுத்தப்பட்டிருந்ததுடன் நிதிகள் பின்வருமாறு முதலிடப்பட்டிருந்தன.

	செயற்திட்டம்	2016 ஆம் ஆண்டிற்காக மதிப்பிடப்பட்ட தொகை	2016.12.31 இல் உள்ளவாறு செலவிட்ட தொகை
		 ரூபா. மில்லியன்	 ரூபா. மில்லியன்
(i)	லங்கா அரசாங்க வலையமைப்பு	850.47	148.33
(ii)	இலத்திரனியல்-சமுர்த்தி	114	4.3
(iii)	இலத்திரனியல்-உள்ளுர் அதிகாரசபைகள்	173	11.8
(iv)	லங்கா அரசாங்க கிளவுட்	195.1	5.31
(v)	இலத்திரனியல்-பிரதேச செயலகம்	50	0.85
(vi)	இலத்திரனியல்-சனத்தொகை பதிவேடு	60	0.75

6.5.2 பெறப்பட்ட தகவல்களின் பிரகாரம், ஐசீரீஏ ஆல் முன்னைய ஆண்டுகளில் நிறைவேற்றப்பட்ட சில செயற்திட்டங்களின் செயன்முன்னேற்றம் பின்வருமாறிருந்தது.

6.5.2.1 லங்கா அரசாங்க வலையமைப்பு

2011 தொடர்பாடல் (i) ஆண்டிலிருந்து இலத்திரனியல் 550 ஆம் ஊடாக நிறுவகங்களை ஒவ்வொன்றுடனும் இணைத்து அரசாங்க பாதுகாப்பான உள்ளக இணையத்துடனான மத்திய முகாமைப்படுத்தப்பட்ட டிஜிற்றல் உட்கட்டமைப்பு முறைமையுடன் பாதுகாப்பான வலையமைப்பொன்றாக கட்டம் 1 இன் கீழ் அமுல்ப்படுத்தப்பட்டிருந்தது. எவ்வாறாயினும், தேசிய திட்டமிடல் திணைக்களத்தின் அவதானிப்புக்களின் பிரகாரம், 2011 – 2013 காலப்பகுதியின் மாத்திரம் இச்செயற்திட்டம் வெற்றிகரமாக போது

- அமுல்ப்படுத்தப்பட்டிருந்ததுடன் தற்போது இது முறையாக செயற்படுத்தப்படுவதில்லை. (பின்னிணைப்பு 19)
- (ii) திட்டமிடப்பட்ட இலத்திரனியல்-அரசாங்க செயற்திட்டங்களை அமுல்ப்படுத்துவதற்கு கிடைக்கக்கூடிய 512 கேபீபிஎஸ் (kbps) அலைவரிசை போதாமை, காலங்கடந்த தொழில்நுட்பம் மற்றும் பாதுகாப்பு முறைமைகள், நிறுவக மட்டத்தில் டபிள்யூஐ-எவ்ஐ (Wi-Fi) இணையத்தள செயற்படாமை மற்றும் நடமாடும் சாதனங்கள், அரசாங்க நிறுவகங்களிற்கான பொதுவான பிரயோகங்கள் மற்றும் தனிச் செயற்பாடு காணப்படாமை மற்றும் உத்தியோகத்தர்களிற்கு அரசாங்க எந்த இடத்திலிருந்தும் வேலை செய்வதற்கான வசதி காணப்படாமை போன்ற காரணங்களினால் இச் செயற்திட்டம் வெற்றியளித்திருக்காதமையை ஐசீரீஏ இனங்கண்டிருந்தது.
- (iii) வலையமைப்பொன்றாக அரசாங்க நிறுவகங்களை இணைப்பதன் மூலம் சேவைகளை வினைத்திறனாக செயற்திட்டத்தின் செயற்படுத்துவது _{கோக்கமாக} இருந்த போதிலும் இலத்திரனியல்-வருமான அனுமதிப்பத்திர செயற்திட்டம் (இலத்திரனியல்-வருமான மற்றும் அனுமதிப்பத்திரம்) இலத்திரனியல்-பிறப்பு, திருமண மற்றும் சான்றிதழ்கள் (៣-បឺតាច់ឲ្) இறப்பு வழங்கும் செயற்திட்டம் என்பன மாத்திரம் லங்கா அரசாங்க வலையமைப்பை பயன்படுத்தி வெற்றிகரமாக செயற்படுத்தியிருந்தமை அவதானிக்கப்பட்டது. இதன் விளைவாக, தனியான மட்டத்தில் அரசாங்க செயற்திட்டங்களை நிறைவேற்றுவதற்கும் நிறுவகங்களில் இணையத்தள வசதிகளை பெறுவதற்காகவும் லங்கா அரசாங்க ഖതെധതഥப്ப மட்டுப்படுத்தப்பட்டிருந்தமை அவதானிக்கப்பட்டது. இச்செயற்திட்டம் ஊடாக வழங்கப்பட்ட இணையத்தள வசதிகளின் இயலளவு பொதுச் சேவைகளை வினைத்திறனாக முன்னேற்றுவதில் போதுமானதாக இருக்கவில்லை.
- (iv) மேற்குறிப்பிட்ட பிரச்சனைகளை தீர்க்கும் நோக்கில் 2016 ஆம் ஆண்டில் ஆரம்பிக்கப்பட்ட லங்கா அரசாங்க வலையமைப்புச் செயற்திட்டம் 2.0 மதிப்பிடப்பட்ட மில்லியனாக இற்காக மொத்த தொகை ருபா 12,737 ஆண்டிற்காக 850.47 மில்லியன் இருந்தது. 2016 ஆம் ருபா தொகை அங்கீகரிக்கப்பட்டிருந்தது. அதில் ருபா 148.33 மில்லியன் தொகை மாத்திரம் பௌதீக செலவிடப்பட்டிருந்ததுடன் அதன் செயன்(மன்னேற்றம் மற்றும் செயன்முன்னேற்றம் என்பன முறையே 17 சதவீதம் மற்றும் 34 சதவீதமாக காணப்பட்டது.
- (v) லங்கா அரசாங்க வலையமைப்பின் உட்கட்டமைப்பு வசதிகளை பயன்படுத்தி நிறைவேற்றப்பட்ட இலத்திரனியல்-அரசாங்க செயற்திட்டங்களின் பௌதீக

செயன்முன்னேற்றம் அவ்வாறு தாழ்ந்த மட்டத்தில் காணப்பட்டது. (பின்னிணைப்பு 20)

6.5.2.2 இலத்திரனியல்-உள்ளுராட்சிச் செயற்திட்டம்

- (i) சபைகள், சபைகள் மற்றும் பிரதேச போன்ற மாநகர நகர சபைகள் உள்ளுராட்சி மேலதிக அதிகாரசபைகளின் தேவைப்பாடுகளிற்காக மென்பொருள் கிரயமில்லாமல் பிரயோகிக்க முடியுமானதாகவுள்ள தகவல் தொடர்பாடல் மற்றும் தொழில்நுட்ப தீர்வுகளை வழங்குதல் இச் செயற்திட்டத்தின் குறிக்கோளாகும். 2014 சனவரியிலிருந்து நீர்கொழும்பு மாநகர சபை, ஹோமாகம பிரதேச சபை மற்றும் சீதாவாக்கபுர நகர சபை ஆகியவற்றில் முன்னோடிச் (Pilot) செயற்திட்டங்கள் நிறைவேற்றப்பட்டிருந்ததுடன் அக்கணனி முறைமையில் ஏற்கனவேயிருந்த காரணமாக செயற்திட்டம் வெற்றிகரமாக குறைபாடுகள் நிறைவேற்றப்பட்டிருக்காதமை அவதானிக்கப்பட்டது (பின்னிணைப்பு 21).
- (ii) 2014 ஆம் ஆண்டிலிருந்து இந்த முன்னோடிச் செயற்திட்டம் முழுமையாகவும் வெற்றிகரமாக செயற்படாத மட்டத்திலும் நிறைவேற்றப்பட்ட போதிலும் முறைமையில் காணப்பட்டிருந்த குறைபாடுகளை சீர்செய்யாமல் 2016 ஆம் ஆண்டில் 30 உள்ளுர் அதிகாரசபைகளிற்காக இச் செயற்திட்டம் புதிதாக அமுல்ப்படுத்தப்பட்டிருந்தது.

6.5.2.3 இலத்திரனியல்-ஓய்வுதியச் செயற்திட்டம்

- (i) ஓய்வூதியங்களை தயாரிக்கும் செயன்(முறையின் வினைத்திறனை அதிகரித்தல் மற்றும் தரமான சேவையை வழங்கும் நோக்கில் இலத்திரனியல்-ஓய்வூதியச் செயற்திட்டத்தின் நிறைவேற்றப்பட்ட முதலாவது மாவட்டச் செயலகங்கள். தரைப்படை, கடற்படை, வான்படை. ஓய்வூதியத் திணைக்களம், புகையிரதத் திணைக்களம் சிவில் மற்றும் பாதுகாப்பு திணைக்களம் என்பவற்றில் மேல் மாகாண சபையை மேவுகை எவ்வாறாயினும், வன்பொருள் செய்து நிறைவேற்றப்பட்டிருந்தது. மற்றும் மென்பொருள் பிரச்சனைகள் காரணமாக நாடு முழுவதும் நிறைவேற்றுவதற்குப் பதிலாக 2013 நவம்பர் 01 இலிருந்து செயற்திட்டம் கைவிடப்பட்டிருந்தது. (பின்னிணைப்பு 22)
- (ii) செயற்திட்டத்தின் ரூபா 193 மில்லியன் மொத்த மதிப்பிடப்பட்ட கிரயத்தில் ஐசீரீஏ ஆல் ரூபா 182 மில்லியன் செலவினமும் ஓய்வூதியத் திணைக்களத்தினால் வருடமொன்றிற்கு ரூபா 05 மில்லியன் விலைவீதத்தில்

- 10 ஆண்டு காலப்பகுதிக்காக ரூபா 50 மில்லியனும் மேற்கொள்ளப்பட்டிருந்தன. இதன் விளைவாக, ரூபா 232 மில்லியன் தொகையான மொத்த செலவினம் பயனற்றதாகியிருந்தது.
- (iii) செயற்திட்டத்தின் கட்டம் I வெற்றியளிக்காத போதிலும் 2016 ஆம் மில்லியன் ஆண்டிற்காக 178.10 கொகையாக மதிப்பிடப்பட்ட ரூபா கிரயத்தில் கட்டம் II செயற்திட்ட முன்மொழிவுகள் தேசிய **இ**ற்கான திட்டமிடல் திணைக்களத்திற்கு முகவராண்மையால் சமர்ப்பிக்கப்பட்டிருந்தன.

6.5.2.4 இலத்திரனியல்-சமுர்த்தி செயற்திட்டம்

(i) ருறைந்த நலுகைகளையடைய முந்தவிற்குத் தேறையான நலன்க

- (i) குறைந்த சலுகைகளையடைய மக்களிற்குத் தேவையான நலன்களை வினைத்திறனாக வழங்குவதற்காக தகவல் தொழில்நுட்பத்தை பிரயோகிக்கும் நோக்கத்துடன் உலக வங்கி உதவி மீது 2011 மற்றும் 2012 அமுல்ப்படுத்தப்பட்ட செயற்திட்டம் ஆம் ஆண்டுகளில் பூர்த்திசெய்யப்பட்டிருக்கவில்லை. மேலும், செயற்திட்டத்தின் வெற்றி அல்லது தோல்வி ஐசீரீஏ ஆல் பரீட்சிக்கப்பட்டிருக்கவில்லை. (பின்னிணைப்பு 23)
- (ii) 3 பிரதான கூறுநிலைகளின் கீழ் வடிவமைக்கப்பட்ட இலக்கிரனியல்-சமுர்த்திச் செயற்திட்டத்திற்காக ஐசீரீஏ ஆல் 2011 மற்றும் 2012 ஆம் ஆண்டுகளில் ரூபா 33.9 மில்லியன் செலவினங்கள் ஏற்படுத்தப்பட்டிருந்தன. (பின்னிணைப்பு 24) மனித வளங்கள் முகாமைத்துவம் மற்றும் பயனாளிகள் முகாமைத்துவம் கூறுநிலைகளிற்கான தகவல்களை உள்ளடக்குதல் மாத்திரம் மேற்கொள்ளப்பட்டிருந்ததுடன் நிகழ்ச்சித்திட்டங்கள் மற்றும் செயற்திட்ட முகாமைத்துவத் தொகுதியின் அபிவிருத்திக்காகவும் ரூபா 15.1 மில்லியன் முழுமையாக கிரயம் ஏற்படுத்தப்பட்டிருந்த போதிலும் இது அமுல்ப்படுத்தப்பட்டிருக்கவில்லை.
- (iii) 2016 ஆம் ஆண்டின் செயல்நடவடிக்கைத் திட்டத்தின் கீழ் நிறைவேற்றப்படுவதற்கு முன்மொழியப்பட்ட சனத்தொகையை பதிவுசெய்தல் மற்றும் பயனாளிகளை இனங்காணும் செயற்திட்டத்துடன் முறைமை ஒன்றிணைக்கப்பட்ட இலத்திரனியல்-சமுர்த்தி தீர்வுகாணல் 2016 சனவரி 01 இல் ஆரம்பிக்கப்பட்டிருந்த போதிலும் 2016 திசெம்பர் 31 இல் உள்ளவாறான ரூபா 114 மில்லியன் மதிப்பிடப்பட்ட கிரயத்தில் அதன் மீதான நிதி செயன்(மன்னேற்றம் மற்றும் பௌதீக செயன்(மன்னேற்றம் முறையே சதவீதம் மற்றும் 19 சதவீதமாக காணப்பட்டன.

6.6 பெறுகை செயன்முறையின் குறைபாடுகள்

நிறைவேற்றப்பட்ட செயற்திட்டங்கள் ஐசீரீஏ ஆல் பெறுகை செயன்முறையூடாக மேற்கொள்ளப்பட்டிருந்த போதிலும் செயற்திட்டங்களை நிறைவேற்றுவதில் தாமதமாகியமை அதே போல் செயற்திட்டம் வெற்றியளிக்காமை ஆகியவற்றிற்கான காரணங்கள் பெறுகை செயன்முறையின் பலவீனங்களாக காணப்பட்டன. தெரிவுச் செவ்வையின் அதற்கிணங்க, கணக்காய்வுத் போது பெறுகை வழிகாட்டிகளுடன் இணங்காத பின்வரும் சந்தர்ப்பங்கள் அவதானிக்கப்பட்டன.

- 6.6.1 முகவராண்மையால் 2016 2018 காலப்பகுதிக்காக பிரதான பெறுகைத் திட்டம் மாத்திரம் தயாரிக்கப்பட்டிருந்ததுடன் பெறுகை வழிகாட்டியின் 4.2.1(இ) வழிகாட்டலின் பிரகாரம் விபரமான பெறுகைத் திட்டம் 2016 மற்றும் 2017 ஆம் ஆண்டுகளிற்காக தயாரிக்கப்பட்டிருக்கவில்லை.
- 6.6.2 தயாரிக்கப்பட்ட பெறுகைக் கால அட்டவணையின் பிரகாரம் பரீட்சிக்கப்பட்ட பெறுகைகளில் எந்தப் பெறுகையும் நிறைவேற்றப்பட்டிருக்கவில்லை.
- 6.6.3 பெறுகைக் கைநூலின் 2.8.4 ஆம் வழிகாட்டலின் பிரகாரம் செயற்திட்ட பெறுகைக் குழுவின் தொழில்நுட்ப மதிப்பீட்டுக் குழுக்களிற்கான பெறுகையுடன் தொடர்புடைய பெறுகை நிறுவனத்திற்கு வரிசை அமைச்சிடமிருந்தோ அல்லது வெளியிலிருந்தோ ஆகக்குறைந்தது ஒரு உறுப்பினர் நியமிக்கப்பட வேண்டிய போதிலும் அவ்வாறு மேற்கொண்ட சந்தர்ப்பம் காணப்படவில்லை.

உதாரணம்;

ஐசீரீஏ/எம்ரீ/ஜீ7/என்சீபீ/268 தனிப்பட்ட கணனிகள், மடிக்கணனிகள் மற்றும் உபபாகங்களை வழங்கல், விநியோகித்தல் மற்றும் நிறுவுதலின் பெறுகை

ஐசீரீஏ/எம்ரீ/ஜீ28/எம்சீபீ/301 120 தனிப்பட்ட கணனிகள் மற்றும் உபபாகங்களை வழங்கல், விநியோகித்தல் மற்றும் நிறுவுதலின் பெறுகை

ஐசீரீஏ/எம்ரீ/ஜீ1/எம்சீபீ/223 400 தனிப்பட்ட கணனிகளை வழங்கல், விநியோகித்தல் மற்றும் நிறுவுதலின் பெறுகை

6.6.4 பெறுகைக் கைநூலின் 2.4 ஆம் வழிகாட்டலின் பிரகாரம் பெறுகைக் குழு ஒவ்வொரு செயற்திட்டத்தின் மொத்தக் கிரய மதிப்பீட்டிற்கு இணங்க தீர்மானிக்கப்பட வேண்டிய போதிலும் செயற்திட்டங்களின் கீழ் ஒதுக்கப்பட்ட பெறுகை கிரய மதிப்பீடு தொடர்பான பெறுகைக் குழுவை முகவராண்மை தீர்மானித்திருந்தது.

6.6.5 மதிப்பீடுகளை தயாரித்தல்

6.6.5.1 பெறுகைக் வழிகாட்டியின் 4.3.3 ஆம் வழிகாட்டலின் பிரகாரம் ஆரம்ப மொத்தக் கிாய மதிப்பீட்டை தயாரித்த பின்னர் விலைமனுக்களை கோருவதற்கு கருத்திற்கொள்ளக்கூடிய காலம் எடுத்தால் மொத்தக் கிரய மதிப்பீடு பணவீக்கம் மற்றும் ஏனைய காரணிகள் கருத்திற்கொள்ளப்பட்டு நாளதுவரையாக்கப்பட வேண்டியதுடன் உரிய அதிகாரியால் ஒப்புதல் அளிக்கப்பட வேண்டும். பின்வரும் பெறுகைகளின் கிரய மதிப்பீடுகள் மீறப்பட்டிருந்த போதிலும் அம்மதிப்பீடுகள் திருத்தப்பட்டிருக்கவில்லை.

பெறுகை தொடர்பு	மதிப்பிடப்பட்ட கிரயம்	உள்ளபடியான கிரயம்	மீறப்பட்ட கிரயம்	மீறப்பட்டமை சதவீதமாக
	ரூபா	ரூபா	ருபா	%
ஐசீரீஏ/எம்ரீ/ஜீ7/என்சீபீ/268	32,300,000	43,545,000	11,245,000	35
ஐசீரீஏ/எம்ரீ/ஜீ28/என்சீபீ/301	7,500,000	10,144,800	2,644,800	35

- 6.6.5.2 மேலும், ஐசீரீஏ/ஜீஓஎஸ்எல்/ஜீஓஓடிஎஸ்/என்சீபீ/2016/55 ஆம் இலக்க பெறுகையின் ஆரம்ப கிரய மதிப்பீடு ரூபா 05 மில்லியனாக இருந்ததுடன் இது முறையான அங்கீகாரமின்றி 200 சதவீதத்தால் ரூபா 15 மில்லியன் வரை திருத்தப்பட்டிருந்த போதிலும் ஒப்பந்தம் ரூபா 10.8 மில்லியனிற்காகவே வழங்கப்பட்டிருந்தது.
- 6.6.5.3 ஐசீரீஏ/ஜீஓஎஸ்எல்/ஜீஓஓடிஎஸ்/2016/46 ஆம் பெறுகையின் மதிப்பிடப்பட்ட இலக்க கிரயம் ரூபா 20 மில்லியனாக இருந்ததுடன் அது தொடர்பில் விலைமனுதாரர்களின் கூறுவிலைகளில் 22 எதிர்மறை சதவீதம் தொடக்கம் 593 சதவீதம் வரை பெரியளவிலான முரண்கள் அவதானிக்கப்பட்டன (பின்னிணைப்பு 25). இங்கே, ரூபா 7.1 மில்லியன் கணிசமானளவு மிகக்குறைந்த ஏற்றுக்கொண்ட ഖിതെധത്വ தெரிவுசெய்யப்பட்டிருந்தது. பெறுகை வழிகாட்டியின் 7.9.11 (அ) வழிகாட்டலின் பிரகாரம் நம்பத்தகாத மிகக்குறைந்த விலைவீதங்களிற்காக ஐசீரீஏ ஆல் விலைவீத பகுப்பாய்வு பெறப்பட்டிருக்கவில்லை.

6.6.6 செயலாற்றல் பிணையை பெறுதல்

6.6.6.1 ஐசீரீஏ/ஜீஓஎஸ்எல்/ஜீஓஓடிஎஸ்/என்சீபீ/2016/46 ஆம் இலக்க பெறுகையின் ஒப்பந்த உடன்படிக்கையின் சீசீ 17.1 ஆம் பிரிவு மற்றும் பெறுகை வழிகாட்டியின் 5.4.8 மற்றும் 5.4.10 ஆம் வழிகாட்டல்களின் பிரகாரம் சமர்ப்பிக்கப்பட வேண்டிய 10 சதவீத செயலாற்றல் பிணை ஐசீரீஏ ஆல் பெறப்பட்டிருக்கவில்லை.

- 6.6.6.2 தெரிவுசெய்யப்பட்ட மாதிரிப் பரிசோதனையின் பிரகாரம், பெறுகையில் குறிப்பிடப்பட்ட திகதியில் உள்ளவாறு செயலாற்றல் பிணைகள் மற்றும் விலைமனுக் கோரல் ஆவணங்கள் சமர்ப்பிக்கத் தவறிய 07 சந்தர்ப்பங்கள் காணப்பட்டன. (பின்னிணைப்பு 26)
- 2016 சனவரி பாதீட்டுத் 6.6.7 20 இல் தேசிய திணைக்களத்திற்கு சமர்ப்பிக்கப்பட்ட திட்டத்தின் பிரகாரம், பிரதான பெறுகைத் 2016 ஆண்டிற்கான 351 பெறுகை 2016 விடயங்கள் அமுல்ப்படுத்துவதற்கு திட்டமிடப்பட்டிருந்த போதிலும் இது திசெம்பர் 02 இல் 384 விடயங்கள் வரை திருத்தப்பட்டிருந்ததுடன் அவற்றில் 40 சதவீதமாக இருந்த 152 பெறுகைகள் மாத்திரம் 2016 திசெம்பர் 31 அளவில் ஆரம்பிக்கப்பட்டிருந்தது.
- 6.6.8 யுனிபைட் டிரான்ஸ்போட் காட் தீர்விற்கான (Unified Transport Card Solution) சாத்தியவளக் கற்கை மற்றும் அமுல்ப்படுத்தல் அணுகுமுறை தொடர்பில் செயற்திட்ட ஆலோசனை பெறுகையின் முன்மொழிவுத் திட்டம் செல்லுபடியாகும் காலப்பகுதி 2017 ஆகஸ்ட் 28 இல் காலாவதியாகியிருந்த போதிலும் முன்மொழிவுத் திட்டம் செல்லுபடியாகும் காலப்பகுதி காலாவதியாகுவதற்கு முன்னர் பெறுகையை வழங்குவதற்கு நடவடிக்கை எடுக்கப்பட்டிருக்கவில்லை.
- 6.6.9 தேசிய புலமைச்சொத்து நிறைவேற்றப்பட்ட அலுவலகத்தால் ஈ-என்ஐபிஓ செயற்திட்டம் தொடர்பாக பெறுகையொன்றை மேற்கொள்வதற்காக குறிப்பிட்ட அலுவலகத்துடன் 2016 திசெம்பர் 30 இல் புரிந்துணர்வு உடன்படிக்கையொன்றை கைச்சாத்திட்டிருந்ததுடன் குறிப்பிட்ட ஐசீரீஏ (பின்னிணைப்பு 27) அலுவலகத்திடமிருந்து முற்பணங்களாக 32.5 மில்லியன் தொகை ரூபா யூன் பெறப்பட்டிருந்தது. உடன்படிக்கையின் பிரகாரம் இது 2017 30 அளவில் பூர்த்திசெய்யப்பட வேண்டிய போதிலும் 2018 மார்ச் பெறுகை 05 வரை வழங்கப்பட்டிருக்கவில்லை.

6.7 கடப்பாடுகளை ஏற்படுத்துதல்

6.7.1 ஐசீரீஏ ஆல் ஏற்படுத்தப்பட்ட செலவினங்கள் தொடர்பில் தொலைத்தொடர்பு மற்றும் போதுமான டிஜிற்றல் உட்கட்டமைப்பு அமைச்சுடன் நிதிக் கட்டுப்பாடு கிடைக்கப்பெற்றிருக்கவில்லை. அதற்கிணங்க, முறையான அங்கீகாரமின்றி 2010 ஆம் ஆண்டிலிருந்து (முகவராண்மையால் கடப்பாடுகள் ஏற்படுத்தப்பட்ட சந்தர்ப்பங்கள் பின்வருமாறுள்ளன.

ஆண்டு	கடப்பாடு
	ரூபா
2010	65,720,524
2011	53,799,303
2012	101,970,390
2013	884,072
2014	257,319
2015	328,955,670
மொத்தம்	551,587,278
	=======

6.7.2 வலையமைப்பு செயற்திட்டத்திற்காக (តស់ಜ្ಞឹតឆា់) லங்கா அரசாங்க 2013. 2014 மற்றும் 2015 ஆம் ஆண்டுகளில் முறையே ரூபா 145.7 மில்லியன், ரூபா 200 மில்லியன் ரூபா 50 மில்லியன் உள்ளடங்கிய மற்றும் 395.7 மில்லியன் ரூபா மொத்த தொகை செலவிடப்பட்டிருந்த போதிலும் 2015 திசெம்பர் 31 இல் உள்ளவாறு **ஸ்ரீலங்கா** ரெலிகொம்மின் 2011 ஆண்டிலிருந்து தீர்ப்பனவு ஆம் செய்யப்படாத விலைப்பட்டியல்களின் பெறுமதி ருபா 255,632,822 தொகையாகும். **ஸ்ரீலங்கா** ரெலிகொம்மின் பொறுப்புக்களை தீர்ப்பனவு செய்வதற்காக அமைச்சரவையின் 2016 ஆகஸ்ட் 09 ஆம் திகதிய அங்கீகாரத்திற்கிணங்க ரூபா 226,408,429 தொகையான நிதியேற்பாடுகள் வழங்கப்பட்டிருந்தன (பின்னிணைப்பு 28). எவ்வாறாயினும், மேற்கொள்ளப்பட்ட நிதியேற்பாடுகளில் ரூபா 29,364,694 மற்றும் 24,977,333 ரூபா தொகைகள் முறையே உத்தியோகத்தர்களின் சம்பளக் செலவினங்களிற்காக கொடுப்பனவு மற்றும் இனங்காணப்படாத பயன்படுத்தப்பட்டிருந்தன.

7. பரிந்துரைகள்

7.1 2003 27 இன் ஆம் இலக்க தகவல் மற்றும் தொடர்பாடல் தொழில்நுட்ப அதிகாரச்சட்டத்தின் 06(2) ஆம் பிரிவின் பிரகாரம் ஐசீரீஏ இன் செயற்பணியை ஆற்றுவதற்கும் முகவராண்மையின் தூரநோக்கிற்கான கூட்டிணைந்த திட்டம் மற்றும் வணிகத் திட்டத்தை தயாரிப்பதற்கும் நடவடிக்கை எடுத்தல்.

தொடர்பு 6.1.3, 6.1.5, 6.1.6

7.2 அமைச்சரவையின் 2003 யூலை 16 இன் சீஎம்பி/03/0884/134/027 ஆம் தீர்மானத்தை தற்போதைக்கு பொருத்தமான வகையில் நாளதுவரையாக்குவதற்கு நடவடிக்கை எடுத்தல்.

தொடர்பு 6.1.1

- 7.3 2003 யூன் 02 இன் 12 ஆம் இலக்க பொதுமுயற்சிகள் சுற்றறிக்கையின் 09 ஆம் அத்தியாயத்தின் ஏற்பாடுகளின் பிரகாரம் பதவியணி முகாமைத்துவம் மற்றும் அதே சுற்றறிக்கையின் 6.5.1 ஆம் பிரிவின் பிரகாரம் சமர்ப்பிக்க வேண்டிய திகதியில் உள்ளவாறான நிதிக்கூற்றுக்களைச் சமர்ப்பித்தல்.
 தொடர்பு 6.1.2, 6.2.1, 6.4.3
- 7.4 2007 இன் 07 ஆம் இலக்க கம்பனிகள் அதிகாரச்சட்டத்தின் 133(1) ஆம் பிரிவின் பிரகாரம் வருடாந்த பொதுக் கூட்டங்களை நடாத்துதல். தொடர்பு 6.2.2
- 7.5 மூலதன மற்றும் மீண்டெழும் செலவினங்களிற்காக தனியான நிதியேற்பாடுகளை ஒதுக்கீடுசெய்தல் தொடர்பு 6.2.3, 6.2.4
- 7.6 சந்தை பெறுமதியை அடிப்படையாகக்கொண்டு கிரய மதிப்பீட்டை தயாரித்தல் மற்றும் செயற்திட்டங்களை நிறைவேற்றுவதற்கு முன்னர் சாத்தியவளக் கற்கைகளை மேற்கொண்டு கிரய நன்மைகளை பகுப்பாய்வு செய்வதனூடாக முரண்களை இழிவுபடுத்துவதற்கும் செயற்திட்டங்களை திட்டமிடுவதற்கும் நடவடிக்கை எடுத்தல். தொடர்பு 6.3.1, 6.3.2, 6.4.1, 6.4.2, 6.4.5, 6.4.6.1, 6.5.2.3(ii)(iii), 6.5.2.4(iii)(iv)
- 7.7 அரசாங்கத்தின் சட்டங்கள், விதிகள் மற்றும் பிரமாணங்களிற்கிணங்க தொலைத்தொடர்பு மற்றும் டிஜிற்றல் உட்கட்டமைப்பு அமைச்சின் மேற்பார்வைக்குட்பட்டு நிர்வாக மற்றும் நிதி நடவடிக்கைகளை மேற்கொள்ளுதல். தொடர்பு 6.3.3, 6.7.1, 6.7.2
- 7.8 ஒரே நேரத்தில் பெரிய எண்ணிக்கையான செயற்திட்டங்களை திட்டமிடுவதற்கு பதிலாக முன்னுரிமைப் பட்டியல் மீது செயற்திட்டங்களை அமுல்ப்படுத்துதல் மற்றும் முகவராண்மையால் அடையப்பட முடிந்தவற்றிற்கு செயல்நடவடிக்கைத் திட்டத்தை தயாரித்தல் மற்றும் செயலாற்றலை மேம்படுத்துவதற்கு நடவடிக்கை எடுத்தல். தொடர்பு 6.4.1, 6.4.2, 6.5.1, 6.5.2.1, 6.5.2.2, 6.5.2.3, 6.5.2.4
- 7.9 அரசாங்க பெறுகை வழிகாட்டி மற்றும் பெறுகை கைநூலின் வழிகாட்டல்களை பின்பற்றுதல். தொடர்பு 6.4.6.1, 6.4.6.3, 6.6.1, 6.6.2, 6.6.3, 6.6.4, 6.6.5.1, 6.6.5.2, 6.6.5.3, 6.6.6.1, 6.6.6.2, 6.6.7, 6.6.8, 6.6.9

7.10 செயற்திட்டங்களை தொடர்ச்சியாக கண்காணித்தல் மற்றும் மதிப்பீடுகளை மேற்கொள்ளுதல்.

தொடர்பு 6.5.2.1(i), 6.5.2.2(i), 6.5.2.3(i), 6.5.2.4(i) (iii)

7.11 லங்கா அரசாங்க ഖതെധ്യഥെப്பിன் உட்கட்டமைப்பு வசதிகளை அபிவிருத்தி செய்தல் உட்கட்டமைப்பு வசதிகளை பயன்படுத்துவதற்கான மற்றும் அவ் அதிகரிப்பதன் இலத்திரனியல்-சேவைகளை அபிவிருத்தி இயலளவை மூலம் செய்வதற்கு நடவடிக்கை எடுத்தல்.

தொடர்பு 6.5.2.1 (ii) (iii) (v)

7.12 இலத்திரனியல்-சேவை செயற்திட்டங்களில் அரசாங்க உத்தியோகத்தர்களிற்கு தொடர்ச்சியாக பயிற்சிகளை வழங்குதல், மக்கள் அறிவூட்டலை மேற்கொள்ளல் மற்றும் அச் சேவைகளை பயன்படுத்துவதில் அவர்களை ஊக்குவித்தல், பொது நிறுவகங்களின் தேவைப்பாடுகளை சரியாக இனங்காணுதல் மற்றும் அவற்றின் மீது உரிய அனைத்து தரப்பினர்களிற்குமான அறிவூட்டலை மேற்கொள்ளுதல். தொடர்பு 6.4.7, 6.5.2.1 (ii) (iii)

7.13 செயற்திட்டத்தின் போலிகளை தடுப்பதற்கான படிமுறைகளை எடுத்தல். தொடர்பு 6.4.6.2

7.14 திரட்டிய நிதியத்திலிருந்து செயற்திட்டங்களிற்காக பெறப்பட்ட வெளிநாட்டு உதவி மற்றும் நிதிகளின் கீழ் பெறப்பட்ட நிதிகளை அந்நோக்கங்களை அடைவதற்காக மாத்திரம் பயன்படுத்துவதற்கு நடவடிக்கை எடுத்தல்.
தொடர்பு 6.4.4.1, 6.4.4.2, 6.4.4.3, 6.4.4.4, 6.7.2

7.15 நிதியேற்பாடுகளின்றி கடப்பாடுகள் ஏற்படுத்தப்படுவதை தவிர்ப்பதற்கு நடவடிக்கை எடுத்தல்.

தொடர்பு 6.7.1

8. முடிவுரை

நிர்வகித்தலில் வினைத்திறனின்மை, பலவீனங்கள், ஐசீரீஏ ஆல் நேரடி மேற்பார்வை 8.1 செய்யத் தவறுதல் மற்றும் தொடர்நடவடிக்கை எடுக்கத் தவறுதல் என்பன பொதுத் டிஜிற்றல் மயப்படுத்தாமை மற்றும் பொதுத் துறையில் தகவல் துறையை தொழில்நுட்பம் மீதான செயற்திட்டங்களிற்காக 2010 – 2016 காலப்பகுதியின் போது செலவிடப்பட்ட ரூபா 5.8 பில்லியன் தொகை தொடர்பில் பொது நிறுவகங்களில் நிறைவேற்றப்பட்ட தகவல் தொழில்நுட்பம் மீதான செயற்திட்டங்கள்

- வெற்றியளிக்காமை என்பவற்றிற்கு விசேடமாக காரணமாகியிருந்தன என முடிவுசெய்யப்பட்டுள்ளது.
- 8.2 ஐசீரீஏ தன்னாட்சியை இன் நாளதுவரையாக்கத் தவறியமையானது தொலைத்தொடர்பு மற்றும் டிஜிற்றல் உட்கட்டமைப்பு அமைச்சின் நேரடி மேற்பார்வைக்குட்படாமை மற்றும் முகவராண்மையின் நடவடிக்கைகள் மீது அரசாங்க சட்டங்கள், விதிகள் மற்றும் பிரமாணங்களுடன் இணங்காமை என்பவற்றிற்கு காரணமாயிருந்தன என முடிவுசெய்யப்பட்டுள்ளது.
- 8.3 ஐசீரீஏ ஆல் நிறைவேற்றப்பட்ட செயற்திட்டங்களிற்காக செலவிடப்பட்ட ரூபா 281.1 மில்லியன் தொகைக்கு உரிய உத்தியோகத்தர்கள் பொறுப்பாக இருக்க வேண்டிய போதிலும் அவற்றின் தவறு காரணமாக அரைவாசியில் கைவிடப்பட்டிருந்ததென முடிவுசெய்யப்பட்டுள்ளது.
- 8.4 பொதுத் துறையின் டிஜிற்றல் மயப்படுத்தலின் வெற்றிக்காக ஐசீரீஏ மீளக்கட்டமைக்கப்பட வேண்டுமென முடிவுசெய்யப்பட்டுள்ளது.
- நிறைவேற்றப்பட்ட 8.5 2003 ஆம் ஆண்டிலிருந்து தகவல் தொழில்நுட்பம் மீதான செயற்திட்டங்கள் தொடர்பில் விபரமான பெறப்பட தகவல்கள் முடியாததால் அச்செயற்திட்டங்களின் செயற்திறனை மதிப்பிடுவதற்காக விசேட பரிசோதனை மேற்கொள்ளப்பட வேண்டுமென முடிவுசெய்யப்பட்டுள்ளது.

எச்.எம். காமினி விஜேசிங்ஹ கணக்காய்வாளர் தலைமை அதிபதி 2018 மே திகதி Special Report of the Auditor General on the Role Played by the Information and Communication Technology Agency of Sri Lanka (pvt) limited relating to the Digitalization of Public Service

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Special Report of the Auditor General on the Role Played by the Information and Communication Technology Agency of Sri Lanka (pvt) Limited relating to the Digitalization of Public Service

Executive Summary

The requirement for the establishment of an institutional framework for planning and implementation of Information Communication Technology strategies had arisen with the publication of ICT Development Roadmap and e-Sri Lanka concept under the objective of improving the social and economic development through the utilization of Information Communication Technology. Accordingly, the Information and Communication Technology Agency of Sri Lanka (ICTA) had been established under the Companies Act, No. 17 of 1982 on 12 May 2003 as a private company fully owned by the Government in terms of Cabinet Decision, No. 03/060/134/022, dated 09 April 2003, and Information and Communication Technology Act, No. 27 of 2003. The ICTA is vested with the main responsibility of spearheading the process of utilizing the Information Communication Technology in view of successful implementation of economic development programmes in Sri Lanka. The ICTA is authorized in terms of the Information and Communication Technology Act, No. 27 of 2003 to take all necessary measures to implement the Government's Policy and Action Plan in relation to ICT.

During the period 2004 – 2014, the ICTA had implemented projects under e-Sri Lanka Development Programme in respect of 06 main areas identified thereunder with World Bank and other foreign assistance, and Government funds, whereas the projects are being fully implemented on consolidated funds since the year 2015.

Re-engineering the Government sector had been identified as a main component in the ICT development programmes. In the wake of ICTA's endeavor in that connection, Sri Lanka, ranked number 115 in the year 2012 among 192 countries in accordance with the e-Government Index, had secured 74th rank climbing higher up by 41 positions. However, the rank had dropped to 79th position in the year 2016.

According to the financial statements of the institution, the total expenditure incurred thereon during 2010 – 2016, amounted to Rs. 5,799.9 million. However, as per the observations made, it is concluded that the responsibility of the ICTA with respect to the digitalization of Public service, has not been exercised properly.

01. Background and Nature of the Report

It has become imperative as to whether the endeavor made in view of re-engineering the Government sector by investing heavily throughout a period of over 12 years in the Information Technology projects of the Government sector, has been fruitful. Up to the year 2014, the functioning of this institution had not been a subject of the Auditor General's scrutiny, but in terms of Article 36 (1) of the 19th Amendment to the Constitution, the Auditor General is authorized to carry out audits on ICTA with effect from the year 2015, and this report is issued in order to report on the matters observed therein.

2. Methodologies Followed

This report has been prepared by following the methodologies mentioned below.

2.1 Examination on the Registers, Books, and Reports

- 2.1.1 Information and Communication Technology Act, No. 27 of 2003, and Information and Communication Technology Amendment Act, No. 33 of 2008.
- 2.1.2 Cabinet reshuffles, and Decisions of the Cabinet.
- 2.1.3 Articles of Association, and Memorandum of Association.
- 2.1.4 Annual Reports and Financial Statements.
- 2.1.5 Action Plans, Procurement Plans.
- 2.1.6 Performance Reports.
- 2.1.7 Reports of the Audit and Management Committee.
- 2.1.8 Reports of the Inter-ministerial Committees.
- 2.1.9 Procurement Files.
- 2.1.10 Reports of the National Planning Department.
- 2.1.11 Project Evaluation Reports.

2.2 Issue of a Questionnaire

Collection of information by issuing a questionnaire to several Government institutions selected.

3. Scope

Various Government institutions, as well as the Private Sector, had contributed to the process of digitalizing the Government Sector through the improvement of Information Technology. Out of that, the task of re-engineering the Government Sector has been examined only from the functions performed by the ICTA, which is mainly responsible for the formulation and implementation of the national policy on Information Communication Technology.

4. Limits of the Scope

It is emphasized that my scope was subject to the following limitations in the preparation of this report.

- 4.1 Information relating to the costs incurred on projects implemented during 2003 2014, had not been made available to audit.
- 4.2 Due to failure in preparing an Action Plan for the institution relating to the period 2003 2014 and evaluating the performance annually in accordance therewith, it was not possible to accurately identify and compare the success in achieving the targets of performance in each of the years.

5. Introduction to the Process

In terms of Section 01 of the Information and Communication Technology Act, No. 27 of 2003, the ICTA had been established only to function for a period of 05 years. (Annexure 01)

In the context that projects had been fully implemented on the foreign loans at the inception, the institution had been vested with financial and administrative autonomy through the Cabinet Decision, No. CMP/03/0884/134/027, dated 16 July 2003. (Annexure 02) After the 05 year period provided through the Information and Communication Technology Act, No. 27 of 2003 for the institution to function, had elapsed on 08 September 2008, it had further been authorized through the Information

and Communication Technology Amendment Act, No. 33 of 2008 to proceed with the functions of the institution with effect from 26 September 2008. (Annexure 03)

The ICTA should provide assistance for the Inter-ministerial Committee established in terms of the Information and Communication Technology Act, No. 27 of 2003, to execute and discharge its powers and functions, thereby acting as Secretariat to the said Committee. According to Section 6(2) of the Act, the ICTA should be vested with the following powers and functions.

- (i) To provide all information necessary for the formulation of the National Policy on Information and Communication Technology and assist the Cabinet of Ministers and the Committee;
- (ii) To submit proposals to be included in the National Policy and action plan;
- (iii) to take all such steps as are necessary to facilitate the implementation of the National Policy and the action plans as are formulated, and to periodically monitor and review the same;
- (iv) To prepare the strategy and programmes which needs to be implemented in both the government and the private sectors in keeping with the National Policy on Information and Communication Technology and the action plan;
- (v) To provide all information necessary for the formation of the National Policy on Information Technology;
- (vi) Identifying the matters of consideration relating to the formulation and amendment or revision of the National Policy;
- (vii) To submit proposals in respect of matters which needs to be included in the National Policy and action plan.

In addition to the provisions of the Act, the ICTA had been vested with the authority and provisions required for the implementation of projects until the year 2013 under the E-Sri Lanka Development Project.

- (i) The official authority required for the implementation of various programmes relating to the e-Sri Lanka Development Project.
- (ii) The authority to assist the Cabinet in formulating a legal and policy framework for the development of Information Communication Technology in Sri Lanka, and implementation of e-Sri Lanka Development Project.

(iii) The authority to revise the said Government policies and legal framework in a timely manner thereby reformulating under the approval of the Government.

In accordance with the said authorities and activities, the ICTA had implemented the Information Technology projects under the following 06 categories.

- (i) Information Communication Technology policy, leadership, and institutional development.
- (ii) Information Technology infrastructure.
- (iii) Re-engineering Government sector.
- (iv) Capacity development of the human resources relating to Information Communication Technology.
- (v) Encouraging the investments in the Information Communication Technology, and private sector.
- (vi) e-Society.

After completion of the E-Sri Lanka Project implemented under foreign assistance and domestic funds, the project proposals identified since the year 2014 for the Information Technology projects, are executed on the approval of the National Planning Department.

Two subsidiary companies fully owned by the Government had been established under the ICTA. In accordance with the Decision of the Board of Directors, dated 19 May 2005, Sri Lanka CERT (Pvt) Ltd had been incorporated on 15 August 2005 with the objective of providing computer and internet security, whilst the Lanka Government Information Infrastructure (Pvt) Ltd had been incorporated on 18 July 2011 in accordance with the Decision of the Board of Directors, dated 16 June 2011 with the objective of implementing the Lanka Government Network.

6. Observations

The matters revealed in the audit examination conducted on the functioning of the ICTA and the re-engineering / digitalization of the Government Sector, are as follows.

6.1 Functioning of the Institution

- 6.1.1 As the ICTA had functioned under the World Bank assistance at the inception, the institution had been vested with ful autonomy relating to financial and administrative aspects through the Cabinet Decision, No. CMP/ 03/0884/134/027, dated 16 July 2003 following the requirement of the World Bank. However, the institution totally depends on the Consolidated Fund at present, and it was observed that the financial and administrative autonomy existed previously, still continues as per the Cabinet Decision.
- 6.1.2 Contrary to provisions of Section 09 of the Public Enterprises Circular, No. 12, dated 02 June 2003, (Annexure 04), all the employees and consultants of the institution had been appointed on contract basis without an approved cadre and a Scheme of Recruitment whilst salaries had been paid based on market values. The number of officers so appointed as at 31 December 2016, had been 187.
- 6.1.3 A Corporate Plan had not been prepared for the ICTA since the year 2003 in accordance with Section 5.1 of the Public Enterprises Circular, No. 12 dated 02 June 2003, and strategic plans required for the long term vision of the institution had not been established.
- 6.1.4 The Inter-ministerial Committee to be set up in accordance with the Information and Communication Technology Act, No. 27 of 2003, and the Information and Communication Technology Amendment Act, No. 33 of 2008, had been established after 12 years following the Cabinet Decision, No. 15/0746/609/015, dated 17 June 2015.(Annexure 05) As such, the ICTA had not been subjected to being monitored by the Inter-ministerial Committee over a period of 12 years.
- 6.1.5 In accordance with Section 06 (2) of the Information and Communication Technology Act, No. 27 of 2003, the ICTA is responsible for the formulation of national policy on the Information Communication Technology. Accordingly, despite being prepared to implement the first Digital Government Policy for a period of 03 years between 2010 2012, the policy had not been updated since the year 2012.
- 6.1.6 When revising the E-Government Policy, the ICTA had identified that the progress of the Government institutions in implementing the Digital Government Policy had remained extremely low due to the following reasons.

- (i) The obscurity in the objective of the Digital Government Policy.
- (ii) The highly complex nature of the policy requirements stated in the Digital Government Policy.
- (iii) The existence of a large number of policies to be implemented, and the necessity of all the Government institutions to implement the 29 policy statements and 177 policy guidelines irrespective of various levels of maturity in the Government institutions.
- (iv) Failure to accurately identify the responsibility relating to the implementation of policies.
- (v) Lack of awareness and authority of the Chief Innovation Officers (CIOs) responsible for implementing the policies.

6.2 Good Governance and Accountability

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- 6.2.1 According to Section 6.5.1 of the Public Enterprises Circular, No. 12, dated 02 June 2003, the financial statements should be presented before 28 February, but the financial statements for the year 2016 had not been presented to the Auditor General by the ICTA even up to 10 April 2018.
- 6.2.2 The annual general meeting to be convened in accordance with Section 133 (1) of the Companies Act, No. 07 of 2007, had not been held after the year 2007.
- 6.2.3 It was observed that, since the year 2014, the Line Ministry had made provision in capital nature for the project expenses and recurrent expenses of the ICTA.
- 6.2.4 A sum of Rs.479.2 million received in the year 2015 as capital expenditure had been identified as revenue expenditure in the financial statements of that year.

6.3 Weaknesses in Planning

- 6.3.1 The estimated cost of projects included in the Action Plan of the said year presented to the Department of National Budget on 20 January 2016 amounted to Rs.9,286.09 million and it had been revised up to Rs.3,255.30 million on 02 December 2016.
- 6.3.2 Even though 65 projects had been planned to be executed in the year 2016, approval had not been granted by the Department of National Implementation for the execution of 10 projects. (Annexure 06) It was observed that specific non-identification of the

requirements of the project and non-maintenance of direct connections with the beneficiary institutions of the project had resulted in the failure of successful planning of projects.

6.3.3 The Agency had not performed the activities necessary for obtaining provisions for 55 projects executed in the year 2016. As such, the expenditure for total projects amounting to Rs.681,036,485 had to be obtained through supplementary estimates.

6.4 **Performance in Execution of Projects**

- 6.4.1 The physical progress of projects executed in the year 2016 by incurring an expenditure of Rs.681 million had been at a weak level. Only the national awards ceremony named e- Swabhimani had achieved a progress of hundred per cent and it was reported that 07 projects, 27 projects and 20 projects out of the remaining 54 projects had achieved 61- 96 per cent, 31- 60 per cent and 0-30 per cent physical progress respectively. (Annexure 07)
- 6.4.2 The following reasons had contributed to the non-execution of projects executed in the year 2016, as planned. (Annexure 08)

	Reason	Number
		of
		Projects
(i)	Delay in receiving approval for commencement of projects	07
(ii)	Delay in the Procurement Process	23
(iii)	Delay in appointing Project Steering Committees	05
(iv)	Delay in obtaining consent of all parties related to the project and	20
	taking a long period therefor	
(v)	Delay in the implementation of Lanka Government Network 2.0	09
	and Lanka Government Cloud and as such, delay in the execution	
	of other projects depending on those projects	
(vi)	Changing the scope of the project	03

(vii)	Issues on human resources management	
(viii)) Delay in obtaining approval of the Department of I	National 12
	Planning	
(ix)	Lack of funds	05

6.4.3 According to the information obtained, the total expenditure on projects amounting to Rs.681 million incurred for the year 2016 included the expenditure on salaries amounting to Rs.210.8 million paid to the officers and it represented 32 per cent of the expenditure on projects. Moreover, the amount of the total salaries, wages and allowances paid to the officers could not be clearly identified due to non-presentation of financial statements of the ICTA for the year 2016.

6.4.4 Utilization of the Funds received from the Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation

The Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation had awarded the Access Learning Award to the Nenasala Project in the year 2014 with the objective of supplying computer services free of charge to the rural areas of Sri Lanka and financial provisions of Rs.130,046,174 had been made therefor. (Annexure 09)

- 6.4.4.1 Even though the 03 projects of Coding Initiative, Empowering 60 SMART Social Circles and Content Development for Access to Learning should be completed by 31 August 2017 out of these funds in terms of the agreement, the progress of implementation of projects had been at a weak level according to the information made available. (Annexure 10)
- 6.4.4.2 Even though it is mentioned in the agreement that unutilized funds should be refunded to the Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation on the expiry of the period of the agreement or the termination of the agreement, the sum of Rs.115,443,663 unutilized as at 31 August 2017 had not been refunded to the Foundation.
- 6.4.4.3 According to the Project agreement, it had been mentioned that the funds granted should not be made use of for any other purpose except for the project. However out

of these funds, a sum of Rs.126.2 million representing 97 per cent of the total funds had been used for expenditure on other operations. (Annexure 11)

6.4.4.4 The projects implemented under the Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation had not been included in the Action Plan of the ICTA.

6.4.5 **Google Loon Project**

- 6.4.5.1 Even though the ICTA had entered into a Memorandum of Understanding with Google Loon LLC on 28 July 2015 for the operation of the Google Loon Project implemented with the objective of providing internet facilities to the whole island, it had not been implemented. (Annexure 12)
- 6.4.5.2 The Telecommunication Regulatory Commission of Sri Lanka had inquired from the International Telecommunications Union on releasing frequencies for this project. According to the recommendations of that Society, the Telecommunication Regulatory Commission had informed the Agency by the Letter dated 30 November 2016 that according to international telecommunication laws and rules, the required amount of frequencies could not be released. (Annexure 13)
- 6.4.5.3 This project had not been included in the Action Plan of the ICTA and the approval of the Department of National Planning had not been obtained as well.
- 6.4.5.4 According to the expenses of the Agency, sums of Rs.1,851,322 and Rs.6,427,941 had been spent in the years 2015 and 2016 for the release of Google Loon equipment from the Customs and for the promotion of the project respectively. Even though it had been informed that the expenditure of Rs.6,187,941 incurred for the Wi-Fi project was included in the project promotion expenditure, it could not be clearly identified.

6.4.6 Arrangement of a Household Transfer Management (HTM) System including decrease in the cost of transferring funds to the required beneficiaries

The main objective of the aforesaid project had been the implementation of an integrated and automated system for the management of all welfare and social security programmes in Sri Lanka and the introduction of electronic identity cards for the residents of Sri Lanka and approval had been granted therefor by the Decision No. CMP/15/1303/719/017 of 22 September 2015 of the Cabinet of Ministers. (Annexure 14) Accordingly, an estimate of expenditure of Rs.8,000 million had been prepared for performing these functions. The observations in this connection are shown below.

- 6.4.6.1 According to the above mentioned Decision of the Cabinet of Ministers, the responsibility should have been taken on full implementation of this project by 31 December 2015. Nevertheless, only the initial step of evaluation of Expression of Interest in the procurement of economic analysis for the project had been performed and the remaining steps of that procurement had not been completed.
- 6.4.6.2 The Secretary to the Ministry of Telecommunication and Digital Infrastructure had been ordered by the Decision No. CMP/15/1586/749/001 of 11 November 2015 of the Cabinet of Ministers (Annexure 15) to take action against the duplication of the electronic identity card planned to be issued by the Department for Registration of Persons and the proposed identity card mentioned in this project. However, action had not been taken to join with the Department for Registration of Persons therefor.
- 6.4.6.3 Issuance of national digital identity for the residents of Sri Lanka and designing, developing, supplying, delivering, installation and implementing the Household Transfer Management System had been the main procurement of this project and the estimated cost amounted to Rs.3,198 million therefor. The Procurement Committee appointed by the Cabinet of Ministers had decided to cancel this procurement according to the report submitted by the Technical Evaluation Committee on 29 May 2017 due to the matters (Annexure 16) such as the complexity of the project and the incompleteness in inviting for bids. As such, according to the Decision No. CMP/17/1431/749/015/TBR of 11 July 2017 of the Cabinet of Ministers (Annexure 17), approval had been granted to cancel this procurement. By that time the total

expenditure incurred in the years 2016 and 2017 for the whole project had been Rs.90.8 million.

6.4.7 The usage of 50 e-services operating at present is at a low level and the usage of most of the e-services out of them had been limited to the Western Province. According to the e-Government survey conducted by the ICTA in the year 2013, it was observed that the usage of e-services remained at a low range of 0 – 62 per cent. (Annexure 18) The usage of e-services could not be clearly identified as surveys had not been conducted in the later years.

6.5 Failure of Projects

6.5.1 The following projects implemented for re-engineering the Public Sector under the World Bank Project during the period from 2003- 2014 had not been completed and the achievement of the ultimate goals of those projects within the specified period had failed. As such, those projects had been re-implemented from the year 2016 and funds had been invested as follows.

Project		Estimated	Amount	
		amount for	spent as at	
		2016	31.12.2016	
		Rs.Millions	Rs.Millions	
(i)	Lanka Government Network	850.47	148.33	
(ii)	e-Samurdhi	114	4.3	
(iii)	e-Local Authorities	173	11.8	
(iv)	Lanka Government Cloud	195.1	5.31	
(v)	e-Divisional Secretariat	50	0 .85	
(vi)	e-Population Register	60	0.75	

6.5.2 According to the information obtained, the progress of several projects executed in previous years by the ICTA was as follows.

6.5.2.1 Lanka Government Network

- (i) The Lanka Government Network Project had been implemented under Phase 1 as a secure network with centrally managed digital infrastructure system with secured intranet connecting 550 Government institutions with each other through electronic communication since the year 2011. However, according to the observations of the Department of National Planning, this project had been successfully implemented only during the period from 2011 2013 and it is not operated properly at present. (Annexure 19)
- (ii) The ICTA had identified that this project had failed due to reasons such as inadequacy of bandwidth 512 kbps available for implementation of planned e-Government projects, outdated technology and security systems, non-operation of Wi-Fi internet facilities at institutional level and problems in operation of e-services through mobile devices, unavailability of general applications for Government institutions and solitary operation and unavailability of the facility of working from any place for public officers..
- (iii) Even though the objective of the project had been the efficient operation of services by connecting Government Institutions as a Network, it was observed that only the e-Revenue Licence Project (e-Revenue Licence) and the Project of providing e- Birth, Marriage and Death certificates (e-BMD) is operated successfully by using the Lanka Government Network. As such, it was observed that the Lanka Government Network is limited to the execution of projects in Government institutions at solitary level and for obtaining internet facilities. The capacity of internet facilities provided through this project had not been adequate enough in improving the efficiency of public services.
- (iv) The total amount estimated for the Lanka Government Network Project 2.0 commenced in the year 2016 with the objective of solving the aforesaid problems was Rs.12,737 million. A sum of Rs.850.47 million had been approved for the year 2016. Out of that, only a sum of Rs.148.33 million had been spent and its progress and physical progress had been 17 per cent and 34 per cent respectively.

(v) The physical progress of e-Government projects executed by utilizing the infrastructure facilities of the Lanka Government Network had been at a low level as well. (Annexure 20)

6.5.2.2 e- Local Government Project

- (i) Providing information and communication technological solutions that can be applied without additional software cost for the requirements of local authorities such as Municipal Councils, Urban Councils and Pradeshiya Sabhas had been the objective of this Project. Pilot projects had been executed in the Negombo Municipal Council, Homagama Pradeshiya Sabha and the Seethawakapura Urban Council since January 2014 and it was revealed that the project is not executed successfully due to the defects existing in this computer system.(Annexure 21)
- (ii) Despite the total and successful inoperative level of this pilot project executed since the year 2014, this project had been newly implemented for 30 local authorities in the year 2016 without remedying the defects that existed in the system.

6.5.2.3 e-Pension Project

.....

- (i) The First Phase of the e-Pensions Project executed with a view to increasing the efficiency of the process of the preparation of pensions and providing a quality service, had been executed in District Secretariats, Army, Navy, Air Force, Department of Prisons, Department of Railways and Civil Security Department so as to cover the Western Provincial Council. However, the Project had been abandoned from 01 November 2013 instead of executing island wide due to hardware and software problems.(Annexure 22)
- (ii) It was observed that out of the total estimated cost of Rs.193 million of the Project, expenditures of Rs.182 million by the ICTA and Rs.50 million for a period of 10 years at a rate of Rs.05 million per annum by the Department of

Pensions had been incurred. As such, the total expenditure amounting to Rs.232 million had become fruitless.

(iii) Despite the unsuccessfulness of the Phase I of the Project, project proposals for Phase II of which the estimated cost for the year 2016 amounted to Rs.178.10 million, had been presented to the Department of National Planning by the Agency.

6.5.2.4 e-Samurdhi Project

- (i) This Project, implemented in the years 2011 and 2012 on the World Bank aid with a view to applying information technology for providing benefits efficiently, required for the people with low privileges, had not been completed. Moreover, the success or failure of the Project had not been examined by the ICTA. (Annexure 23)
- (ii) Expenditures of Rs.33.9 million had been incurred in the years 2011 and 2012 by the ICTA for the e-Samurdhi Project which was designed under 3 main modulars (Annexure 24). Only inclusion of information for modulars such as Human Resources Management and Beneficiaries Management, had been carried out and a cost of Rs.15.1 million had been incurred for Development of programmes and Project Management Module. However, it had not been fully implemented.
- (iii)Integrated e-Samurdhi Solution with Population Registry and Beneficiary Identification System Project, proposed to be executed under the Action Plan of the year 2016 had been commenced on 01 January 2016. However, out of the estimated cost of Rs.114 million as at 31 December 2016, the financial progress and physical progress thereof were only 4 per cent and 19 per cent respectively.

6.6 Deficiencies of Procurement Process

Projects, executed by the ICTA had been carried out through the procurement process. However, weaknesses of the procurement process had been the reasons for the delay in the execution of projects as well as for the failure of projects. Accordingly, the following instances of non-compliance with the Procurement Guidelines were observed at the audit test check.

- 6.6.1 Only a Master Procurement Plan had been prepared for the period of 2016-2018 by the Agency and a detailed Procurement Plan had not been prepared for the years 2016 and 2017 in terms of Guideline 4.2.1(c) of the Procurement Guidelines.
- 6.6.2 No procurements whatsoever out of procurements examined, had been completed according to the prepared Procurement Time Schedule.
- 6.6.3 According to Guideline 2.8.4 of the Procurement Manual, at least one member shall be appointed from the line Ministry or external to Procuring Entity who is conversant with procurement for the Technical Evaluation Committees of the Project Procurement Committee. However, there were instances of not doing so.

Example:

ICTA/MT/G7/NCB/268	Procurement of supply, delivery and installation of
	personal computers, laptops and accessories.
ICTA/MT/G28/MCB/301	Procurement of supply, delivery and installation of
	120 personal computers and accessories.
ICTA/MT/G1/MCB/223	Procurement of supply, delivery and installation of
	400 personal computers.

6.6.4 According to Guideline 2.4 of the Procurement Manual, the Procurement Committee should be decided in accordance with total cost estimate of each project. However, the Agency had decided the Procurement Committee on the cost estimate of procurements allocated under projects.

6.6.5 Preparation of Estimates

6.6.5.1 If considerable time is taken to invite bids after preparation of the initial Total Cost Estimate according to Guideline 4.3.3 of the Procurement Guidelines, the Total Cost Estimate should be updated, taking into consideration inflation and other factors and should be sanctioned by the respective Authority. Even though the cost estimates of following procurements had exceeded, those estimates had not been revised.

Procurement Reference	Estimated	Actual Cost	Exceeding	Exceeding as
	Cost		the Cost	a Percentage
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	%
ICTA/MT/G7/NCB/268	32,300,000	43,545,000	11,245,000	35
ICTA/MT/G28/NCB/301	7,500,000	10,144,800	2,644,800	35

- 6.6.5.2 Moreover, the initial cost estimate of the Procurement No. ICTA/GOSL/GOODS/NCB/2016/55 had been Rs.05 million and it had been revised up to Rs.15 million by 200 per cent without proper approval. However, the contract had been awarded for Rs.10.8 million.
- 6.6.5.3 The estimated cost of the Procurement No. ICTA/GOSL/GOODS/2016/46 amounted to Rs.20 million and in relation to that, large variances from minus 22 per cent to 593 per cent were observed in quotations of Bidders (Annexure 25). Here, the lowest substantially responsive bid of Rs.7.1 million, had been selected. According to Guideline 7.9.11 (a) of the Procurement Guidelines, a rate analysis as well had not been obtained by the ICTA for unrealistically low rates.

6.6.6 Obtaining Performance Security

- 6.6.6.1 The Performance Security of 10 per cent which should be submitted in terms of Section CC 17.1 of the Contract Agreement of the Procurement No. ICTA/GOSL/GOODS/NCB/2016/46 and Guidelines 5.4.8 and 5.4.10 of the Procurement Guidelines, had not been obtained by the ICTA.
- 6.6.6.2 According to the selected sample test, there were 07 instances of failure in submitting the performance securities as at the date mentioned in procurement and bidding documents. (Annexure 26)
- 6.6.7 According to the Master Procurement Plan, submitted to the Department of National Budget on 20 January 2016, it had been planned to implement 351 procurement items for the year 2016. However, it had been revised up to 384 items on 02 December 2016 and out of them, only 152 procurements, that was, 40 per cent had been commenced by 31 December 2016.

- 6.6.8 Even though the proposal validity period of the Consultancy Procurement of the Project on Study on Feasibility and Implementation Approach for a Unified Transport Card Solution, had expired on 28 August 2017, action had not been taken to award the procurement prior to expiry of the proposal validity period.
- 6.6.9 The ICTA had entered into a Memorandum of Understanding on 30 December 2016 with the National Office of Intellectual Property for carrying out 01 procurement relating to the e-NIPO Project executed by the said Office (Annexure 27) and a sum of Rs.32.5 million had been obtained as advances from the said Office. Even though it should be completed by 30 June 2017 in terms of the Agreement, the procurement had not been awarded up to 05 March 2018.

6.7 Incurring into Commitments

6.7.1 An adequate financial control in respect of expenditures incurred by the ICTA was not available with the Ministry of Telecommunication and Digital Infrastructure. Accordingly, instances of incurring into commitments by the Agency since the year 2010 without proper approval had been as follows.

Year	Commitment
	Rs.
2010	65,720,524
2011	53,799,303
2012	101,970,390
2013	884,072
2014	257,319
2015	328,955,670
Total	551,587,278
	========

6.7.2 A total sum of Rs.395.7 million comprising Rs.145.7 million, Rs.200 million and Rs.50 million had been spent in the years 2013, 2014 and 2015 respectively for the Lanka Government Network Project(LGN). However, the value of unsettled bills since the year 2011 of the Sri Lanka Telecom as at 31 December 2015 amounted to Rs.255,632,822. Provisions amounting to Rs.226,408,429 had been granted in accordance with the approval dated 09 August 2016 of the Cabinet of Ministers for settling liabilities of the Sri Lanka Telecom (Annexure 28). However, it was revealed that out of the provisions made, sums of Rs.29,364,694 and Rs.24,977,333 had been used for the payment of salaries of the officers and for unidentified expenses respectively.

7. Recommendations

- 7.1 In terms of Section 06(2) of the Information and Communication Technology Act, No.27 of 2003, taking action to perform the role of the ICTA properly and to prepare a Corporate Plan and a Business Plan for the long term vision of the Agency.

 Reference 6.1.3, 6.1.5, 6.1.6
- 7.2 Taking action to update the Decision No. CMP/03/0884/134/027 of 16 July 2003 of the Cabinet of Ministers in a manner appropriate to the present.

 Reference 6.1.1
- 7.3 Cadre management in terms of provisions of Chapter 09 of the Public Enterprises Circular No.12 of 02 June 2003 and presentation of financial statements as at due date in terms of Section 6.5.1 of the same Circular.

 Reference 6.1.2, 6.2.1, 6.4.3
- 7.4 Holding Annual General Meetings in terms of Section 133(1) of the Companies Act, No.07 of 2007.

Reference 6.2.2

7.5 Allocating provisions separately for capital and recurrent expenditure. Reference 6.2.3, 6.2.4

7.6 Preparation of cost estimate based on Market Value and taking action to minimize variations and to plan projects through the analysis of cost benefits by carrying out feasibility studies before execution of projects.

Reference 6.3.1, 6.3.2, 6.4.1, 6.4.2, 6.4.5, 6.4.6.1, 6.5.2.3(ii)(iii), 6.5.2.4(iii) (iv)

7.7 Carrying out administrative and financial activities subjected to the supervision of the Ministry of Telecommunication and Digital Infrastructure in compliance with Laws, Rules and Regulations of the Government.

Reference 6.3.3, 6.7.1, 6.7.2

7.8 Implementation of projects on a priority list instead of planning a large number of projects at the same time and preparation of an Action Plan that can be achieved by the Agency and taking action to upgrade the performance.

Reference 6.4.1, 6.4.2, 6.5.1, 6.5.2.1, 6.5.2.2, 6.5.2.3, 6.5.2. 4

7.9 Following Guidelines of the Government Procurement Guidelines and the Procurement Manual.

Reference 6.4.6.1, 6.4.6.3, 6.6.1, 6.6.2, 6.6.3, 6.6.4, 6.6.5.1, 6.6.5.2, 6.6.5.3, 6.6.6.1, 6.6.6.2, 6.6.7, 6.6.8, 6.6.9

7.10 Monitoring projects continuously and carrying out evaluations.

Reference 6.5.2.1(i), 6.5.2.2(i), 6.5.2.3(i), 6.5.2.4(i) (iii)

7.11 Development of infrastructure facilities of the Lanka Government Network and taking action to develop e-services by increasing the capacity so as to utilize those infrastructure facilities.

Reference 6.5.2.1(ii) (iii) (v)

7.12 Provide continuous trainings to Public officers, make the people aware of e-service projects and encourage them in using those services, accurately identify the requirements of Public institutions and taking action to make all relevant parties aware of thereon.

Reference 6.4.7, 6.5.2.1(ii) (iii)

7.13 Taking steps to prevent the duplication of projects.

Reference 6.4.6.2

7.14 Taking action to use funds received under foreign aid and funds received for projects from the Consolidated Fund, only for the achievement of those objectives.

Reference 6.4.4.1, 6.4.4.2, 6.4.4.3, 6.4.4.4, 6.7.2

7.15 Taking action to avoid the incurring of commitments without provisions.

Reference 6.7.1

08 Conclusions

- 8.1 It is concluded that inefficiency, weaknesses in the administration, failure in carrying out direct supervision and in taking follow up action by the ICTA had specially caused the non-digitalization of the Public Sector and the failure of Projects on Information Technology, executed in Public institutions in relation to the sum of Rs.5.8 billion spent during the period 2010-2016 for Projects on Information Technology in the Public Sector.
- 8.2 It is concluded that the failure in updating the autonomy of the ICTA had caused the non-subjection to the direct supervision of the Ministry of Telecommunication and Digital Infrastructure and non-compliance with laws, rules and regulations of the Government on activities of the Agency.
- 8.3 It is concluded that the relevant officers should be responsible for the sum of Rs.281.1 million spent for projects executed by the ICTA but abandoned halfway due to failure thereof.
- 8.4 It is concluded that the ICTA should be restructured for the success of the digitalization of the Public Sector.
- 8.5 As the detailed information in respect of Projects on Information Technology executed since the year 2003 cannot be obtained, it is concluded that a special examination should be carried out for evaluating the productivity of those Projects.

H.M.Gamini Wijesinghe Auditor General May 2018



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ශී ලංකා රජයේ මුදුණ දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ මුදුණය කරන ලදී.

කොළඹ 1, රජයේ පුකාශන කාර්යා-ශයෙන් මිළදී ලබාගත හැකිය.

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2003 අංක 27 දරන තොරතුරු සහ සංනිවේදන තාක්ෂණ පනත

[සහතිකය සටහන් කළේ 2003 සැප්කැම්බර් මස 09 වන දින] එල්. ඩී.–ම්. 7/2003.

- ශ්‍රී ලංකා තොරතුරු සහ සංනිවේදන තාක්ෂණය පිළිබඳ ජාතික කම්ටුව පිහිටුවීම සඳහා විධිවිධාන සැලැස්වීම සඳහා ද, තොරතුරු සහ සංනිවේදන තාක්ෂණය පිළිබඳ ජාතික පුතිපත්තියක් සකස් කිරීම සහ කියා සැලසුමක් පිළියෙල කිරීම සඳහා විධිවිධාන සැලැස්වීම සඳහා ද, තොරතුරු සහ සංනිවේදන තාක්ෂණය සඳහා වූ කාර්ය බලකායක් පත්කිරීම සඳහා විධිවිධාන සැලැස්වීම සඳහා ද රාජා සහ පෞද්ගලික යන අංශ දෙකේම ජාතික පුතිපත්තිය කියාත්මක කිරීම සඳහා වගකීම භාරව සිටින ශ්‍රී ලංකා තොරතුරු සහ සංනිවේදන තාක්ෂණ නියෝජිත අයතනය පිහිටුවීම සඳහා විධිවිධාන සැලැස්වීම සඳහා ද ඊට සම්බන්ධ හෝ අානුෂංශික කරුණු සඳහා විධිවිධාන සැලැස්වීම සඳහා ද වූ පනකකි.
- ශී ලංකා පුජාතාන්නික සමාජවාදී ජනරජයේ පාර්ලිමේන්තුව විසින් මෙසේ පනවනු ලැබේ :—
- 1. (1) මේ පනත 2003 අංක 27 දරන තොරතුරු සහ සංතිවේදන තාක්ෂණ පනත යනුවෙන් හඳුන්වනු ලබන අතර ගැසට් පනුයේ පළ කරනු ලබන නියමයක් මගින් නොරතුරු තාක්ෂණ විෂය භාර අමාතාවරයා විසින් නියම කරනු ලබන දිනයක දී, කු්යාත්මක විය යුතු ය.
- (2) මේ පනතේ විටිවිධාන මේ පනත කියාන්මක වන දිනයේ සිට අවුරුදු පහක කාලයක් සඳහා බලාන්මක විය යුතු ය.

I වන කොටස

තොරතුරු සහ සංනිවේදන තාක්ෂණය පිළිබඳ ජාතික පුතිපත්තිය සහ කුියා හැලැස්ම

- 2. කර්මාන්කයේ යහපත සැලකිල්ලට ගෙන අමාතා මණ්ඩලය විසින් කලින් කල තොරතුරු සහ සංනිවේදන තාක්ෂණයට අදාළ ජාතික පුතිපත්ති වයුහය අනුමන කරනු ලැබිය යුතු ය.
- 3. (1) 2 වන වගන්තිය යටතේ සකස් කරන ලද තොරතුරු සහ සංනිවේදන තාක්ෂණ ප්‍රතිපත්තිය ශ්‍රී ලංකාව තුළ යථා පරිදි ක්‍රියාත්මක කරන බවට සහතික වීම පිණිස, අමාතා මණ්ඩලය විසින් (මෙහි මින් මතු "කාර්ය බලකාය" යනුවෙන් සඳහන්

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නියාත්මකවීමේ දිනය සහ පනතේ කාලසීමාව.

ලුහුඩු ත්ාමය සහ

තොරතුරු සහ ය-නිවේදන තාක්ෂණය පිළිබඳ ජාතික පුතිපත්තිය අමාතා මණ්ඩලය විසින් අනුමත කළ යුතු බව. කොරතුරු සහ ය-නිවේදන පාක්ෂණය පිළිබඳ කාර්ය බලකාය පත් කිරීම. කරනු ලබන) සාමාජිකයන් විසි දෙනකුට නොවැඩි සංඛ්‍යාවකින් සමන්විත තොරතුරු සහ සංනිවේදන තාක්ෂණය පිළිබඳ කාර්ය බලකායක් පත් කරනු ලැබිය යුතු ය. එසේ පත් කරනු ලැබූ එක් සාමාජිකයෙක් කාර්ය බලකායේ සභාපතිවරයා ලෙස පත් කරනු ලැබිය යුතු ය.

(2) තොරතුරු සහ සංතිවේදන තාක්ෂණය, විදුලි සංදේශ කටයුතු, තීතිය, වාාපාර සහ මුලා කටයුතු යන ක්ෂේතුවල විශේෂඥ දැනුම ඇති තැතැත්තත් අතරින් කාර්ය බලකායේ සාමාජිකයන් තෝරාගනු ලැබිය යුතු ය

කාර්ය බලකායේ කර්නවා.

- (අ) තොරතුරු සහ සංතිවේදන තාක්ෂණය පිළිබඳ ජාතික පුතිපත්තියකට අනුකූලව කියා සැලසුමක් පිළියෙල කිරීම ;
 - (ආ) රාජාා අංශය සහ පෞද්ගලික අංශය යන දෙකේම තොරතුරු සහ සංනිවේදන තාක්ෂණය පිළිබඳ ජාතික පුතිපත්තිය සහ කි්යා සැලැසුම කි්යාත්මක කිරීමේ දී සම්බන්ධිකරණය කිරීම සහ එය කි්යාත්මක කිරීම පහසු කිරීම ;
 - (ඇ) තොරතුරු සහ සංතිවේදන තාක්ෂණය පිළිබඳ ජාතික ප්‍රතිපත්තිය සහ කි්යා සැලසුම කි්යාත්මක වන ආකාරය අධීක්ෂණය කිරීම සහ අවශා අවස්ථාවන්හි දී කි්යාත්මක කිරීමේ තියෝජිත ආයතනවලට කලින් කල විධාන තිකුත් කිරීම;
 - (ඇ) තොරතුරු සහ සංනිවේදන තාක්ෂණය ශී ලංකාව තුළ ජනපිය කළ හැකි ආකාරය හඳුනා ගනිමින් සැලසුම සකස් කිරීම ;
 - (ඉ) තොරතුරු සහ සංනිවේදන තාක්ෂණ ක්ෂේතුය මානව සම්පත් සංවර්ධනයට, නිෂ්පාදනවලට, සේවාවලට, වෙළෙඳපලවලට සහ ගනුදෙනුවලට අදාළ කර ගැනීම සඳහා ජාකාන්තර වශයෙන් පුසිද්ධියට පත් පුම්නින් හඳුනාගැනීම, සංවර්ධනය කිරීම සහ ඒවා අනුගමනය කිරීමට කටයුතු සැලැස්වීම ; සහ

(ඊ) පනතේ විධිවිධාන බලාත්මක කිරීම සඳහා නියෝග සැදීමට අවශාවන අවස්ථාවන්හි දී එසේ කිරීමට නිර්දේශ කිරීම,

කාර්ය බලකායේ කර්තවා විය යුතු ය.

II වන කොටස

තොරතුරු සහ සංනිවේදන තාක්ෂණය පිළිබඳ ජාතික කම්වුව

5. (1) (මෙහි මින් මතු "කම්ටුව" යනුවෙන් සදහන් කරනු ලබන) තොරතුරු සහ සංනිවේදන තාක්ෂණය පිළිබඳ කම්ටුවක් පිහිටුවනු ලැබිය යුතු ය.

තොරතුරු සහ ස-නිවේදන නාක්ෂණය පිළිබඳ ජාතික කම්වූව.

- (2) කම්වුව පහත සඳහන් තැනැත්තන්ගෙන් සමන්විත විය යුතු ය :—
 - (අ) කම්ටුවේ සියලු රැස්වීම්වල මුලසුන දැරිය යුතු අමාතාවරයා ;
 - (අා) ව්දුලි සංදේශ විෂයය භාර අමාතාවරයා ;
 - (ඇ) අධාාපන විෂයය හාර අමාතාවරයා ;
 - (අෑ) උසස් අධාාපත විෂයය භාර අමාතාවරයා ;
 - (ඉ) රාජා පරිපාලන විෂයය භාර අමාතාවරයා ;
 - (ඊ) තොරතුරු සහ සංනිවේදන තාක්ෂණ කර්මාන්තයේ අවශාතා සැලකිල්ලට ගෙන අමාතා මණ්ඩලය විසින් තීරණය කරනු ලැබිය හැකි එක් එක් වර්ගවලට සම්බන්ධතාවක් ඇති තැනැත්තන් සම්බන්ධයෙන් සාමාජිකයන් සංඛනාවක් අදාළ අමාතාවරුන් විසින් පත් කරනු ලැබිය යුතු ය.
- (3) තොරතුරු සහ සංනිවේදන තාක්ෂණය සඳහා පුනිපත්ති සාකච්ඡා කිරීමේ කාර්ය, වැඩ සටහන් සහ සැලසුම් පිළියෙල කිරීම සහ එහි කිුිිියාත්මක වීම කලින් කල සමාලෝචනය කිරීම කම්ටුවේ වගකීම විය යුතු ය.

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4 2003 අංක 27 දරන තොරතුරු සහ සංනිවේදන තාක්ෂණ පනන

- (4) කම්වුව අවම වශයෙන් මාස හනරකට එක් වරක්වන් රැස්විය යුතු ය.
- (5) සභාවේ රැස්වීම්වල දී අනුගමනය කළ යුතු කාර්ය පටිපාටිය නියම කරනු ලබන පරිදි විය යුතු ය.
- (6) තොරතුරු සහ සංතිවේදන තාක්ෂණය පිළිබඳ ජාතික ප්‍රතිපත්තිය සහ කියා සැලසුම කියාත්මක කිරීම සඳහා අවශා වන මාර්ගෝපදේශ සහ විධාන කම්වුව විසින් කාර්ය බලකායට තිකුත් කළ යුතු ය.

III වන කොටස

සාමානා

ශී ලංකා තොරතුරු සහ සංතිවේදන තාක්ෂණ තියෝජිත ආයතනය පිහිටුවීම

ශ්‍රී ලංකා තොරතුරු සහ සංනිවේදන තාක්ෂණ නියෝපිත ආයතනය කාර්ය බලකායට සහ කම්වුවට සහාය දිය යුතු බව.

- 6. (1) (1982 අංක 17 දරන සමාගම පනත යටතේ ලියාපදිංචි වූ) ශුී ලංකා තොරතුරු සහ සංතිවේදන තාක්ෂණ තියෝජිත අායතනය, කාර්ය බලකායට සහ කම්ටුවට සහාය ලබා දෙන, විධායක තියෝජිත ආයතනය විය යුතු ය.
- (2) සාංගමික වාවස්ථාවලියෙහි සහ සාංගමික සංස්ථාපනයෙහි දක්වා ඇති පරිදි නියෝජිත ආයකනයේ බලතල සහ කර්තවාවලට අමතරව, එම නියෝජිත ආයකනයට පහන සඳහන් බලතල සහ කර්නවා තිබිය යුතු ය :—
 - (අ) තොරතුරු සහ සංනිවේදන තාක්ෂණය පිළිබඳ ජාතික ප්‍රතිපත්තිය සකස් කිරීම සඳහා අවශා තොරතුරු සැපයීම සහ අමාතා මණ්ඩලයට සහ කම්ටුවට ආධාර කිරීම ;
 - (අා) ජාතික පුතිපත්තියේ සහ කිුයා සැලැසුමෙහි ඇතුළත් කළ යුතු යෝජනා ඉදිරිපත් කිරීම ;
 - (ඇ) සකස් කරන ලද ජාතික ප්‍රතිපත්තිය සහ නියා පැලැසුම කියාත්මක කිරීම පහසු කිරීම සඳහා අවශා සියලු පියවර ගැනීම සහ එය කලින් කල නියාමනය කිරීම සහ සමාලෝචනය කිරීම ;

- (අෑ) තොරතුරු සහ සංනිවේදන තාක්ෂණය පිළිබඳ ජාතික ප්‍රතිපත්තිය සහ කියා සැලැස්මට අනුකුලව රාජා සහ පෞද්ගලික යන අංශ දෙකේම කියාත්මක කිරීමට ඇති කුමෝපාය සහ වැඩසටහන් පිළියෙල කිරීම ;
- (ඉ) තොරතුරු තාක්ෂණය පිළිබඳ ජාතික පුතිපත්තිය සකස් කිරීම සඳහා අවශා සියලු තොරතුරු සැපයීම ;
- (ඊ) කිුිිියා සැලැසුම සකස් කිරීමෙහි ලා සැලකිල්ලට ගත යුතු කරුණු කාර්ය බලකායට නිර්දේශ කිරීම ;
- (උ) ජාතික පුතිපත්තියෙහි සහ කුියා සැලැසුමෙහි ඇතුළත් කළ යුතු කරුණු සම්බත්ධයෙන් යෝජනා ඉදිරිපත් කිරීම ; සහ
- (ඌ) තොරතුරු සහ සංනිවේද න තාක්ෂණය පිළිබඳ ජාතික ප්‍රතිපත්තිය සහ ක්‍රියා සැලැස්මට අනුකූලව රාජන අංශයෙහි සහ පෞද්ගලික අංශයෙහි ක්‍රියාත්මක කළ යුතු කුමෝපායත් සහ වැඩසටහන් සකස් කිරීම.
- 7. (1) අමාතා මණ්ඩලය විසින් අනුමත කර ඇති පරිදි තොරතුරු සහ සංතිවේදන තාක්ෂණය පිළිබඳ ජාතික පුතිපත්තියට අදාළ කරුණු පිළිබඳ විධාන සහ මාර්ගෝපදේශ අමාතාවරයා විසින් කලින් කල නියෝජිත ආයතනයට සහ වෙතත් අදාළ රාජා නියෝජිත ආයතනවලට නිකුත් කරනු ලැබිය හැකි ය.

අමාතාවරයා විසින් විධාන නිකුන් කළ යුතු බව,

- (2) රාජාා සහ පෞද්ගලික යන අංශ දෙකේම තොරතුරු සහ සංතිවේදන තාක්ෂණය පිළිබඳ ජාතික පුතිපත්තිය සහ කිුයා සැලසුම කිුියාත්මක කිරීමට අදාළ වන තාක්දුරට ඒ කිුියාත්මක කිරීමේ ආකාරය, කුමය සහ පුමාණයට අදාළ විධාන සහ මාර්ගෝපදේශ අමාතාවරයා විසින් කලින් කල කාර්ය බලකායට තිකුත් කරනු ලැබීය හැකි ය.
- (3) කාර්ය බලකාය, නියෝජිත ආයතනය සහ අදාළ අමාතනාංශ, රජයේ දෙපාර්තමේන්තු, වාවස්ථාපිත මණ්ඩල, ආයතන සහ රජයේ සහ පෞද්ගලික අංශයේ වෙනන් නියෝජිත ආයතන එකී විධානවලට අනුකූලව කිුයා කිරීම එම ආයතන වල කාර්යය විය යුතු ය.

තියෝජිත අායතනය, බදු ආදිය ගෙවීමෙන් තිදහස් විය යුතු බව.

- 8. (1) මුදල් විෂයය හාර අමාතාවරයාගේ එකහත්වය ඇතිව, 2000 අංක 38 දරන දේශීය ආදායම් පනත පුකාරව අවසර දෙනු ලැබූ පුමාණයට නියෝජික ආයතනයේ ආදායම සහ ලාහ මත යම් බද්දක් ගෙවීමෙන් නියෝජික ආයතනය නිදහස් කරනු ලැබිය යුතු ය.
- (2) එවැනි යම් භාණ්ඩයක් පුදානය කිරීම හෝ ආනයනය කිරීම හෝ මිල දී ගැනීම නියෝජිත ආයතනයේ අරමුණු සාක්ෂාත් කරගැනීම සඳහා උපයෝගී වන බවට සලකනු ලබන්නේ නම්, මුදල් විෂයය භාර අමාතාවරයාගේ එකභත්වය ඇතිව අමාතාවරයා විසින් නියෝජිත ආයතනයට පුදානය කරන ලද හෝ මිල දී ගන්නා ලද යම් භාණ්ඩ මන රේගු බදු හෝ නිෂ්පාදන බදු අයකිරීමෙන් ඒ නියෝජික ආයතනය නිදහස් කරනු ලැබිය යුතු ය.
- (3) ලබාදෙන ලද සේවය සඳහා නියෝජින ආයතනයට ගෙවීමක් කර හෝ නියෝජින ආයතනයට පොදුවේ සහායක් වශයෙන් යම් දායක මුදලක් ගෙවන යම් තැනැත්තකු විසින් ආදායම් බදු සඳහා වගකීම ගණන් බැලීමේ කාර්ය සඳහා, එම ගෙවීම ඇත්ත වශයෙන් සිදු කළ වර්ෂය තුළ ආදායමෙන් එම මුදල අඩුකරන ලෙස හිමිකම් පෑම කළ හැකි ය.

තියෝග.

- 9. (1) මේ පනතේ පුතිපත්ති සහ විධිවිධාන බලාත්මක කිරීමේ කාර්යය සඳහා සහ නියම කිරීම සඳහා මේ පනතා මගින් නියම කර ඇති හෝ බලය පවරා ඇති යම් කරුණක් සම්බන්ධයෙන් අමාතාවරයා විසින් නියෝග සාදනු ලැබිය හැකි ය.
- (2) (1) වන උපවගන්තියේ විටිවිධානවලට යටත්ව පහන සඳහන් කරුණු වලින් සියලුම කරුණු හෝ ඉන් යම් කරුණක් සම්බන්ධයෙන් නියෝග සාදනු ලැබිය හැකි ය :—
 - (අ) තොරතුරු සහ පංතිවේදන තාක්ෂණය පිළිබඳ ජාතික ප්‍රතිපත්තිය සියාත්මක කිරීමේ කාර්යය සඳහා එම ප්‍රතිපත්තියේ වනුහය ඇතුළත අවශාතාක් දුරට විවිධ අංශ සඳහා ආචාර ධර්ම පද්ධති සඳහා ;
 - (අා) ජාතික පුතිපත්තිය පුකාරව සකස් කළ යුතු යම් කිුයා සැලැස්මක ආකෘතිය සහ අන්තර්ගත කරුණු ;

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- (ඇ) තොරතුරු සහ සංනිවේදන තාක්ෂණ ක්ෂේතුය, මානව සමීපත් සංවර්ධනයට, නිෂ්පාදනවලට, සේවාවලට, වෙළෙඳපලවලට සහ ගනුදෙනුවලට අදාළ කරගැනීම සඳහා ජාතාන්තරව පුසිද්ධියට පත් පුමිතීන් ; සහ
- (ඇ) කම්වුවේ කර්තවාය.
- (3) (1) වන උපවගන්තිය යටගත් සාදන ලද සෑම තියෝගයක් ම ගැසට් පතුයේ පළකරනු ලැබිය යුතු අතර එය ගැසට් පතුයේ පළකරනු ලැබූ දින සිට හෝ තියෝගයේ නිශ්චිතව දක්වනු ලැබිය හැකි පසු දිනයක සිට කියාත්මක විය යුතු ය.
- (4) (1) වන උපවගන්තිය යටතේ සාදනු ලබන සැම නියෝගයක් ම අනුමැතිය සඳහා හැකි පහසු ඉක්මතින් පාර්ලිමේන්තුව වෙත ඉදිරිපත් කරනු ලැබිය යුතු ය. එසේ අනුමත කරනු නොලැබු යම් නියෝගයක් එම අනනුමතයේ දින සිට අනුමත කරනු නොලැබූ ලෙස සලකනු ලැබිය යුතු නමුත් ඒ යටතේ මීට පෙර කරන ලද කිසිවකට අගතියක් නොවිය යුතු ය.
- (5) යම් තියෝගයක් අනුමත කරනු තොලැබු දිනය පිළිබඳ තිවේදනය ගැසට් පනුයේ පළ කරනු ලැබිය යුතු ය.
- 10. (1) තොරතුරු තාක්ෂණ සභාව (සින්ටෙක්) පිහිටුවීම සඳහා විධිවිධාන සලස්වන ලද 1994 අංක 11 දරන විදාාව භා තාක්ෂණය වැඩි දියුණු කිරීමේ පනතේ III වන කොටස මෙයින් ඉවත් කරනු ලැබේ.
- (2) මේ පනත කිුයාත්මක වීමේ දින සිට බලපවත්වන පරිදි තොරතුරු තාක්ෂණ සභාවට (සින්ටෙක්) අයත් සියලු වංචල හා තිශ්වල දේපළ සහ එම සභාවේ සියලු වත්කම් සහ බැරකම් මේ පනතේ 6 වන වගන්තිය පුකාරව විධායක නියෝජිත ආයතනය වන ශී ලංකා තොරතුරු සහ සංනිවේදන තාක්ෂණ නියෝජිත ආයතනය වෙන පැවරීය යුතු ය.
- (3) එසේ ඉවත් කිරීම නොතකා 1994 අංක 11 දරන විදාහව හා තාක්ෂණය වැඩි දියුණු කිරීමේ පනතේ 14 වන වගත්තියේ දක්වා ඇති තොරතුරු තාක්ෂණ සභාවේ කර්තවාවලට අදාළව සභාව විසින් පවත්වාගෙන යනු ලබන සියලු කටයුතු අවසන් වන තුරු සභාව විසින් එම කටයුතු පවත්වාගෙන ගොස් අවසන් කළ යුතු ය.
- 11. මේ පනතේ සිංහල සහ දෙමළ භාෂා පාඨ අතර යම් අනනුකූලතාවක් ඇතිවුවහොත්, එවිට සිංහල භාෂා පාඨය බල පැවැත්විය යුතු ය.

අනනුකුලකාවක් ඇති වූ විට පිංහල භාෂා පාඨය බලපැවැත්විය යුතු

ඉවත් කිරීම්.

පාර්ලිමේන්තුවේ සිංහල පනක් කෙවුම්පක්වල සහ පනක්වල වාර්ෂික දායක මිළ (දේශීය) රු. 870 කි. (විදේශීය) රු. 1.160 කි. අංක 32, ටුාන්ස්වර්ක්ස් මන්දිරය, ලෝවස් පාර, කොළඹ 01, රජයේ පුකාශන කාර්යා-ශයේ අධිකාරී වෙත සෑම වර්ෂයකම දෙසැම්බර් මස 13 වැනි දිනට පෙර දායක මුදල් ගෙවා පසුව එළඹෙන එක් එක් වර්ෂය සඳහා ඒවා ලබාගත හැකිය. <u>්රහසිගතයි.</u>

Aller: Mr. Edan Wick & @ 02 Chairmon / ICT Agency of SL

පිටපත්:

ජනාධි./ලේ. අගුා./ලේ. පුති.ස.සහ කිු.කි./ලේ.

මගේඅංකය: අමප/03/0884/134/027 ඔබේ අංකය:

2003 ජූලි මස 16 දින,

කොළඹ, අමාතා මණ්ඩල කාර්යාලයේදී ය.

මු./ලේ. විගණකාධිපති.

ආර්ථක පුතිසංස්කරණ, විදහ හා තාක්ෂණ අමාතහා-ශයේ ලේකම්,

සිමාසහිත ශී ලංකා තොරතුරු හා සංතිවේදන තාක්ෂණ (පෞද්ගලික) නියෝජිත ආයතනයට පුළුල් වූ මෙහෙයුම් අධිකාරිය සදහා බලය් පැවරීම

(ආර්ථක පුතිසංස්කරණ, විදහ හා තාක්ෂණ ගරු ඇමතිතුමා ඉදිරිපත් කළ 2003.05.27 දිනැති සංදේශය)

2003 ජුලි මස 09 වත දින පැවැත්වුණු අමාතා මණ්ඩල රැස්වීමේදී එළඹි තීරණයක් අවශා කටයුතු සඳහා මේ සමග එවා ඇත.

රි.හපත්ගම, අතිරේක ලේකම්.

අ.කලේ/එන්.වී.කේ.කේ.වේරගොඩ, අමාතෳ මණ්ඩලයේ ලේකම්.

(ආ) නහාය පතුයේ විෂයයන්:

අමාතා මණ්ඩල පතිකා 03/0884/134/027 වූ, "සීමාසහිත ශී ලංකා තොරතුරු 26. හා ස•නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ (පෞද්ගලික) නියෝජිත ආයතනයට පුළුල් වූ මෙහෙයුම් අධිකාරිය සඳහා බලය පැවරීම" යන මැයෙන් ආර්ථක පුතිස•ස්කරණ, විදහා හා තාක්ෂණ ඇමතිතුමා ඉදිරිපත් කළ 2003.05.27 දිනැති සංදේශය - සංදේශයට යාකොට තිබූ, කෙටුම්පත් ණය ගිවිසුමෙහි අඩංගු කරුණු සැලකිල්ලට ගන්නා ලදී. අමප/03/1271/134/027(II) වශයෙන් පසුව අ•කගත කරන ලද 2003.07.08 දිතැති සංදේශය ජනාධිපතිතුමියගේ නිරීක්ෂණ සභාගත කරන ලද අතර, පුතිස-ස්කරණ, විදහා හා තාක්ෂණ ඇමතිතුමා විසින් සපයන ලද තොරතුරු පදහම්කොට, යෝජනාවට තම විරුද්ධත්වයක් නොමැති බැව් ජනාධිපතිතමිය විසින් සඳහන් කරන ලදී.

තියා කලයුතු අමාතහාංශ: ආර්ථක පුතිසංස්කරණ, විදහා හා තාක්ෂණ අමාතහාංශය - ජනාධිපතිතුමියගේ ඉහත තිරීක්ෂණ යාකොට ඇත.

(B) Agenda Items:

26. Cabinet Paper 03/0884/134/027, a Memorandum dated 27.05.2003 by the Minister of Economic Reform, Science and Technology on "Empowerment for Enhanced Operational Authority for the Information and Communication Technology Agency of Sri Lanka (Private) Ltd." - contents in the draft Loan Covenant, annexed to the Memorandum, were noted. Observations of the President in Cabinet Memorandum dated 08.07.2003 since numbered as CP 03/1271/134/027(ii) were tabled, and based on the information provided by the Minister of Economic Reform, Science and Technology, President indicated that she had no objection to the proposal.

Action by: My/Economic Reform, Science and Technology - above observations of the President annexed.

('51)_

MINISTRY FOR ECONOMIC REFORM, SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

CABINET MEMORANDUM

EMPOWERMENT FOR ENHANCED OPERATIONAL AUTHORITY FOR THE INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY AGENCY OF SRI LANKA (PRIVATE) LTD.

Approval was granted by the Cabinet of Ministers at the Cabinet meeting of 9th April, 2003 for the Information and Communication Technology Bill to be published in the Government Gazette for the Approval of Parliament enabling the Legislation for the Establishment of the Information and Communication Technology Agency of Sri Lanka (Private) Ltd.

The said company has been set up in terms of the Companies Act No. 17 of 1982 on 12th May 2003.

As spelt out in my submission to the Cabinet (vide cabinet paper 03/0609/134/022 dated 31.03.2003) the success of the e Sri Lanka Programme would be dependent on the establishment of the right implementation framework and capacity to produce results within stipulated time frames and the framework to secure continuous adaptation in the light of fast changing ICT and global markets. Therefore, it is deemed essential that the ICT Agency which will function as the delivery arm of the programme providing leadership in the establishment of Public—Private partnerships/constructs in the field of ICT and functioning as the apex coordinating body with respect to donor assistance programmes focussed on ICT/ should be empowered with full operational independence for setting its Financial and Administrative procedures and mechanisms in order to extend liberty for the Agency to determine its own recruitment levels, remunerations and schemes.

The aide memoire of May 5 – 16, 2003 of the Programme Preparation mission of the World Bank, currently the principal donor of the e-Sri Lanka Programme, has noted the essential requirement for such independence to be extended to the ICT Agency and for which a Loan Covenant would need to be entered into between the Ministry for Economic Reform, Science and Technology, the Treasury and the World Bank to give effect to such empowerment.

In consideration of the above factors it is deemed prudent that a Loan Covenant be entered into in order to give effect to the above and I submit herewith a draft Loan Covenant for information of the Cabinet of Ministers.

Minister for Economic Reform, Science and Technology

May 27, 2003



ශී ලංකා පුජාතාන්තික සමාජවාදී ජනරජයේ පාර්ලිමේන්තුව

2008 අංක 33 දරන තොරතුරු සහ සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ (සංශෝධන) පනත

[සහතිකය සටහන් කළේ 2008 සැප්තැම්බර් මස 26 වන දින]

ආණ්ඩුවේ නියමය පරිදි මුදුණය කරන ලදී.

2008 සැප්තැම්බර් මස 26 වැනි දින ශී් ලංකා පුජාතාන්තික සමාජවාදී ජනරජයේ ගැසට් පතුයේ II වන කොටසේ අතිරේකයක් වශයෙන් පළ කරන ලදී.

ශීූ ලංකා රජයේ මුදුණ දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ මුදුණය කරන ලදී.

කොළඹ 5, රජයේ පුකාගන කාර්යාංශයෙන් මිළදී ලබාගත හැක.

මිළ : රු. 7.00 යි.

තැපැල් ගාස්තුව : රු. 5.00 යි.

2008 අංක 33 දරන තොරතුරු සහ සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ (සංශෝධන) පනත

[සහතිකය සටහන්කලේ 2008 සැප්තැම්බර් මස 26 වන දින]

එල්. ඩී.— ඕ. 30/2008

2003 අංක 27 දරන තොරතුරු සහ සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ පනත සංශෝධනය කිරීම සඳහා වූ පනතකි.

ශී ලංකා පුජාතාන්තික සමාජවාදී ජනරජයේ පාර්ලිමේන්තුව විසින් මෙසේ පනවනු ලැබේ:—

 මේ පනත 2008 අංක 33 දරන තොරතුරු සහ සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ (සංශෝධත) පනත යනුවෙන් හඳුන්වනු ලැබේ.

ලුහුඬු තාමය.

2. (මෙහි මින් මතු "පුධාන පුඥප්තිය" යනුවෙන් සඳහන් කරනු ලබන) 2003 අංක 27 දරන තොරතුරු සහ සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ පනතේ දීර්ඝ නාමයේ ඇති ''ශීු ලංකා තොරතුරු සහ සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණය පිළිබඳ ජාතික කමිටුව පිහිටුවීම සඳහා ව්ධිවිධාන සැලැස්වීම සඳහා ද, තොරතුරු සහ සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණය පිළිබඳ ජාතික පුනිපත්තියක් සකස් කිරීම සහ කුියා සැලසුමක් පිළියෙල කිරීම සඳහා විධිවිධාන සැලැස්වීම සඳහා ද, තොරතුරු සහ සත්තිවේදන තාක්ෂණය සඳහා වූ කාර්ය බලකායක් පත්කිරීම සඳහා විධිවිධාන සැලැස්වීම සඳහා ද, රාජා සහ පෞද්ගලික යන අංශ දෙකේම ජාතික පුතිපත්තිය කිුයාත්මක කිරීම සඳහා වගකීම භාරව සිටින ගීු ලංකා තොරතුරු සහ සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ නියෝජිත ආයතනය පිහිටුවීම සඳහා විධිවිධාන සැලැස්වීම සඳහා ද" යන වචන වෙනුවට ''තොරතුරු සහ සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණය පිළිබඳව අන්තර් අමාතනාංග කම්ටුවක් පිහිටුවීම සඳහා ව්ධිවිධාන සැලැස්වීම සඳහා ද, ජාතික පුතිපත්තියක් සකස් කිරීම සහ ඒ සඳහා අනුමතය ලබාගැනීම සඳහා විධිවිධාන සැලැස්වීම සඳහා ද, රාජා සහ පෞද්ගලික යන අංශ දෙකේම තොරතුරු සහ සන්නිචේදන තාක්ෂණය පිළිබඳ කුමෝපාය සහ වැඩසටහන් සංවර්ධනය කිරීම සහ කිුියා<mark>ත්මක කිරීම සඳහා බලය සහිත ශී</mark> ලංකා තොරතුරු සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ නියෝජිත ආයතනය පිහිටුවීම සඳහා විධිවිධාන **සැලැස්වීම සඳහා ද" යන වචන ආදේ**ශ කිරීමෙන් එහි දීර්ඝ නාමය මෙයින් සංශෝධනය කරනු ලැබේ.

2003 අංක 27 දරන තොරතුරු සහ සන්නිචේදන තාක්ෂණ පනතේ දීර්ඝ නාමය සංණාග්ධනය කිරීම.

3. පුධාන පුඥප්තියේ l වන වගන්තිය පහත දැක්වෙන පරිදි මෙයින් සංශෝධනය කරනු ලැබේ:—

පුධාුන පුඥප්තියේ 1 වන වගන්තිය සංශෝධනය කිරීම,

(1) "1 (1) මේ පනත" යන වචන සහ ඉලක්කම් වෙනුවට "1. මේ පනත" යන වචන සහ ඉලක්කම් ආදේශ කිරීමෙන්;

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2 2008 අංක 33 දරන තොරතුරු සහ සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ (සංශෝධන) පනත

- (2) එම වගන්තියේ (2) වන උපවගන්තිය ඉවත් කිරීමෙන්; සහ
- (3) එම වගන්තියේ පැති සටහන ඉවත්කොට ඒ වෙනුවට පහත දැක්වෙන කොටස ආදේශ කිරීමෙන්:—

''ලුහුඬු නාමය සහ කිුයාත්මක වීමේ දිනය''

2 වන වගත්තියට පෙරාතුවම ඇති ශීර්ෂ පාඨය පුතියෝජනය කිරීම. 4. පුධාන පුඥප්තියේ 2 වන වගන්තියට පෙරාතුවම වූ ශීර්ෂ පාඨය මෙයින් ඉවත් කොට ඒ වෙනුවට පහත දැක්වෙන ශීර්ෂ පාඨය ආදේශ කරනු ලැබේ:—

''තොරතුරු සහ සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණය පිළිබඳ ජාතික පුතිපත්තිය සකස් කිරීම සහ අනුමත කිරීම''

පුධාන පුඥජනියේ 3, 4 සහ 5 වන වගන්නි පුතියෝජනය කිරීම. 5. පුධාන පුඥප්තියේ 3, 4 සහ 5 වන වගන්ති මෙයින් ඉවත් කොට ඒ වෙනුවට පහත දැක්වෙන වගන්ති ආදේශ කරනු ලැබේ:—

''අන්තර් අමාතාහාංශ කමිටු.

- 3. (මෙහි මින් මතු "කමිටුව" යනුවෙන් සඳහන් කරනු ලබන) කැබිනට් අමාතා මණ්ඩලය විසින් පත්කරනු ලබන අන්තර් අමාතා කමිටුවක් පිහිටුවනු ලැබිය යුතු අතර, එම කමිටුව පහත දැක්වෙන තැනැත්තන්ගෙන් සමන්විත විය යුතු ය:—
- (අ) තොරතුරු සහ සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ විෂයය භාර අමාතාවරයා හෝ ඔහුගේ නාමිකයකු;
- (ආ) තොරතුරු සහ සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ නියෝජිත ආයතනය පවරා ඇත්තා වූ අමාතාවරයා හෝ ඔහුගේ නාමිකයකු;
- (ඇ) අවස්ථාවෝචිත පරිදි, අධනාපත හා උසස් අධනාපත හෝ අධනාපත හෝ උසස් අධනාපත විෂයය හාර අමාතනවරයා හෝ ඔහුගේ හෝ ඔවුන්ගේ නාමිකයෙක් හෝ නාමිකයන්;
- (අෑ) ශ්‍රී ලංකා තොරතුරු සහ සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ නියෝජික ආයතනයේ අධානක්ෂ මණ්ඩලයේ සභාපතිවරයා සහ සභාපතිවරයා විසින් නම් කරනු ලබන වෙනත් එක් සාමාජිකයකු; සහ

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(ඉ) රාජා පරිපාලන සහ විදුලි සංදේශ සහ වෙනත් පරදු දරත්තන් පුභේද යන ක්ෂේනු නියෝජනය කරනු ලබන කැබිනට් මණ්ඩලය විසින් නිශ්චය කරනු ලබන තැනැත්තන් සංඛ්‍යාවක්.

කමිටුවේ බලතල ආදිය.

- 4. (1) 2 වන වගන්තිය යටතේ කැබිනට් අමාතය මණ්ඩලය විසින් අනුමත කරනු ලැබිය හැකි තොරතුරු සහ සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණය හා සම්බන්ධ පුතිපත්ති සකස් කිරීම පිළිබඳව රජයට උපදෙස් ලබාදීම කම්ටුවට හාර කාර්යය වන්නේ ය.
- (2) කම්ටුව වසරකට එක්වරක් හෝ රැස්විය යුතු ය.
- (3) කමිටුවේ රැස්වීම්වලදී අනුගමනය කරනු ලැබිය යුතු කාර්ය පටිපාටිය නියම කරනු ලැබිය යුතු ය.

කමිටුවේ කර්තවා.

- 5. 4 වන වගන්තිය මගින් පවරා ඇති බලතලවල වනාප්තියට අගතියක් නොමැතිව,—
 - (අ) 2 වන වගන්තිය යටතේ කැබිනට් අමාතාය මණ්ඩලය වෙත ඉදිරිපත් කිරීම සඳහා, ශ්‍රී ලංකා තොරතුරු සහ සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ නියෝජිත ආයතනයේ නිර්දේශ මත ජාතික පුතිපත්තිය සකස් කිරීම;
- (ආ) ජාතික ප්‍රතිපත්ති සැලැස්ම කාලානුරූපී ලෙස සමාලෝචනය කිරීම සහ එකී සැලැස්මට අවශා විය හැකි යම් වෙනස්කම් සිදුකිරීම සඳහා කැබිනට් අමාතා මණ්ඩලයට උපදෙස් දීම;
- (ඇ) කැබිනට් අමාතා මණ්ඩලය විසින් අනුමත කරනු ලබන ආකාරයට, ශ්‍රී ලංකා තොරතුරු සහ සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ නියෝජිත ආයතනය විසින් රාජා සහ පෞද්ගලික යන අංශ දෙකෙහිම වැඩසටහන් සහ කුමෝපාය

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කියාත්මක කිරීම සඳහා මාර්ගෝපදේශ සැපයීම සහ ඒ සඳහා පහසුකම් සැලැස්වීම සහ අවශා අවස්ථාවලදී කි් යාත්මක කිරීමේ නියෝජාායතන සහ පරදු දරන්නන්ට කලින් කල විධාන නිකුත් කිරීම;

- (ඈ) තොරතුරු සහ සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ සහ සේවා ක්ෂේතුයට අදාල මානව සම්පත් සංවර්ධනය සහ වෙළෙඳපල නිර්මාණය සඳහා උචිත පුමිතීන් හඳුනා ගැනීම, සංවර්ධනය කිරීම සහ අදාල කර ගැනීමට සැලැස්වීම සහ හොඳම ප්‍රායෝගික කුම නිර්දේශ කිරීම;
- (ඉ) අන්තර් කිුයාකාරී තොරතුරු තාක්ෂණ කුම සංවර්ධනය කිරීම හා වහාප්ත කිරීම සහ ශීු ලංකාවේ තොරතුරු සහ සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණික අංශය සංවර්ධනය කිරීම සඳහා අවශා යටිතල පහසුකම් වැඩි දියුණු කිරීම සඳහා පියවර ගැනීම;
- (ඊ) තොරතුරු සහ සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණයේ සියලු අංශවල පර්යේෂණ වැඩි දියුණු කිරීම සහ පැවැත්වීම;
- (උ) කමිටුවේ කර්තවා ඉටුකිරීම සහ ශුී ලංකාවේ තොරතුරු සහ සන්නිචේදන තාක්ෂණය දියුණු කිරීම සඳහා කිුිිියාත්මක කිරීම සඳහා සහ අවශා වෙනත් දේ සිදු කිරීම;
- (ඌ) පනතේ විධිවිධාන බලාත්මක කිරීම සඳහා අවශා අවස්ථාවලදී නියෝග සෑදීම සඳහා නිර්දේශ කිරීම;

කමිටුවේ කර්තවා විය යුතු ය.".

පුධාන පුඥප්තියේ 6 වන වගන්තිය සංශෝධනය කිරීම.

- 6. පුධාන පුඥප්තියේ 6 වන වගන්තිය පහත දැක්වෙන පරිදි මෙයින් සංශෝධනය කරනු ලැබේ:—
 - (1) එහි (1) වන උපවගත්තියෙහි "කාර්ය බලකායට සහ කමිටුවට සහාය ලබා දෙන විධායක නියෝජිත ආයතනය විය යුතු ය" යන වචන වෙනුවට "කමිටුවට සහාය ලබා දෙන නියෝජිත ආයතනය විය යුතු අතර, එම ආයතනය විසින් තොරතරු සන්නිවේදනය පිළිබඳ කුමෝපාය සහ වැඩසටහන් කිුියාත්මක කරනු ලැබිය යුතු ය. කමිටුව විසින් ස්වකීය බලතල සහ කර්තවා කිුියාත්මක කිරීම

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සහ ඉටු කිරීම සඳහා අවශා වන සහාය නියෝජිත ආයතන විසින් සපයනු ලැබීය යුතු අතර, එකී කමිටුවට ලේකම් කාර්යාලයක් ලෙස ද එම නියෝජිත ආයතනය කිුයාත්මක විය යුතු ය ;" සහ

- (2) එම වගන්තියේ දෙවන උපවගන්තියේ—
 - (i) එහි (ආ), (අැ), (අැ) සහ (උ) ඡේද වල සඳහන් ''කිුයා සැලසුම" යන වචන ඉවත් කිරීමෙන් ; සහ
 - (ii) එහි (ඊ) ඡේදය ඉවත්කොට ඒ වෙනුවට පහත දැක්වෙන කොටස ආදේශ කිරීමෙන් :—
 - "(ඊ) ජාතික පුතිපත්ති සකස් කිරීම හා සංශෝධනය කිරීම හෝ පුතිශෝධනය කිරීම සම්බන්ධයෙන් සැලකිල්ලට ගනු ලැබිය යුතු කරුණු කාරණා හඳුනා ගැනීම;"; සහ
 - (iii) එහි (ඌ) ඡේදය ඉවත් කිරීමෙන්.
- 7. පුධාන පුඥප්තියේ 7 වන වගත්තිය පහත දැක්වෙන පරිදි මෙයින් සංශෝධනය කරනු ලැබේ:—

පුධාන පුඥප්තියේ 7 වන වගන්තිය සංශෝධනය කිරීම,

(1) එම වගන්තියේ (1) සහ (2) වන උපවගන්ති මෙයින් ඉවත් කරනු ලබන අතර, ඒ වෙනුවට පහත සඳහන් කොටස ආදේශ කරනු ලැබේ:—

> "(1) පරදු දරන්නන් **විමසීමෙන් සහ ක**මිටුව විසින් ගනු ලබන තීරණ වලින් අතතුරුව, අමාතාවරයා විසින් තොරතුරු සහ සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණය හා සම්බන්ධ කාරණා පිළිබඳව එකී නියෝජිත ආයතනයට සහ වෙනත් රාජා ආස්ථිතයයන් වෙත විධාන සහ මාර්ගෝපදේශ නිකුත් කරනු ලැබිය හැකිය.".

- (2) එම වගත්තියේ (3) වන උපවගත්තිය (2) වන උපවගත්තිය ලෙස නැවත අංක යෙදීමෙන්; සහ
- (3) එම වගන්තියේ (2) වන උපවගන්තියේ "කාර්ය බලකාය" යන වචන ඉවත් කිරීමෙන්.
- 8. මේ පනතේ සිංහල සහ දෙමළ භාෂා පාඨ අතර යම් අනනුකුලතාවක් ඇති වුවහොත්, එවිට, සිංහල භාෂා පාඨය බලපැවැත්විය යුතු ය.

අනනුකූලනාවයක් ඇතිවූ විට සිංහල භාෂා පාඨය බලපැවැත්විය යුතු බව.

පාර්ලිමේන්තුවේ සිංහල පනන් කෙටුම්පත්වල සහ පනත්වල පාර්පික දායක මිළ (දේශීය) රු. 875 කි. (විදේශීය) රු. 1,160 කි. අංක 163, කිරුළපන මාවන, පොල්හේන්හොඩ, කොළඹ 05, රජයේ පුවෘත්ති දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ, පුකාශන කාර්යංශයේ අධිකාරී වෙන සෑම වර්ෂයකම දෙසැම්බර් මස 15 වැනි දිනට පෙර දායක මුදල් ගෙවා පසුව එළෙඹන එක් එක් වර්ෂය සඳහා ඒවා ලබාගත හැකි ය.

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INTRODUCTION

Public enterprises in Sri Lanka are engaged in the provision of goods and services and operate in strategic sectors of the national economy. Therefore the performance of these enterprises will have a direct impact on the macro economic stability of the country.

The regulatory framework governing the management of public enterprises comprise statutory provisions, regulations, rules, circulars, directives and best practices.

The Statutory provisions include:

- Chapter XVII, Articles 148 to 154 of the Constitution of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka 1978 relating to public financial management.
- Part 11 of the Finance Act, No.38 of 1971 relating to financial control of public corporations. This Act is to be repealed by the proposed Public Finance Act, which would provide the regulatory framework for Public Sector financial management, including public enterprises.
- Enabling Acts of Parliament -- Special or General Acts of Parliament under which public corporations are created.
- Conversion of Public Corporations or Government Owned Business Undertakings into Public Companies, Act No. 23 of 1987.
- Companies Act, No.17 of 1982 under which Government owned companies are incorporated.
- Public Enterprises Reform Commission of Sri Lanka, Act No. 1 of 1996.

Regulations, Rules, Circulars and Directives:

In addition the Minister of Finance and the General Treasury on his behalf, issue regulations, rules, circulars and directives from time to time, with a view to ensure that the institutions are operated in the best interests of the enterprises and its stakeholders.

Best Practices in Corporate Governance

Apart from the regulatory framework, Corporate Governance systems also ensure that corporations are controlled and managed for purposes of transparency and accountability with a view to be responsive to people's needs. It is of paramount importance especially in the Public Enterprises' Sector as its effects are not limited to the narrow interests of the Government as shareholder, but have its impacts on Society as a whole.

Best Practices in Corporate Governance lead to good performance, economic development and better standards and quality of life of the public. At the other end of the spectrum, poor performance and losses would result in heaping more burdens on the public, to keep such inefficient and loss making entities afloat.

Need for Guidelines

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Although regulations, rules, circulars and directives issued from time to time are aimed at providing guidelines on financial discipline and controls, it has been the practice that many of these are observed in the breach by most enterprises. In many instances unawareness of the numerous regulations, rules and circulars has been the cause for non-compliance.

The financial statements and related reports have often been filed late, sometimes years behind schedule. As a result the enterprises have been unable to arrest shortcomings in a timely manner by remedial measures, thus leading to deficiencies being compounded over the years. Even public enterprises that are profitable and operate on commercial lines, have not achieved acceptable rates of return, considering the huge investments made in these entities.

Guidelines for good governance

With the intention of obviating recurrence of non-compliance with regulations, rules, circulars and directives in the future and to improve the performance of public enterprises through Best Practices in Corporate Governance, an attempt has been made to compile this Handbook titled "Public Enterprises Guidelines for Good Governance".

Objectives

The main objective of these guidelines is to make the regulatory framework a simplified working document, summarizing existing procedures and removing those that are obsolete and creating new or modified procedures, to meet the current developments and trends for an effective financial management system for good governance in the public enterprises. These guidelines will therefore enable the financial management controls in public enterprises to be carried out in an orderly and efficient manner.

Contents of the guidelines

The following Chapters provide in broad and general terms guidelines that should be followed in managing public enterprises: -

Chapter 1 Definition and Categories
Chapter 2 Accountability & Transparency

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Chapter 3 Board of Directors

Chapter 4 Board Meetings

Chapter 5 Corporate Plan and Budgets
Chapter 6 Annual Reports and Accounts
Chapter 7 Systems Control and Committees

Chapter 8 Fund Management - Revenue and Expenditure Controls

Chapter 9 Human Resource Management Chapter 10 Dissolution of Public Enterprises

Applicability of Guidelines

The "Public Enterprises Guidelines for Good Governance" will be applicable to commercial corporations, Government owned companies, statutory boards and its subsidiaries.

Other financial management guidelines issued by other Ministries and Departments would be applicable only to the extent it is relevant and is not covered under these guidelines.

Exceptions

These guidelines will not apply to companies that will be owned and managed by the proposed State Holding Company including companies under management contracts and for those enterprises identified by the Government for implementation of the "Code of Best Practice in Corporate Governance".

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CHAPTER 1

DEFINITION AND CATEGORIES

1.1 Definition

"Public Corporation means any Corporation, Board or any other body which was or is established by or under any written law other than the Companies Act, with capital wholly or partly provided by the Government by way of grant, loan or other form".

"Public Enterprise" means any public Corporation, Board or other body, which was or is established under any written law, including Companies Act, where the Government has the controlling interest".

Public enterprises comprise the following: -

- 1. Commercial corporations
- 2. Government owned companies

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- 3. Statutory boards
- 4. Subsidiaries of 1, 2 and 3 above.
- 1.2 Commercial corporations These are organizations established under Special or General Acts of Parliament, with capital wholly or partly provided by Government. These enterprises are expected to operate on commercial lines and be viable and self-financing.

1.3 Government owned companies - These include: -

- a) Entities established and operated under the Companies Ordinance/Act in which Government has a direct controlling interest by virtue of its shareholding
- b) Corporations and Government owned companies converted in terms of the "Conversion of Public Corporations or Government Owned Business Undertakings into Public Companies Act, No. 23 of 1987".
- 1.4 Statutory boards Organizations established under Special or General Acts of Parliament with recurrent and capital expenditure fully or partly provided by way of annual Government grants to meet promotional, regulatory, educational, research and other services.
- 1.5 Subsidiaries of commercial corporations, Government owned companies and Statutory boards These are companies where the Government has an indirect control through public enterprises.

1.6 Categorization and Grading:

1.6.1 Commercial corporations and Government owned companies

Public enterprises vary in size, depending on the size of the investment, scale of operations, numbers employed etc. Therefore to give due weightage to the above factors, Commercial corporations and Government owned companies are classified into 3 categories, namely A, B and C, based on the latest three years audited Accounts as follows:-

(a) Category A

- total assets (net book values of non current assets and current assets) as at the end of each year, averaged for the three year period greater than Rs. 1000 million and
- total revenue averaged for the three years greater than Rs.1000 million and
- total number of employees as at the end of each year averaged for the three year period greater than 1000.

(b) Category C

- total assets (net book values of non current assets and current assets) as at the end of each year averaged for the three year period less than Rs. 500 million and

- total revenue averaged for the three years less than Rs.500 million and

- total number of employees as at the end of each year averaged for the three-year period less than 500

(c) Category B

All other enterprises, which do not fall under A and C, should be categorized as B.

Statutory boards excluding Universities and Post Graduate Institutes are also graded into three categories, based on the latest three years audited Accounts as

(a) Category A

- total assets (net book values of non current assets and current assets) as at the end of each year averaged for the three year period greater than Rs. 500 million and
- total revenue (recurrent and capital grants including own generations) averaged for the three years greater than Rs, 500 million and
- total number of employees as at the end of each year averaged for the three year period greater than 500.

(b) Category C

- total assets (net book values of non current assets and current assets) as at the end of each year averaged for the three year period less than Rs.250 million and
- total revenue (recurrent and capital grants including own generations) averaged for the three years less than Rs.250 million and
- total number of employees as at the end of each year averaged for the three-year period less than 250.

Category B

All other enterprises, which do not fall under A and C, should be graded as Category B.

The Boards of Management of public enterprises will therefore have to determine the category under which their entities fall, based on the above criteria. It will be the responsibility of the Chairman to apprise the Board and also intimate to the relevant line Ministry, Department of Public Enterprises, General Treasury and the Auditor General, the relevant category of the enterprise. If the category necessitates a revision due to changes in the criteria as reflected in the Annual Accounts, justification for such a change in the category should also be intimated to the above agencies. The Board should therefore determine the grading on an annual basis on receipt of the Audited Final Accounts

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1.6.3 Universities and Post Graduate Institutes are not categorized and graded.

1.6.4 Deviations – Enterprises facing difficulties in fitting into any of the above categories are advised to seek clarification and obtain a ruling from the Secretary to the Treasury through the Department of Public Enterprises, General Treasury.

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CHAPTER 2

ACCOUNTABILITY AND TRANSPARENCY

2.1 Accountability and transparency

A Public Enterprise is established, owned and operated by the Government, on behalf of the public. The Board of Directors and the management are responsible for managing the enterprise and are finally accountable to the public of Sri Lanka as ultimate owners of public enterprises. However, as public ownership of these enterprises is vested in the Government, the Board is directly accountable to the Government. The Government, and its officials are therefore entrusted with the supervision, governance and management of public enterprises and have a duty to ensure that the enterprises are governed and operated in the best interest of the enterprises and its stakeholders, in full compliance within the regulatory framework.

2.2 Mechanisms by which accountability is exercised

2.2.1 Parliament

In terms of the Constitution, Parliament has full control of public finance and therefore public enterprises are subject to Parliamentary control. For this purpose: -:

- a) Annual Reports of public enterprises should be tabled in Parliament within the stipulated time frame for review by Members of Parliament.
- b) Members of Parliament have the right to raise queries in respect of the working of enterprises and it shall be the responsibility of the Minister in charge of the enterprise, to provide true and fair responses to any questions raised.
- c) The Parliamentary Committee on Public Enterprises (COPE) is empowered to review the Annual Accounts and performance of public enterprises, to ascertain the extent to which enterprises achieve performance targets and fulfill social responsibilities. If a public enterprise is summoned by the COPE, the Chairman, Directors, CEO and senior managers with the Chief Accounting Officer, should be present at the reviews, to respond to any queries and matters of concern regarding

the activities of the enterprise. Any member unable to attend due to unavoidable circumstances, should seek prior approval from the Committee Secretariat, giving reasons for his inability to attend

d) The Parliamentary Consultative Committee has the power to request the Chairmen, Boards of Directors and senior Managers of public enterprises to be present at meetings of the Committee, to clarify any queries raised on any matters of interest or concern regarding the operations of the enterprise.

2.2.2 Cabinet of Ministers

- The Cabinet of Ministers are responsible for major policy decisions relating to
- Cabinet approval is required before Annual Reports and Accounts of public (b) enterprises are tabled by the appropriate Minister in Parliament.
- The Cabinet Sub Committee with the respective public enterprise officers will review the Annual Reports and Accounts.
- If losses are anticipated in a public enterprise due to changes in government policy or due to any other specific reasons, such matters should be brought to the notice of the Cabinet of Ministers through the appropriate Minister.
- In addition the Cabinet of Ministers may call for any reports from enterprises and it will be the responsibility of the Chairman of the enterprise to furnish the required information through the relevant Minister.

2.2.3 Minister of Finance/ General Treasury

- a) The Minister of Finance or the General Treasury on his behalf, is responsible for financial discipline in the public sector, including public enterprises.
- b) In pursuance of (a) above, regulations, rules, codes, guidelines and directives are issued, to ensure that Boards properly discharge their financial responsibilities with due regard to economy, efficiency and effectiveness.
- c) The Secretary to the Treasury as a shareholder of Government owned companies, appoints Directors to the Boards of these companies in terms of the Articles of Association with the approval of the Cabinet Sub Committee on Appointments.
- c) Treasury Representatives are appointed to Boards, to monitor performance and ensure compliance with statutes, regulations, rules etc. and to report on any
- d) The Secretary to the Treasury or his proxy as shareholder has the power to seek clarification on any relevant issues at Annual General Meetings.

idable riving

the be 1y e) The Department of Public Enterprises, General Treasury is responsible for the financial management and control in public enterprises.

2.2.4 Relevant Minster / Ministry

Relevant Minster / Ministries in charge of public enterprises are responsible for the following: -

- a) The Minister in charge of the subject appoints competent members as Directors to the Boards of commercial corporations and statutory boards, in terms of the respective Acts, with the approval of the Cabinet Sub Committee on Appointments, chaired by the Prime Minister, to ensure that entities fulfill the mandates for which they were set up.
- b) To make major policy decisions for public enterprises, with the concurrence of the Minister of Finance.
- c) Appointment to the Board of Directors is made by the Secretary to the Treasury as a shareholder of Government owned companies, based on the recommendation of the Minister in charge of the subject with the approval of the Cabinet Sub Committee on Appointments
- d) Secretaries of Ministries as Chief Accounting Officers, should ensure that Annual Reports and Accounts are tabled in Parliament. They are also answerable for the financial administration and management of the institutions coming under their purview.
- e) As Secretary to the line Ministry, the Chief Accounting Officer should regularly review the following matters with the Board of Management:
 - a) Corporate Plan/Budgets
 - b) Review of both physical and financial performance of the current year
 - c) Auditor General's Report/ Management Letter
 - d) Development activities undertaken during the year
 - e) Petitions and any other matters raised in the media and remedial measures taken
 - f) Matters arising from the previous meetings of the Committee on Public Enterprises (COPE)

2.2.5 Auditor General

The Auditor General is responsible to report on the Annual Report and Accounts to Parliament in respect of public corporations.

In regard to Government owned companies, the Secretary to the Treasury as a shareholder appoints private auditors in consultation with the Auditor General. Annual Report and Accounts together with the Auditors Reports should be tabled in Parliament in addition to filing with the Registrar of Companies, in terms of the Companies Act.

2.2.6 National Review Committees

Independent reviews will be carried out by National Review Committees comprising members from professional bodies, non Governmental organisations etc with a view to evaluate performance and to determine the extent to which public enterprises have fulfilled its social objectives.

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CHAPTER 3

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

3.1 Board of Directors

The Board of Directors have a statutory responsibility in the stewardship of the enterprise on behalf of the Government and its stakeholders. In its stewardship role the two principal functions are: -

- 1. to lead the enterprise, and
- 2. to oversee the management and operations of the enterprise

3.2 Composition of the Board

- The appointment of the Board of Directors will be in terms of the relevant Acts in respect of public corporations and Articles of Association in the case of companies registered under the Companies Act, with the approval of the Cabinet Sub Committee on Appointments.
- The Chairman of the Board is either appointed by the Minister or elected by the Board with the approval of the Cabinet Sub Committee on Appointments
- Unless otherwise specifically stated in the enabling Acts or Articles of Association as the case may be, the composition of the Board should include;
 - a) At least one specialist in the field of Finance and one in the subject area of the enterprise
 - b) One member from the Ministry in charge of the subject of Finance/ Policy Planning or the General Treasury
 - c) Executive Directors subject to a maximum of two (a full time Chairman is an Executive Director)

3.3 Responsibilities of the Board

The Board should exercise its mandated rights and responsibilities with integrity and in good faith as the custodian of public resources. The Board should at all times be conscious of its onerous responsibilities, as the outcome of any decisions and actions carried out without proper planning will ultimately be borne by the public at large.

3.4 Best Practices

Best Practices in Corporate Governance advocate vigilant and well functioning Boards that debate strategic decisions openly and constructively in the best interests of the enterprise. For this purpose dissenting views of members should also be heard. It is possible that a single dissenter could make a huge difference on a Board. "The highest performing companies have extremely contentious Boards that regard dissent as an obligation and treat no subject as undiscussable".

3.5 Leadership role

In its leadership role, the duties of the Board should include the following: -

- a) Determine the Mission of the enterprise and how best it could serve the interests of its shareholders and other stakeholders
- b) Ensure that legal requirements are fulfilled and the enterprise operates in accordance with the provisions of the Incorporation Act/ Memorandum and Articles of Association
- c) Frame policies for implementation by Management, so as to achieve optimum returns and benefits to its shareholders and other stakeholders.
- d) Review public policy objectives periodically and provide strategic direction, to formulate long-term goals and objectives for future growth.
- e) Ascertain that finances needed to meet goals and objectives are generated or obtained on a timely basis without interruptions, for the smooth functioning of the enterprise.
- f) Ensure proper accountability by maintaining adequate records and books of Accounts
- g) Ensure that an effective risk management system is in place, to insulate the enterprise against disruptions, setbacks etc.

3.6 Oversight role

Harvard Business Review -Sept 25th 2002

As regards its oversight role the Board is responsible for the overall management of the enterprise and to establish effective systems of control as checks and balances with responsibility shared widely amongst Senior Managers.

For this purpose the responsibility of the Board will include the following: -

- a) Ensure that Board policies are executed in the same spirit as it was framed and in the best interest of the institution and the public at large.
- b) Monitor the activities of Management by means of Management Information reports and evaluate performance, to ensure that the enterprise is on track in its operations.
- c) If results do not match desired expectations, take remedial action without delay to ensure that goals are achieved.
- d) Appoint competent personnel as Managers and ensure that there is proper delegation and team spirit amongst the Senior Management, by providing a conducive environment to carry out their respective functions independently and in a responsible manner.
- e) Report to shareholders at Annual General Meetings/attend Committee on Public Enterprises (COPE) meetings.

3.7 The Board of Directors and the Senior Management team

3.7.1 The Chairman/Chief Executive Officer who will be the important link in the entire governance structure will lead the team and the enterprise in the right direction. Unless otherwise specified in the Incorporation Act or Articles of Association, it is the responsibility of the Board to decide the person to be designated as Chief Executive Officer and to inform the appropriate Ministry and the Department of Public Enterprises, General Treasury.

If not specified in the Act or Articles of Association, the CEO could be one of the following: -

- A full time Chairman in this case designated as Chairman and Managing Director
- A full time director (Executive Director) in this case designated as Managing Director
- 3.7.2 The Chief Operations Officer responsible for implementation of the policies of the enterprises relating to core activities and preparation of plans and programs, so as to achieve predetermined targets
- 3.7.3 The Chief Finance Officer, responsible for developing and implementing sound accounting and budgetary control systems and providing timely information and Accounts to the Board and to the stakeholders, in keeping with transparency and accountability.

- 3.7.4 The Human Resource Manager entrusted with the duty to ensure optimum productivity of the employees of the enterprise by means of recruitment of the right persons, improving skills by providing training and boosting morale for good performance.
- 3.7.5 The Internal Audit Manager responsible to review systems and procedures, to ensure that operations are carried out in a true and fair manner.

3.8 Role of the Board Secretary

The Board Secretary has to ensure that Board procedures are followed and should provide guidance on legal requirements regarding Board proceedings. In addition the Secretary's duties involve: -

- Circulating notice of Board meetings, Minutes of meetings, Board Papers together with other relevant documents.
- Follow up actions on Board decisions
- Assist Board members by providing both internal and external information

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CHAPTER 4

BOARD MEETINGS

4.1 Board meetings

Board Meetings constitute the highest decision-making mechanism in an enterprise. It is the most important forum for taking strategic decisions on capitalisation, corporate strategy objectives, etc. and to review, debate and formulate policies and strategies based on Management Information Reports. In addition, members at Board meetings should critically monitor operations, as the Board takes final responsibility for the affairs and performance of the enterprise. It is therefore imperative that good Boardroom practices should be followed, focussing on strategies and operational issues of major importance, rather than trivial administrative and routine matters.

Board meetings should not be events to merely endorse Reports on the public enterprise's financial and operational performance, but should be a forum for responsible and constructive evaluation of key issues and its implications. Such constructive activism is a powerful means of ensuring that Senior Management performs in the manner expected, on behalf of the stakeholders.

4.2 Matters and issues that should be addressed at Board Meetings: -

4.2.1 Policy Formulation

- a) Identify strengths, weaknesses, opportunities and threats relating to its competitors, customers etc for the purpose of making strategic decisions on the future directions of the enterprise.
- b) For balanced decision making, assess the interrelationship between the differing competitive pressures facing the organisation i.e. the balanced score card perspectives such as customer, internal, innovation/learning and financial orientation.
- c) Evaluate Annual Plans and Budgets to ascertain the reliability of targets and goals and to ensure that optimum capacities are reached.

- d) Identify trade-offs between competing public policy and commercial objectives and arrive at a compromise to be achieved.
- e) Ensure that appropriate Reporting Systems are developed to provide the Board with regular, reliable and timely information, so as to achieve the highest standards of disclosure and transparency to the Government and the public
- f) Revise policies and strategies based on periodic performance reviews.
- g) If a reduction in cash flows or profits is anticipated in the long term based on changed conditions, develop new strategies to counter these unfavourable
- h) Ensure that the policies and strategies of the enterprise fall within the Government policy framework.

Monitoring and evaluation of performance of public enterprises 4.2.2

The Board should periodically review its Corporate Plan, Budgets and performance to ensure that actual performance is in line with the Plan and take timely remedial action, if wide discrepancies are observed and wherever necessary revise the Plans/ Budgets.

It is imperative that monitoring should be done at frequent intervals so as to hold senior managers responsible for their assigned functions and also ensure that transparency is achieved. For this purpose the following Statements should be tabled at every monthly Board meeting: -

- a) Monthly Performance Statement in financial and physical terms
- b) Operating Statement for the month
- c) Cash Flow Statement for the month
- d) Liquidity position and borrowings
- e) Procurements of material value, especially non current assets purchased during
- Statement on Human Resources including cadre positions, new recruitments etc.

For commercial corporations and government owned companies it is essential to review performance division wise. For each division the overall performance measure should be on the following basis:-

- rate of return greater than the cost of capital (ROI approach)
- ii) net income greater than its opportunity cost (EVA approach)

4.2.3 Monitoring and evaluation of performance of subsidiaries/associates and other

The Board of Directors of the parent body should take full responsibility for the affairs of its subsidiaries. It is therefore vital that the Board should periodically review the

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performance of its subsidiaries to ensure that targets are achieved. As such the Board has a fiduciary duty to: -

- a) Meet at least once in six months to discuss the performance of its subsidiaries.
- b) Forward at least half yearly performance reports to the Department of Public Enterprises, General Treasury.
- c) Ensure that dividends are received on a regular basis where profits are made.
- d) Make similar arrangements to monitor the associates and other investments.
- e) Ensure that investments in subsidiaries, associates and other investments are accounted and reflected in the Annual Reports and Accounts in accordance with the Sri Lanka Accounting Standards on "Accounting for Subsidiaries, Associates and other Investments".

4.2.4 Annual Performance Review

Special Board meeting should be convened to review the contents and approve the Annual Reports and Accounts including Audit Reports.

4.2.5 Working Capital

Boards should also institute systems for effective management of its working capital and the following Statements should therefore be reviewed on a monthly basis at Board Meetings in addition to reports referred to in Clause 4.2.2: -

- a) Age analysis of debtors and creditors
- b) Age analysis of stocks
- c) Statement identifying old, slow moving and obsolete stocks and other items

4.2.6 Quarterly, Half Yearly and Annual Performance Reports

Apart from the above monthly reviews, the Board should critically evaluate Quarterly, Half Yearly and Annual Performance Reports, including the Auditor General's Reports. Quarterly Performance Reports should be forwarded to the line Ministry and the Department of Public Enterprises, Treasury in the formats given in Appendix 1 on or before 30 days before the end of the quarter.

4.3 Board Papers

It is the responsibility of the Board Secretary to ensure that Board Papers are circulated well in advance and not less than three days before Board meetings. The Secretary is responsible to advise the Board on compliance with Board meeting procedures and should ensure that reliable and relevant information is provided to the Board in a timely manner, for effective decision-making. Minutes of the Board meetings should also be forwarded to the Secretary to the line Ministry within 10 days after confirmation of such meetings, for purposes of transparency and accountability.

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CHAPTER 5

CORPORATE PLAN AND BUDGETS

5.1 Corporate Plan

A Corporate Plan incorporates strategies regarding the future direction of the enterprise. For this reason, it is crucial that the Corporate Plan should be realistic and attainable, if actual performance is to be in line with fixed targets. It is also a reflection of the commitment by the Board of Directors and senior management in the future prospects of the organisation.

A Corporate Plan should be a rolling plan effective for a period of not less than 5.1.1 three years. In the case of commercial enterprises, the entities should attain a rate of return greater than the cost of capital over any rolling period of 3 years and should take corrective measures where losses are anticipated to prevent such losses in the ensuing years. In years where losses are envisaged, prior approval of the Minister of Finance should be obtained with proper justification to incur such losses, financing of such losses and measures to be taken to prevent recurrences.

Salient features of a Corporate Plan: -

- The Vision, Mission Statement and objectives
- The current resources available to the enterprise i.e.

Land and buildings

Production and operating facilities

Human resources and management skills

Technical know-how

Markets and Suppliers

Finance etc.,

- The Organisation Structure
- Strengths and weaknesses in the organisation and the external threats
- A review of the preceding three years operating results
- Strategic plans for the period under review
- Action Plan clearly identifying the responsibilities of Managers with goals and targets to be achieved during the Plan period
- Performance indicators
- 5.1.3 Updated copies of the Corporate Plan approved by the Board together with the updated Annual Budget should be forwarded to the line Ministry, Department of

Public Enterprises, General Treasury and the Auditor General at least 15 days before the commencement of each financial year.

5.2 Annual Budget

The Budget constitutes the working document of the enterprise to achieve the targets it has set for itself in the year ahead. It is an incremental step in achieving the long-term goals for the enterprise, as spelt out in the Corporate Plan.

5.2.1 The Budget should therefore include projections of realistic revenues and expenditure both recurrent and capital, having regard to the external and internal factors that have a bearing on its operations. The form and contents should synchronise with the format in which the Annual Accounts are presented.

The Budget should include amongst others the following: -

- (1) Budgeted Income and Expenditure Statement for the year
- (2) Budgeted Balance Sheet as at the end of the year
- (3) Cash Flow Statement for the year
- (4) Budgeted Capital Expenditure together with an Action Plan

5.2.2 Capital Budget

- a) If the capital expenditure for an item/project exceeds the limits in Table A below, a proper feasibility study should be made before incorporation in the Capital Budget.
- b) With regard to items in the Capital Budget, in addition to Board approval, approval of the appropriate Ministry and the concurrence of the Department of Public Enterprises, General Treasury should be obtained before incurring expenditure on the following: -
 - All types of motor vehicles
 - Any capital expenditure where the expenditure exceeds the limits specified in Table A.

Table A

Authority Limits for Capital Expenditure

Category	Commercial Public Enterprises	Statutory Boards	
	In Rs. million	In Rs. million	
A	10.0	5.0	
В	5.0	2.5	
C	2.0	1.0	

c) As the limits in Table A above is a deviation from the Finance Act, No. 38 of 1971, public corporations should obtain approval in terms of Sec. 8 (2) of the Finance Act at the beginning of the financial year for the total budgeted capital expenditure to be incurred during the year.

5.2.3 Budget - Time targets

As a guide, the formulation of the Budget should commence around 6 months before the commencement of the year to which the Budget relates and should ideally adopt a zero based approach. By these means an enterprise will critically evaluate each activity, to ascertain its need for continuity and fix limits and targets accordingly.

- 5.2.4 The draft Budget should be placed before the Board of Directors for approval, three months before the commencement of the financial year. Any material changes that Government should be incorporated in the final Budget.
- 5.2.5 Copies of the final updated Budget approved by the Board should be forwarded to the line Ministry, the Department of Public Enterprises, General Treasury and Auditor General not later than 15 days before the commencement of the ensuing year.
- 5.2.6 As the target dates for submission of Budgets is a deviation from the Finance Act, No. 38 of 1971, public corporations should submit the draft budget approved by the Board three months before the commencement of the year in terms of Sec 8 (1) of the Finance Act, No. 38 of 1971.

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CHAPTER 6

ANNUAL REPORTS AND ACCOUNTS

6.1 Annual Reports and Accounts

Annual Reports and Accounts are means by which useful conclusions could be drawn about operations, prospects and the financial viability of the firm. The Annual Reports and Accounts provide a snap shot view of the performance of the enterprise in the past year. It also reflects both, the effectiveness of the stewardship role of the Board of Directors and the degree of efficiency by Management in the exercise of their assigned functions. For these documents therefore to be meaningful, it is absolutely essential that it should be prepared in a timely manner, with all relevant disclosures that would enable interested parties to form a judgement on performance and future prospects of the enterprise.

6.2 Transparency and disclosure

For purposes of transparency, enterprises should fully disclose all relevant information to reflect a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the enterprise.

6.3 Financial Statements

The preparation and presentation of financial statements of all commercial public enterprises should be in accordance with the Sri Lanka Accounting Standards Act, No.15 of 1995. The illustrative formats in terms of the Sri Lanka Accounting Standards No. 3 (SLAS 3) are in Appendix 2.

Statutory boards should modify the above formats in consultation with the Department of Public Enterprises, General Treasury.

6.3.1 Annual Report and Accounts should cover, inter alia the following: -

- a) Mission Statement and Vision of the enterprise's future direction
- b) Brief profile of the Directors and Senior Management
- c) Review by the Chairman outlining the opportunities and constraints faced in the year under review
- d) Directors Report
- e) Audit Committee Report
- f) Audited Financial Statements
- g) Report of the Auditor General/ private auditors

6.4 **Audit of Financial Statements**

- In terms of the Constitution and the Sec. 13 (1) of the Finance Act, No. 38 of 1971, 6.4.1 the Auditor General should be the auditor for every public corporation. The Auditor General may employ the services of any qualified auditor who shall act under his
- In terms of the Companies Act, No. 17 of 1982, the auditors of Government owned companies should be appointed by passing a Resolution at the Annual General Meeting. For this purpose the Secretary to the Treasury as the shareholder in consultation with the Auditor General appoints the auditors.
- In respect of commercial corporations and statutory boards, the Auditor General shall be paid by the enterprise such remuneration as the appropriate Minister may with the concurrence of the Minister of Finance, determine.
- In respect of Government owned companies the Secretary to the Treasury as shareholder will determine the remuneration of the auditors appointed by him in
- The Auditor General or any person authorised as private auditors appointed by 6.4.5

The right of access to any books, records etc.

The right to call for relevant information

The right to summon any person for examination

The right to require the enterprise to settle its minimum internal audit programme.

- The enterprise and its management should extend their fullest cooperation when the auditor exercises the above rights so as to enable him/her to give a true and fair state of affairs of the enterprise.
- 6.5 Annual Report and Accounts - Time targets
- The Draft Annual Report and Accounts should be rendered to the Auditor General within 60 days after the close of the financial year with copies to the line Ministry and the Department of Public Enterprises, General Treasury.
- The report of the Auditor General on the Accounts will be made available to the Board of Directors within 30 days thereafter for consideration. It becomes the responsibility of the Board to inform the Auditor General of the steps that it proposes to take on any weaknesses observed and pointed out in the course of the

- 6.5.3 The final audited accounts together with the Auditors Report, in all three languages, should be tabled in Parliament within 150 days after the close of the financial year.
- 6.6 Printing and publication

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It must be emphasised that an Annual Report is a public document and should be freely available for purchase by all interested parties. It should therefore be printed and published in an economical manner in all three languages i.e. Sinhala, Tamil and English. The number of copies to be printed in each language should be determined in consultation with the Secretary General of Parliament.

Larger commercial public enterprises, which are competing for the Best Corporate Report award or where the enterprises have to create an image locally and abroad through impressive reporting in view of their competitive environment may use better quality stationery to make it more attractive.

Public enterprises are expected and encouraged to develop and maintain their own websites with all relevant data and information including salient financial trends from Annual Reports, that would enable any interested party to gain an insight of the objectives of the enterprise, its current performance and any information which would be of material interest to form an opinion of its operations and future trends.

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CHAPTER 7

SYSTEMS CONTROL AND COMMITTEES

7.1 **Control Mechanisms**

To reap the desired effects of good governance, it is of paramount importance that a well-established system of checks and balances should be in place. This would enable Managements to devote their productive time for improved performance, whilst the control mechanisms would ensure the smooth functioning of the enterprise. Inter relationships and interactions would be the main features of these mechanisms with sensing facilities to bring into focus, issues that have a negative impact. Responsibility should be spread widely by delegation so that no single group could wield undue power or authority The success or failure of many enterprises is thus attributed to the degree of effectiveness of these control

7.2 Systems / Manuals

It is imperative that all public enterprises have their own Systems/Manuals covering all major operations, regularly revised and updated. The Board should have clearly defined delegation of authority and responsibility for carrying out these major operations, in line with the Organisation Chart.

To aid in the effectiveness of these control mechanisms, the current business climate depends to a large extent on computer based systems such as enterprise resource planning, electronic data interchange, electronic fund transfer etc. For dealings with external forces and with the prevalence of e commerce, e government etc, to transact business, it is essential that public enterprises too should be geared to fall in line with these trends and compete as equal partners in the global business

7.3 Financial Management Guidelines

The General Treasury as custodian of public resources have been issuing from time to time guidelines to help Management strengthen the prevailing systems and controls, so as to conduct their operations in an orderly and efficient manner. The following existing guidelines are being reviewed for refinements and modifications and will be issued shortly. These include: a) Planning Guidelines

- b) Budget Guidelines
- c) Guidelines on Government Tender procedures
- d) Assets Management Guidelines

- Stores Management Guidelines
- Foreign Aid Guidelines
- Internal Audit Guidelines

It should be noted that while the Guidelines on Tender Procedures are mandatory for all public enterprises, other guidelines referred to above are optional. The public enterprises have the option of either adopting these or may modify to suit their own needs. The approval of the line Ministry and the concurrence of the Department of Public Enterprises, General Treasury will however be required to adopt such revised guidelines specific to their needs.

7.4 Committees

To ensure that decisions for effective operations are taken after careful deliberations, it is the responsibility of the management to set up Committees, with a team of appropriate persons to deal with matters, which have a material impact on the enterprise. Some of the important Committees that any enterprise should therefore have are: -

7.4.1 Audit Committee

This Committee should comprise at least three non Executive Board members, chaired preferably by a Treasury Representative or person possessing financial management skills. This Committee should meet on a regular basis at least once in three months with the Chief Internal Auditor as Convenor and should submit its observations to the Board of Directors with recommendations for necessary action. The scope of this Committee would include, amongst others, the following: -

- a) Determination of the responsibilities of the Internal Audit Unit and review of the annual audit plans
- b) Review and evaluate internal control systems for all activities of the
- c) Review performance at regular intervals for cost effectiveness and to eliminate wasteful expenditure etc.
- d) Liase with external auditors and follow up on Auditor General's/ external auditors Management Letters.
- e) Ascertain whether statutes, regulations, rules and circulars are complied with.
- f) Review financial statements to ensure compliance with Accounting Standards
- g) Review internal audit/external audit reports, Management Letters for remedial action
- h) Review implementation of recommendations/directives Committee on Public Enterprises
- i) Prepare report on the findings of the Committee for inclusion in the Annual Report

7.4.2 Senior Management Committee

It is imperative that all public enterprises have a Senior Management Committee, to discuss administration, establishment and operational matters to facilitate decisionmaking and follow up implementation. The Board of Directors should decide on the composition of this Committee. However in the case of Category A commercial public enterprises and Statutory Boards, the Senior Management Committee should comprise the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Operations Officer and Chief Finance Officer. This Committee should be headed by the Chairman/CEO and should meet five days prior to the Board Meeting. The Board should be apprised of the decisions

Progress Monitoring

The Senior Management Committee therefore is an important management tool in any enterprise for periodic progress monitoring. Salient matters this Committee should focus on will include: -

- a) Board decisions at previous meetings that have still not been implemented.
- b) Reviewing actual performance against targets and identifying reasons for deviations with remedial action that needs to be taken.
- c) Critical evaluation of cash flows and projected requirements for the quarter
- d) Debt/cash management and its effectiveness in the collection of long outstanding debts including cheques not presented, dishonoured/returned cheques and unrealised deposits etc.
- e) Stock control and review of stock levels to identify slow moving, obsolete or redundant stocks including its disposal and storage.
- f) Progress on any capital expenditure to ensure time schedules for completion.
- g) Follow up on procurement delays (if any) to obviate emergency purchases. h) Ensuring payment of statutory dues such as EPF, ETF and taxes.
- i) Settlement of creditors and long term loans on due dates to avoid penalties.
- Technology upgrading necessary, with justifications to facilitate decision-
- k) Feed back on customer satisfaction/dissatisfaction including complaints in the media to recommend remedial measures for improvement /rectification.
- 1) Any new proposals to be incorporated in the revised Corporate Plan
- m) All matters relating to administration and establishment
- n) Any other day-to-day operational issues.

7.4.3 Tender Board

All enterprises should have Tender Boards to deal with all procurements of goods and services in terms of the Guidelines on Government Tender Procedures.

7.4.4 Training Committee

ttee, to visionon the vrcial ould nce eet ns Human resource development should be an integral part of any enterprise with training being an important component of personnel development. For this purpose:

- it is essential that a Training Committee (a sub committee of the Senior Management Committee) should evaluate the training needs of the enterprise, to enable the human resources of the enterprise to keep abreast of changes, both locally and abroad to improve employee productivity.
- Training facilities offered by state institutions such as the Institute of Government Accounts and Finance, Sri Lanka Institute of Development Administration, National Institute of Business Management and the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Sri Lanka should be made available for upgrading skills and development of human resources.
- The Training Committee should formulate procedures relating to selection of individuals for local/ foreign training.

7.4.5 Board of Survey

Annual Boards of Survey and Special Boards of Survey should be appointed to carry out verification of fixed Assets and Stores. Regular surveys will help in improving the stores and asset management including working capital position by replacing /disposing items deemed to be redundant/obsolete, which would also provide additional storage space.

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CHAPTER 8

FUND MANAGEMENT REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE CONTROLS

8.1 Fund Management

Funds of public enterprises, whether internally generated or received by way of Government grants, subsidies and loans allocated from the Consolidated Fund through the Government Budget to meet Recurrent and Capital expenditure are public funds and the management has a responsibility for the efficient utilisation of these monies in the best interests of the public. Fund Management is dependent on how effectively revenue is generated and expenditure is controlled.

8.1.1 Commercial corporations and Government owned companies

Generally commercial corporations and Government owned companies do not receive Capital or Recurrent grants as these entities have to generate their resources either from operations or/and by way of commercial loans from the banking sector and other lending agencies.

8.1.2 Statutory Boards

Statutory boards receive both Capital and Recurrent grants through the Annual Budget in addition to income (if any) generated by the Board.

8.1.3 Budgetary allocations to Statutory Boards

Statutory boards should prepare Budget estimates for recurrent and capital expenditure in line with the Corporate Plan. These Budget estimates should be submitted through the line Ministries in terms of the Budget guidelines (Budget Call) issued by the Department of National Budget on or before the stipulated date. In preparing the budget, all expenditure requirements together with the income generated internally should be included. The grant to be sought from the Treasury taking into consideration the estimated revenue earned by the institution.

A copy of the Budget estimates so prepared should be forwarded to the Department of Public Enterprises, General Treasury in order to evaluate and determine the allocation to be provided by the Department of National Budget.

Once the Budget is passed by Parliament, statutory boards should prepare the detailed Budget, prioritising the expenditure requirements within the budgetary allocation provided in the National Budget Estimates, including any estimated income that will be generated by the Board and should submit the revised Budget

with Board approval, 15 days before the commencement of the year, to the Department of Public Enterprises, General Treasury, line Ministry and Auditor General.

Statutory Boards should ensure that the expenditure incurred is within the budgetary allocation exercising economy, efficiency and effectiveness. Under no circumstances, will additional allocations be made by the Treasury.

8.1.4 Subsidiaries of commercial corporations/statutory boards

Subsidiaries of public enterprises are commercial entities and should be self-financing. It is the responsibility of the parent body to ensure its viability. Government will not provide any capital or recurrent grants or loans to such entities.

8.1.5 Loans

Commercial loans may be provided by the Government to a commercial public enterprise under very special circumstances, by way of on lending.

If the terms of repayment of the loan are not specified in the Cabinet decision, the interest rate payable on such loans should be equal to one-year average Treasury bill rate, at the time of granting the loan, plus two percentage points. The schedule of repayment will be decided by the Department of Public Enterprises, General Treasury.

8.1.6 Capital

The capital contributed to a public corporation by the Government by way of grants or contributions shall not be reduced except on the authority of a Resolution introduced in Parliament by the Minister of Finance and passed by Parliament.

The Board of Directors of a commercial corporation/statutory board, may with the concurrence of the Minister of Finance, divide the capital of the enterprise to such numbers of shares, as deemed necessary.

8.2 REVENUE

The revenue of a public enterprise shall consist of all monies received and accrued in the exercise, performance or discharge of its powers, duties, functions or activities. It may include grants as well, from any individual, local/foreign organisation or Government received through proper channels.

8.2.1 Net Surplus/Net Deficit

a) The net surplus/ net deficit (excess of revenue over expenditure or vice versa) of a public corporation should be determined in terms of Sec.9 (2) of the Finance Act, No. 38 of 1971.

b) Any appropriations from the net surplus of a year should be made with the concurrence of the Minister of Finance, in terms of the Sec. 10 of the Finance Act, No. 38 of 1971.

8.2.2 Investment of Funds

Any temporary surplus funds of a pubic corporation invested on call deposits, short-term deposits, Treasury Bills, fixed deposits or any other investments should have the concurrence of the Minister of Finance in terms of Sec. 11 of the Finance Act, No. 38 of 1971.

Approval for such anticipated investments should be obtained at the beginning of the financial year.

8.2.3 Investment in Subsidiaries/Associates or other entities

No investment shall be made by public enterprises in subsidiaries, associates or other entities, without the concurrence of the Minister of Finance.

8.3 EXPENDITURE CONTROLS

Expenditure to be incurred by a public enterprise should be legitimate costs relating to the activities of the enterprise.

8.3.1 Publicity Expenses

The amounts to be set-aside as publicity expenses for a year should be incorporated in the annual Budget and approved by the Board. Any expenses to be incurred for such publicity should have a valid justification and should not be spent merely due to the fact that it is budgeted.

If the services of publicity agencies are to be obtained, selection of the agency that will handle publicity for the enterprise for a period not exceeding 3 years, should be based on tender procedures.

8.3.2 Allowances/Fees payable to Board of Directors

(a) Monthly allowances/fees payable to **full time** Chairmen and Executive Directors of commercial corporations, statutory boards and Government owned companies are as follows: -

Public Enterprises Category

Chairman

Executive Director

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A Rs.40000/= Rs. 30000/=
B Rs. 35000/= Rs. 25000/=
C Rs. 30000/= Rs. 20000/=

- (b) Since Chairmen and Executive Directors of public enterprises are not salaried employees of the enterprises, but are paid only allowances, such receipts are not subject to EPF and ETF contributions. They are also not entitled to bonus or gratuity payments.
- (c) Fees for attending Board meetings, Audit and Management Committee meetings for non Executive Directors are as follows: -
 - Commercial corporations/Government owned companies Rs.1500/=
 - Statutory boards

Rs.1000/=

- (d) A part time Chairman who attends Board meetings and any other special meetings cannot function as the CEO of the enterprise. A part time Chairman will be paid only 25% of the allowance of the Chairman of the relevant category.
- (e) A chairman who is paid the full salary of the post in any other enterprise whether in public or private sector should be paid only 25% of the allowance.

8.3.3 Annual Bonus/Incentives

Payment of bonus should be subject to the following: -

- (a) Annual Accounts of the previous year should have been rendered to the Auditor General and tabled in Parliament, in terms of Clause 6.5 of these guidelines.
- (b) The payment of bonus approved by the Board of Directors should be only from profits generated by a corporation/ fully owned Government company and should be based on the estimated Profit and Loss Account of the year in which the bonus payment is to be made.
- (c) The payment of bonus should be based on one of the two following schemes:
 - i) Employees of such corporations/fully owned government companies that have made profits may receive a bonus of Rs.10000/= or two (02) months gross salary whichever is less.

ii) Profit making organisations which continue to offer other incentive schemes such as incentives related to attendance, in addition to the annual bonus, if paid in the previous year will be allowed to do so, depending on the needs of individual organisations, subject to the provision that the annual bonus should be limited to Rs. 7500/= or two (02) months gross salary whichever is less.

The incentive schemes referred to above, include all incentive schemes linked directly to accepted norms in output, attendance and/or to increase in revenue generation, which have been approved by the Treasury.

- (d) A loss making organisation which has paid a bonus in the previous year is permitted to pay a bonus of Rs.1000/= provided sufficient funds are available for this purpose in the year the payment of bonus is to be made.
- (e) The payment of bonus is tied to attendance. No bonus should be paid to those who have taken more than ten (10) days of no pay leave during the year. Those who have taken less than ten (10) days of no pay leave should have proportionate deductions.

8.3.3.1 Eligibility for payment of Bonus

- a) Institutions dependent on Treasury Grants for recurrent and/or capital expenditure are not entitled to any bonus. The approved cess funds are also Treasury funds and are therefore not reckoned for the payment of bonus.
- b) Casual/contract employees filling permanent vacancies may also be considered for this bonus, subject to attendance requirements applicable to other employees of such corporations/fully owned government companies.
- c) Organisations which have paid annual bonus deviating from the conditions stipulated from a) to e) in 8.3.3, with special Cabinet approval in previous years, could continue with the same practice, unless otherwise specified.
- d) Any situation necessitating deviation from the above criteria should be referred to the Director General, Department of Public Enterprises, General Treasury, with the recommendation of the Secretary to the relevant line Ministry, for a decision by the Secretary to the Treasury.

The line Ministry in charge and Boards of Managements of the respective organisations should ensure that bonus payments are made in accordance with the above guidelines. In case of doubt, clarification

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nes to he should be sought from the Treasury through the line Ministry with its comments and recommendations.

M.A. Telephone Call Charges

(n) The limits prescribed for telephone call charges, excluding rental and taxes are as follows:

	Office Telephone	Residential Telephone	Total
Chairman Chief Executive	Rs. 5,000/-	Rs. 1,750/-	Rs.6, 750/-
Officer/Executive Director Chief Operation Officer/	Rs. 3,500/-	Rs. 1,500/-	Rs.5, 000/-
Chief Finance Officer Other Staff Officers	Rs. 2,500/- Rs. 1,500/-	Rs. 1,200/- Rs. 1,000/-	Rs. 3,700/- Rs. 2,500/-

(b) Savings

Any savings in a particular month could be carried forward and utilized up to the end of the year. Similarly any savings in the residential phone could be utilized to cover the excess in office phone call charges.

(c) Mobile Phones

The Board may approve a mobile phone to an officer depending on the exigencies of the service, based on a specific Board Paper. Total telephone bill charges however to cover land and mobile phones should not exceed the total limits specified above.

8.3.5 Vehicles

(a) Assigned Vehicles

An assigned vehicle means a vehicle exclusively allocated to a specified officer (with or without a driver) who is entitled to use a vehicle for official and private purposes.

The following officers of an enterprise are entitled to use an assigned vehicle. An officer who is provided with an assigned vehicle should use only that vehicle unless the assigned vehicle is under repairs.

- Chairman, Chief Executive Officers and Executive Directors of all enterprises
- Chief Operations Officer/Chief Finance Officer of an enterprise falling under Category 'A'

(b) Fuel consumption for assigned vehicles

Monthly fuel allocation limits for assigned vehicles are as follows:

Chairman	Petrol Vehicles (Litres)	Diesel Vehicles (Litres)
Chief Executive Officer/ Executive Director Chief Operations Officer/ Chief Finance Officer	150	235 190
	120	160

Payments for fuel allocation would be on the basis of reimbursement of fuel bills. Any savings in a particular month could be carried forward and utilized up to the end of the year.

(c) Pool Vehicles

The current policy of the Government is to discourage the purchase of vehicles, except in exceptional circumstances and instead hire/loan vehicles from reputed private sector entities to avoid wasteful expenditure on repairs and maintenance.

With regard to hire/renting vehicles for official use of public enterprises attention is drawn to the Ministry of Policy Development and Implementation Circular No. No.MPDI /MPRD /Veh of 11th October 2002 on "Hiring/rental of vehicles for the official use of Public Sector Institutions", a copy of which is in Appendix 3.

8.3.6 Other Expenditure

The Board should develop suitable control systems and fix responsibilities on Managers, to control and monitor following items of expenditure.

- i. Maintenance of vehicles
- ii. Fuel, Electricity and Water
- iii. Stationery

8.3.7 Expenditure not included in the Budget

Expenditure not itemized and provided in the Annual Budget, could be incurred only with the prior approval of the Board.

8.3.8 Donations and/or Gifts

Donations and/or gifts should not be made without the prior approval of the Cabinet.

8.3.9 Utilisation of enterprise resources

Public Enterprises are not permitted to incur expenditure or deploy its resources (including human resources) under any circumstances, on behalf of the line Ministry or any other Government institutions.

8.4 Banking Facilities

Hoards of public enterprises are permitted to select reputed Banks operating in the country for their banking facilities, based on evaluation of quotations, with a view to obtain reliable services on best possible terms.

The services rendered by such Banks to the enterprise, should be reviewed by the Board half yearly, to justify the need for continuity with the selected Banks.

8.5 Insurance Facilities

Boards of public enterprises should decide on the type of assets, (movable or immovable) to be covered by insurance and a reference made in the Assets Register. The Board should take full responsibility in selecting the insurance company. Selection criteria should be based on evaluation of quotations for best possible terms by following the guidelines on tender procedures.

Renewal of insurance facilities should be on a timely basis and could be continued with the same party, for a maximum of 3 years. Action should be taken thereafter, to call for fresh offers in terms of guidelines on Government Tender Procedures. It is the responsibility of the CEO to ensure uninterrupted insurance cover.

8.6 Income Tax and VAT

Commercial public enterprises are liable to pay income tax and VAT, unless otherwise specifically exempted. Statutory boards that receive grants from the Consolidated Fund are not liable for income tax and VAT.

8.7 PAYE

Emoluments to employees of statutory boards paid out of the Consolidated Fund are not liable for PAYE tax. Any other emoluments that they may receive by way of consultancy fees etc, which are not paid from Government grants and emoluments of employees of commercial public enterprises are subject to the payment of PAYE tax. PAYE tax of such employees should be borne by the respective employees and not by the enterprise.

8.8 Delegation of Authority

Approval of the Board should be obtained for the delegation of authority, indicating limits of expenditure. No expenditure should be authorised, incurred or paid outside

the limits of such delegated authority. Such delegation of authority should be updated and approved by the Board at the beginning of each year.

8.9 Levies / Dividends

- 8.9.1 All public enterprises other than Statutory Boards should, in the middle of the 4th quarter of the year, review the Accounts relating to the first three (3) quarters including the cash flow position, to consider the payment/declaration of an interim levy/dividend. The quantum that could be paid, based on this review should be intimated to the parent Ministry and Department of Public Enterprises, General Treasury, thirty (30) days before the end of 4th quarter of the year.
- 8.9.2 Whilst the final levy of commercial corporations will be determined and imposed by the Treasury on behalf of the Minister of Finance in terms of Sec.9 (2) (f) of the Finance Act, No.38 of 1971, the final dividend of Government owned companies and subsidiary companies of public enterprises should be decided by the Board when finalising the Annual Report and Accounts and should be intimated to the line Ministry and the Department of the Public Enterprises, General Treasury.
- 8.9.3. Payment of interim and final levies/dividends should be made within fifteen (15) days after the declarations are made.

8.10 Borrowings

- a) The Boards of Directors of a public corporation, other than statutory boards, may borrow from time to time, monies required to meet the obligations of the enterprise within the borrowing limits approved for the enterprise.
- b) Every public corporation should review its borrowing limits at the time when the Budget is reviewed by the Board.
- c) Borrowing limits approved for commercial corporations should have the approval of the appropriate Minister and the concurrence of the Minister of Finance in terms of Sec. 16 of the Finance Act, No.38 of 1971.

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CHAPTER 9

HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

9.1 Human Resource Management

Human Resource is one of the core assets of any enterprise and the success of the organisation depends on the degree of efficiency in the management of its human resources. For this purpose, the enterprise should have a realistic cadre with appropriate skills to maximise productivity of its employees. To achieve effectiveness, it is imperative that the human resource potential is adequately tapped by motivation and proper delegation of authority and compensated with benefits and rewards for good performance.

While planning for human resources development it is imperative to consider the future trends in global employment patterns.

"Within 20 or 25 years however, perhaps as many as half the people who work for an organisation will not be employed by it, certainly not on a full time basis. This will be especially true for older people. New ways of working with people at arms' length will increasingly become the central managerial issue of employing organisations, and not just of businesses".

"The next Society will be a Knowledge Society. Knowledge will be its key resource and knowledge workers will be the dominant group in its work force".2

9.2 Human Resource Planning (Cadre)

- a) The Corporate Plan should embody the cadre requirements of each of the Divisions of the enterprise, consolidated in the form of a Human Resource Budget.
- b) Each enterprise should have an Organisation Chart with an approved cadre for the institution.
- c) Any changes to the approved cadre could be effected at the time of reviewing the Corporate Plan.
- d) The Organisation Chart and the approved cadre should be registered with the Department of Public Enterprises, General Treasury.

² Peter Drucker – "The Economist" Nov 3rd 2001

- e) In the event of creation of a new cadre, the enterprise should forward the relevant application together with the Organisation Chart and seek approval from the Department of Public Enterprises, General Treasury, justifying its need.
- f) In instances where there is excess cadre, after careful examination of the needs of the institution and having regard to the financial affordability, action should be taken to retrench/re deploy the excess staff, in consultation with the Department of Public Enterprises, General Treasury.

9.3 Recruitments and Promotions

- 9.3.1 Every public enterprise should have schemes of recruitment and promotion for each post. Schemes of recruitment should prescribe very clearly and distinctly, the minimum educational and other qualifications required for a particular post.
 - i. In formulating schemes for recruitments and promotions, the following aspects should be incorporated and the schemes should be approved by the Board and the appropriate Ministry, with the concurrence of the Department of Public Enterprises, General Treasury.
 - a) Job description
 - b) Requisite professional/ academic qualifications
 - c) Experience required
 - d) Age limit
 - e) Mode of recruitment (external advertisement/internal notice and written assessment/ interview)
 - f) Other conditions (i.e. efficiency bar, language proficiency etc.)
 - ii. Recruitments and promotions should be effected systematically in line with the realistic cadre position of the enterprise. For this purpose a cadre review in each public enterprise is of utmost importance, to ascertain realistic cadre levels, followed by reviews on a periodic basis thereafter.
 - iii. Effective control should be exercised over cadre management with systems and procedures geared to meet the changing needs. Numbers need to be right-sized and restructured.
 - iv. Proper job evaluations and cadre studies should be done prior to any increase in cadre or creation of new posts.
 - v. Promotions should be based on capability and seniority of the officer.
 - vi. Vacant posts should not be filled with acting posts for indefinite periods. As a rule an officer should hold only one permanent post.

- vii. If an acting appointment is made under exceptional circumstances, it should be limited to a period not exceeding 3 months.
- viii Every enterprise should have a succession plan, with an understudy designated to take over in the event of such post falling vacant, particularly at management levels.

9.4 Deployment to other institutions

An employee of an enterprise should not be released to a Ministry or any other institution, without the approval of the Cabinet.

• The enterprise should not pay any emoluments to the released employee during such period.

9.5 Training

- 9.5.1 Each enterprise should prepare a training budget and the amount allocated for this purpose should be determined in consultation with the Training Committee, referred to in Chapter 7 Clause 7.4.4.
- 9.5.2 As regards foreign training, the selection procedure for scholarships should be transparent so as to enable the selection of the right candidate for the appropriate course. The request for training should be made to the Department of External Resources and channelled through the appropriate Ministry and the Department of Public Enterprises, General Treasury.
- 9.5.3 As heavy expenditure is incurred on foreign training, it is essential that the enterprise should benefit by the new insights gained in the area in which the training was obtained, thereby enabling other members of staff also to gain exposure on the latest trends and developments. The trained officers should be encouraged to advise management on the latest technologies and developments learnt, in order to enable the enterprise to adopt modern trends and developments.
- 9.5.4 Internally generated funds of a commercial corporation or Government grants should not be utilised for foreign training, unless specific approval is obtained from the Secretary to the Treasury.

9.6 Performance Appraisal

• It is the responsibility of the Human Resource Manager, to formulate an effective performance appraisal system, in order to maximise productivity for efficient cadre management.

 Appraisal of performance should be by an independent Panel comprising members of the senior management, for purposes of promotion, payment of incentives and increments.

9.7 Salaries and Allowances

- Salaries and allowances should be based on approved schemes of recruitments and promotions.
- No revision would be permitted without the approval of the Secretary to the Treasury.
- Any request for revision should be made to the Department of Public Enterprises, General Treasury. The Department of Public Enterprises will revise individual enterprise requests, having regard to prevailing salary structures in similar public enterprises, to ensure uniformity and consistency and obtain necessary approvals from the Secretary to the Treasury.
- No ad hoc salary revisions by the Board or Management will be permitted consequent to a general revision.
- Any anomaly arising out of revision will be further examined by the Department of Public Enterprises, General Treasury before approval is granted.

9.8 Pay Structure -

The public enterprise pay structure should relate to performance. Accordingly the emoluments should be categorised under two components.

- a) fixed component and
- b) a variable component.
- 9.8.1 Fixed Component This will be the basic salary appropriate to the respective class/grade, which will not be subject to change until the next salary revision. This component is determined on the following criteria.
 - 1) minimum and maximum wage
 - 2) educational and other qualifications
 - 3) equal pay for equal work
 - 4) job evaluation
 - 5) relativities
 - 6) finance and affordability
- 9.8.2 Variable Component This component will allow for a flexible wage system, where incentives and rewards could be provided to achievers with commitment. These variable components in the monthly and annual salaries, should be built from

past salary adjustments. The ultimate objective of a variable component is to have a performance related salary structure.

- The variable component comprises the following: -
 - 1) Performance in relation to:
 - a) Institution
 - b) Individual
 - 2) Allowance to meet the cost of inflation
 - 3) Allowances specific to a profession or a post
 - 4) Special allowances to senior staff (rent, entertainment etc.)
 - 5) Allowance for performing duties outside normal hours
 - 6) Critical service allowance (where a shortage of skills is prevalent, this allowance should be paid till the shortage is remedied)
 - 7) Secondment and acting allowance
 - 8) Reimbursement expenses (car mileage, medical expenses etc)

All allowances paid at present should be regrouped to fall into any of the above.

• If any other allowance that is currently paid cannot fall under any of the above, clarification should be sought and approval obtained from the Department of Public Enterprises, General Treasury to qualify for future payments.

9.9 Overtime

- Overtime payments should be discouraged at any cost and should be allowed, only in instances where the nature of the duties and functions involve work outside normal hours.
- Such payments should be incurred with the prior approval of the relevant Senior Management officer.
- Total overtime payments for the month should be reported to the Board with a breakdown of all relevant details for covering sanction.

9.10 Restructuring and Review of vacant posts

- Any recruitment on contract, casual or otherwise should have the approval of the Secretary to the Treasury
- All posts which have remained vacant should be abolished, except for those vacant due to a shortage of the expertise required for that post. Such posts could be filled with the approval of the Secretary to the Treasury.
- No extension should be granted after the compulsory retirement age.

- In the event of an organisational restructuring, all redundant and nonfunctional Units/Divisions should be identified and closed down within 3 months of the decision being taken and its staff redeployed, retired on Voluntary Retirement Schemes or retrenched.
- Such restructuring may arise under the following circumstances:
 - a) initiated by the Management of the enterprise.
 - b) as a directive from the Secretary to the Treasury.

9.11 Compensation on Retrenchment

- Payment of compensation on retrenchment shall be made on the basis of the scheme approved by the Treasury, even if the enterprise meets the payment out of its own funds.
- Immediately after implementation of the retrenchment scheme, the
 enterprise should forward a statement of the revised cadre for registration
 with the Department of Public Enterprises, General Treasury along with an
 undertaking signed by all Directors, that no new recruitments for those
 positions that were suppressed would be made in the succeeding two years.

9.12 Welfare

Any welfare scheme adopted by an enterprise should have the approval of the Department of Public Enterprises, General Treasury and the sums to be allocated each year in the Budget should give details with a cost breakdown of the activities, such as providing products of the enterprise at discounted prices to the staff, sports and recreational activities etc.

9.13 Outsourcing

All activities that can be efficiently performed by the private sector should be identified and outsourced. Selection of the agencies for such outsourcing should be carried out in compliance with the guidelines on Tender Procedures.

Security services should be outsourced. However if an enterprise opts to have its own security personnel in the approved cadre for special reasons, approval of the Department of Public Enterprises, General Treasury should be obtained.

9.14 Manual of Procedures

9.14.1 The Manual of Procedures should have a chapter on Human Resource Management, providing rules and regulations on all matters relating to management of Human Resources.

- 9.14.2 This Manual should be approved by the Board and thereafter the concurrence of the Secretary to the Treasury should be obtained through the Department of Public Enterprises, General Treasury. If any matters are not covered under this Manual, the provisions in the Establishment Code will apply.
- 9.14.3 Provisions in these Guidelines supercede any relevant provisions in the Manual of Procedures of the enterprise and the Establishment Code.

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CHAPTER 10

DISSOLUTION OF PUBLIC ENTERPRISES

Dissolution (Winding up or Liquidation)

10.1 Dissolution

Dissolution of a public enterprise would arise under the following circumstances:

- (a) when objectives for which the enterprise was created have been achieved and continuation is no longer required.
- (b) On the basis of policy directions of the Treasury/Government
- (c) When the enterprise is faced with losses and liquidity problems or not viable due to other reasons.
- (d) Merger or amalgamation with other enterprises.

10.2 Liquidation process

- 10.2.1 Public Corporations incorporated either under Special or General Acts of Parliament, should be wound up by passing a Resolution in Parliament by the respective Minister and appointing a Liquidator in terms of Sec. 19 of the Finance Act, No. 38 of 1971.
- 10.2.2 Companies incorporated under the Companies Act should be wound up in terms of the Companies Act, No.17 of 1982.
- 10.2.3 Once the Liquidator is appointed, the Chairman and Board of Directors should submit their resignations and not continue thereafter.

10.2.4 Progress of Dissolution

(a) Progress of the liquidation work should be supervised by the appropriate Ministry and progress should be reported quarterly to the Department of Public Enterprises, General Treasury.

(b) The duration to complete the liquidation should not exceed a maximum of six months and should be specified by the appropriate Liquidation Authority. If the liquidation process cannot be completed within the specified period, approval of the Cabinet should be obtained for any extension.

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OFFICE OF THE CABINET OF MINISTERS

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2015-06-21

Mrs. Chitranganee Wagiswara Secretary Ministry of Foreign Affairs Fax: 2380282

DRAFT CABINET DECISION

Given below is an extract of Item (13) of the Minutes of the Cabinet Meeting held on 2015-06-17. These Minutes are to be confirmed at the next Cabinet Meeting.

Item (13)

Cabinet Paper No.15/0746/609/015, a Memorandum dated 2015-06-03 by the Minister of Foreign Affairs on "Establishment of the Inter-Ministerial Committee under the Information and Communication Technology Act, No.27 of 2003"- the above Memorandum was considered along with the observations of the Minister of Finance and it was decided -

- (i) to grant approval to proceed with the recommendations as set out in paragraphs (6), (7) and (8) of the Memorandum; and
- (ii) to include a representative each from the Ministry of Policy Planning, Economic Affairs, Child, Youth and Cultural Affairs and the Ministry of Skills Development and Vocational Training, in the Committee referred to at paragraph (7) of the Memorandum.

Contd..02/-

Action by: My/Foreign Affairs - above observations annexed.

Copied to: Secretary to the President - copy of Memorandum and above observations annexed.

Secretary to the Prime Minister - copy of Memorandum and above observations annexed.

My/Defence - copy of Memorandum and above observations annexed.
My/Policy Planning, Economic Affairs, Child, Youth and Cultural
Affairs - copy of Memorandum and above observations annexed.

My/Public Order and Christian Affairs - to be brought to the notice of the Hon. Minister - copy of Memorandum and above observations annexed My/Higher Education and Research - to be brought to the notice of the Hon. Minister - copy of Memorandum and above observations annexed.

My/Public Administration, Local Government and Democratic Governance - copy of Memorandum and above observations annexed.

My/Finance - to be brought to the notice of the Hon. Minister.

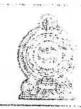
My/Skills Development and Vocational Training - copy of Memorandum and above observations annexed.

My/Highways and Investment Promotion - to be brought to the notice of the Hon. Minister - copy of Memorandum and above observations annexed. My/Industry and Commerce - to be brought to the notice of the Hon. Minister- copy of Memorandum and above observations annexed.

State Ministry of Defence - to be brought to the notice of the Hon. State Minister - copy of Memorandum and above observations annexed.

W.M.D.J. Fernando Additional Secretary

Sgd:/ S. Abeysinghe
Secretary to the Cabinet of Ministers



MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS CABINET MEMORANDUM

Establishment of the Inter-Ministerial Committee under the Information and Communication Technology Act No. 27 of 2003

Background

- The ICT agency of Sri Lanka (ICTA) was established on 12th May 2003 during the tenure when the present Hon. Prime Minister served in the same capacity. The Information and Communication Technology Act No. 27 of 2003 specifies the powers and functions of ICTA (Section 6).
- 2. Pursuant to the powers vested in ICTA under Section 6 of the aforesaid Act, ICTA was authorized and mandated by the Cabinet of Ministers to implement the "e-Sri Lanka Development Project" as the ICT Action Plan of the Government. (Vide, Cabinet Paper No. 04/1155/002/023, A Memorandum of the Prime Minister on Implementation of the ICT Action Plan IeSri Lanka Development Projecti, dated 14th September 2004). The said Cabinet decision also mandated ICTA to recommend to the Cabinet of Ministers the appropriate policy and legal framework required for ICT development from time to time.
- 3. The multi donor funded "e-Sri Lanka Development Project" was based on the "ICT Development Roadmap" (launched in November 2002). It consisted of a series of ICT development strategies and programmes in both the government and private sectors, including policy reforms. The Implementation Completion Results Report (ICRR), released by the World Bank by letter dated 12th January 2015, has outlined the successes of ICTA under the e-Sri Lanka Development initiative.
- 4. The Global Information Technology Report (GITR) for the year 2015, published by the World Economic Forum, places Sri Lanka in the 65th position out of 143 countries in the Networked Readiness Index (NRI). Sri Lanka, which was trailing in the 2nd position in South Asia for 10 years in the Networked Readiness Index (NRI), has moved to the 1st position in South Asia as per the latest 2015 report. This is a significant improvement compared to 2014, when Sri Lanka was placed in the 76th position. These improvements in the NRI results are directly attributable to the success under the e-Sri Lanka Development Initiative.
- 5. However, more work is required to be done in relation to the ICT sector in order to sustain and maintain the NRI improvements applicable to Sri Lanka and create a more business friendly environment for investors. Further, more inter agency co-ordination amongst Government organisations is needed to ensure effective implementation of the Government's ICT vision and strategies. Such efforts would ensure that the business development index and the investment climate applicable to Sri Lanka are also improved simultaneously and in a co-ordinated manner.

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Recommendations

- 6. To ensure the proper implementation of ICT Strategies and achieve Government's ICT vision as aforesaid, and in order to have greater co-ordination between government agencies, it is necessary to establish the Inter Ministerial Committee under Section 3 of the Information and Communication Technology Act No. 27 of 2003. Although this legal structure was available from 2003, and further strengthened by Act No. 33 of 2008, this has not act been put into place. The Committee, once appointed by the Cabinet of Ministers shall exercise power under Section 4 and 5 of the Information and Communication Technology Act No. 27 of 2003.
- 7. Under the ICT Act, the Cabinet of Ministers shall appoint the Inter Ministerial Committee and as prescribed by Section 3 paragraphs (a) to (e), the composition consists of the Minister in charge of the subject of ICT, the Minister of Education, Minister of Higher Education and the Chairman ICTA and one other Board Member of ICTA. Further, the Cabinet of Ministers can determine such other stakeholders required to be included in the said Inter-Ministerial Committee. As such, in addition to the ministers and other officials mentioned in paragraphs (a) to (d) of Section 3, I recommend the following composition under paragraph (e) of Section 3:-
- (i) Ministers Finance
- (ii) Minister of Trade and Commerce
- (iii) Minster of Investment Promotion or his Deputy
- (iv) Minister of Law & Order
- (v) State Minister of Defence
- (vi) Deputy Minister of Foreign Affairs
- (vii) Secretary Ministry of Public Administration and Home Affairs
- (viii) Secretary Ministry of Defence
- (ix) Secretary Ministry of Foreign Affairs
- 8. It is also recommended that the above composition of the Committee be reviewed periodically by the Cabinet, through a Note to Cabinet, to include such other Ministers and stakeholders, based on the ICT industry requirements.

Approval

I seek the approval of the Cabinet of Ministers to proceed with my recommendation as set in the above paragraphs 6 to 8 of this Memorandum.

Mangala Samaraweera, M.P. Minister of Foreign Affairs.

26 May, 2015.

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Press briefing of Cabinet Decision taken on 2015-06-17

Establishment of the Inter-Ministerial Committee under the Information and Communication Technology Act. No.27 of 2003

- The Information and Communication Technology sector in Sri Lanka has developed rapidly during the recent times. According to the Global Information Technology Report for the year 2015, published by the World Economic Forum, the Sri Lanka has been placed in the 65th place among 143 countries in the Networked Readiness Index, securing the 1st place in the South Asian Region. The proposal made by Hon. Mangala Samaraweera, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, to further expand the existing Inter-Ministerial Committee, appointed in terms of the Section 3 of the above Act, with the representation of relevant Ministers and other concerned stakeholders in the field, to further develop the existing position, to ensure that the strategies in the Information and Communication Technology field are being implemented appropriately, in order to create a more conducive environment for investors and to have a greater coordination among Government Institutions, was approved by the Cabinet.

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Designed and Developed By: Office of the Cabinet of Ministers

Visilors

	වාහපෘතිලයහි නම	කුමසම්පාදන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ නිර්දේශ
01	තැපැල් යා කිරීම(Postal Connect)	තැපැල් දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ අවශානාවයන් අමතමින් නැවත වාහාපෘති යෝජනාව යොමු කිරීම.
02	Facilitating an Omni Channel Digital Content delivery in the specific area of Digital Television	ශි ලංකා තොරතුරු හා සත්තිවේදන තාක්ෂණ තියෝජිතායතනය විසිත් යෝජිත ව්‍යාපෘතිය කියාත්මක කිරීමේ අවශ්‍යතාවය යොමු කිරීම. ව්‍යාපෘතියේ විෂයපථය ද්වීකරණය වේද යන්න නැවත සොයාබැලීම.
03	ඊ - විශුාම වැටුප් කුමයේ දෙවන අදියර ගොඩනැගීම. (Development of Phase 02 of the e- pensions system)	විශාම වැටුප් දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ අනුදැනුම මත නැවත සැකසීම, දැනට පවත්නා විශාම වැටුප් වාහපෘතියේ පළමු අදියරේ ඇතිවූ බලපෑම මත දෙවන අදියරෙහි අවශාතාවය තීරණය කිරීම.
04	තැපැල් සේවා ඩිජිටල් වාණිජ කුමය ඇති කිරීම. (Implementation of Postal Service Digital Commerce Initiative)	තැපැල් දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව සමහ ඒකාබද්ධ යෝජනාවක් සැකසීම
05	තැපැල් කාර්යාල සඳහා ඩිජිටල් ලිපිගොනු හුවමාරු කිරීමේ කුමයක් කියාත්මක කිරීම. (Implementation of Digital Document Delivery system for Post offices)	කැපැල් දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ තොරතුරු තාක්ෂණ අවශාතා අනුව තනි වාාපෘතියක් සැකසීම
06	ඊ -ඉඩම් තාම ලේඛනය(e- Land Registry)	වාහාපෘතිය කිුයාත්මක කිරීමට පෙර සියළුම පාර්ශවයන්ගේ අනුමැතිය ලබා ගැනීම.
07	E-SLIMS	සියළු පාර්ශවයන්ගේ අවශානා අනුව සහ සියළු පාර්ශවයන්ගේ අනුමැතිය ඇතිව වාහාපෘති යෝජනාව සැකසීම.

08	ඊ -ඉඩම් මධාාස්ථානය(e-Land Hub)	සියළු පාර්ශවයන්ගේ අවශානා අනුව සහ කැමැත්ත ඇතිව වාාපෘති යෝජනාව නැවත සැකසීම.
09	රජයේ සේවකයන්ට තොරතුරු තාක්ෂණය පිළිබඳ දැනුවත් බව සහ පුවර්ධනය ඇති කිරීම(Awareness and promotion on ICT for Government Initiatives)	යෝජිත වාහපෘතිය, සම්මත කර ඇති වාහපෘති මගින් ආවරණයවීම මත එම වාහපෘතිය නිර්දේශ කර නොමැත.
10	අභාාන්තර සේවක බල ගැන්වීම(Internal Staff empowerment)	හාණ්ඩාගාරයේ අරමුදල් භාවිතයෙන් පුහුණු වැඩසටහන් සහ අනෙකුත් සේවක බල ගැන්වීමේ වැඩ සටහන් සිදු කිරීම අවශා නොවීම.

අනු	වාාපෘතිතාමය	අනුමත	වැයකල	මූලා	භෞතික
අංකය		මුදල	මුදල	පුගතිය	පුගතිය
		රු. මිලියන	රු. මිලියන	%	%
01	ලංකා රාජාා ජාලය 2.0	850.47	148.33	17	34
01	ලංකා රාජය ජාලය 2.0	630.47	140.33	1 /	34
02	ලංකා රාජා වලාව 2.0 (Lanka Government Cloud)	195.10	5.31	2.72	55
03	ලංකා රාජා වලාව 1.0 (LGC 1.0) හා ලංකා රාජාා ජාලය 1.0 (LGN 1.0) නඩත්තු කිරීම	350.00	39.91	11	51
04	රාජා දත්ත මධාාස්ථානය - ශුි ලංකා රජය සඳහා දත්ත මධාාස්ථානයක් පිළිබඳ අධාායනය හා සැලසුම් කිරීම.	36.50	1,61	4	29
05	ඉන්දියාව හරහා ද්වීතීයික ෆයිබර් කේබලයක් (අන්තර්ජාල ෆයිබර් කේබලය) කිුයාත්මක කිරීම පිලිබඳ අධාෘයනය	16.00	0.45	3	36
06	5-10 Gbps අන්තර්ජාල සබඳතා රැහැන්	99.00			34)(
07	අවශා පුතිලාභින්ට අරමුදල් මාරු කිරීමේ පිරිවැය අඩු කිරීම ඇතුළු ගෘහ මාරු කළමනාකරණ (HTM) පද්ධතියක් සකස් කිරීම.	3,500.00	88.85	3	29
08	මධාාගත උපත් විවාහ හා මරණ පද්ධතියේ (BMD) දෙවැනි අදියර සකස් කිරීම	75.00	2.29	3	40
09	ඒකාබද්ධ සේවක අර්ථසාධක අරමුදල (EPF), සේවක හාරකාර අරමුදල කළමනාකරණ (ETF) පද්ධතිය		-	-:	2
10	ජනගහන රෙජිස්ටරය(e Population Register)හා පුතිලාභින් හඳුනා ගැනීමේ පද්ධතිය සමග ඒකාබද්ධ ඉ- සමෘද්ධි විසඳුම	114.00	4.30	4	19
11	ආරක්ෂක මෙහෙයුම් මධාාස්ථාන වාාාපෘතිය	400.00	10.93	3	22
12	ජාතික සහතික කරණ අධිකාරිය	108.00	3.88	4	19

13	ශුී ලංකාවේ සයිබර් ආරක්ෂාව හා ඩිජිටල් නීතිමය	26.80	13.74	51	22
	යටිතලය(Lanka CERTCC)වැඩි දියුණු කිරීම				
	(Cyber Security Digital Fores Infrastructure)				
14	ලංකා ද්වර යටිතල වාෘුහය නඩත්තුව/සම්බන්ධිත	61.41	11.34	18	45
	ලස්වා හා සම්බන්ධ අංග				
15	ඩිජිටල් උපදෙස් සේවා ස්ථාපිත කිරීම	30.15	1.78	6	68
16	ඉ- පළාත් පාලන ආයතන වැඩසටහන	173.00	11.80	7	31
17	ඉ- පුදේශිය ලේකම් කාර්යාල පද්ධතිය දියුණු කිරීම	50.00	0.85	2	11
18	ඉ- ජනගහණ රෙජිස්තරය නඩත්තුව හා කියාත්මක	60.00	0.75	1	18
	කිරීම				
19	රාජාා ආයතන හරහා "තනි කවුළුවකින් " Gov.lk	160.00	-		2
	කියාත්මක කිරීම (පොකුරු කිුයාත්මක කිරීම)				
20	තොරතුරු ලබාගැනීමේ අයිතිය පහසු කරවන පද්ධති	18.45	0.56	3	26
	පිහිටුවීම හා නඩත්තු කිරීම				
21	ඉ- රාජා පුතිපත්ති, මූලෝපාය හා අනිකුත් ඒ	12.30	0.87	7	12
	සම්බන්ධ කටයුතු අනුමත කිරීම, දැනුවත් කිරීම,				
	පුවර්ධන හා සමීක්ෂණය				
22	ලංකා අන්තර් කියාකාරී රාමුව (LIFE)	10.53	0.39	4	33
23	රාජාා ආයතන හරහා ඩිජිටල් ලේඛණ	157.50	8.38	5	19.5
	කළමනාකරණ පද්ධතියක් කිුයාත්මක කිරීම				
24	රජයේ ලේඛණ ස්කැන් කිරීම හා ඩිජිටල්කරණය	100.00	2.51	3	15
25	රජයේ රස පරීක්ෂක දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව සඳහා	11.80	0.62	5	51
	තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ විසඳුමක්				
26	ඉ- රිය ගමන් විසඳුම	127.00	2.82	2	54
27	ඒකබද්ධ පුවාහන කාඩ් විසඳුමක් සඳහා ශාකානා හා	5.00	0.54	11	85
	කිුයාත්මත කිරීමේ පුවේශය පිළිබඳ අධාායනය				
28	ශුී ලංකා සංවර්ධන පරිපාලන ආයතනය	6.15	0.14	2	30
	(SLIDA)සඳහා විභාග හා පාඨමාල කළමනාකරණ				
	පද්ධතිය				
29	රජයේ යෙදුම් නිෂ්පාදනකරණය(Production &	19.68	0.36	2	14
	Govt. Application)				
30	ශීු ලංකාවේ රජයේ රෝහල්වල ඉලෙක්ටුානික	355.78	16.93	5	62
	වෛදා වාර්තා කිුයාත්මක කිරීම				
31	ඉ- උරුම වැඩසටහන උරුමය පිළිබඳ තොරතුරු	29.23	2.19	7	25

	සඳහා නවතම තාක්ෂණය යොදා ගැනීම (e-				
	Heritage Project)				
32	ඉ- ස්වාහිමානි	7.38	3.47	47	100
33	ලංකා ගිණුම්කරණ පුම්තය හා මූලා පුකාශන සඳහා	36.90	0.86	2	34
	වූ ඇගයීම් හා සමීක්ෂණ කුම				
34	ජාතික අවකාශිය දත්ත යටිතලවායුහය	300.00	10.12	3	27
35	වෙබ් සංවර්ධන පුයන්නය	61.50	2.23	4	52
36	ඉලෙක්ටොනික සේවා සංවර්ධනය	120.00	7.49	6	28
37	රජයේ තොරතුරු මධාාස්ථානයේ කළමනාකරණය හා මෙහෙයුම්	32.90	0.88	3	54
38	පුතිඵල පදනම් වූ සමීක්ෂණ හා ඇගයීම් කිුියාත්මක කිරීම	54.65	2.29	4	31
39	රජයේ සඳහා තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ (ICT) මානව සම්පත් ධාරිතාව ගොඩනැගීම	200.00	30.04	15	31
40	අධාභපනයේ තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණය(ICT)	102.00	13.31	13	36
41	ඩිජිටල් පන්ති කාමරය	400.00	9.01	2	11
42	පුරවැසි හා අනෙකුත් පාර්ශවකරුවන්ගේ තොරතුරු සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ හා මානව සම්පත් ධාරිතාව ගොඩනැගීම	154.00	19.90	13	43
43	ලද්ශිය භාෂා වාහාපෘතිය	17.40	0.79	5	31
44	වසාපාර පුවර්ධනය(Business Development – IT/BPO industry)	47.00	22.57	48	96
45	ඵලදායී පරිසරයක් (Enabling Environment)	48.00	18.34	38	67
46	කර්මාන්තයේ ධාරිතා ගොඩනැගීමේ වැඩසටහන (Capacity Building)	36.00	25.14	70	84
47	ශි ලංකා විදේශ කටයුතු අමාතාහාංශය හා විදේශවල ශි ලංකා දූත මණ්ඩල සඳහා තොරතුරු හා සත්තිවේදන තාක්ෂණ යටිතල වාූුහයක් හා සුරක්ෂිත වයි- ෆයි ජාල සබඳතා විසඳුමක්	194.35	22.76	12	64
48	මුදල් අමාතා ශය සඳහා තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ යටිතල වා ුහයක් හා සුරක්ෂිත වයි - ෆයි ජාල සබඳතා විසඳුමක්	14.29	0.36	3	69

10					
49	ජනාධිපති කාර්යාලයේ තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන	14.29	0.34	2	45
	තාක්ෂණ යටිතල වාුුහයක් හා සුරක්ෂිත වයි -ෆයි				
	ජාල සබඳතා විසඳුමක් කිුයාත්මක කිරීම				
50	අගමැති කාර්යාලයේ තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන	14.29	0.33	2	56
-	තාක්ෂණ යටිතල වාුුහයක් හා සුරක්ෂිත වයි -ෆයි				
	ජාල සබඳතා විසඳුමක් කිුයාත්මක කිරීම				
51	අරලියගහ මන්දිරයේ තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන	14.29	6.17	43	46
	තාක්ෂණ යටිතල වාූුහයක් හා සුරක්ෂිත වයි -ෆයි				
	ජාල සබඳතා විසඳුමක් කිුිිියාත්මත කිරීම				
52	අමාතාහාංශ හා රජයේ ආයතනවලට විඩියෝ	193.00	1.32	0.7	10
	සමන්තුණ පහසුකම් - 1 වැනි අදියර ස්ථාන 100 කි				
53	වයි - ශයි වැඩසටහන ද ඇතුළු පුරවැසි සවිබල	30.00	9.03	30	57
	ගැන්වීම හා සම්බන්ධතා දියුණු කිරීම - පුරවැසි සේවා				
	පාලන පද්ධතිය				
54	වයි -ෆයි වැඩසටහන ද ඇතුළු පුරවැසි සවිබල	20.00	7.68	38	51
	ගැන්වීම හා සම්බන්ධතා දියුණු කිරීම- ටෙලි				
	මධාාස්ථාන සංවර්ධනය				
55	වයි -ෆයි වැඩසටහන ද ඇතුළු පුරවැසි සවිබල	80.00	-	<u>i</u>	12
	ගැන්වීම හා සම්බන්ධතා දියුණු කිරීම - මහජන				
	නවීකරණ මධාාස්ථානය				

ඇමුණුම 08

වාහපෘති සැලසුම් කළ ආකාරය කිුයාත්මත නොවීමට බලපෑ හේතු

	පුමාද වීමට හේතුව	වාහපෘති
01	වාහාපෘතීන් සඳහා ආරම්භක අනුමැතිය ලැබීම පුමාද වීම.	 ආරක්ෂක මෙහෙයුම් මධ්‍යස්ථාන ව්‍යාපෘතිය. තොරතුරු ලබාගැනීමේ අයිතිය පහසු කරවන පද්ධති පිහිටුවීම හා නඩත්තු කිරීම. ඉ- රාජා‍ය පතිපත්තිය, මූලෝපාය හා අනිකුත් ඒ සම්බන්ධ කටයුතු අනුමත කිරීම, දැනුවත් කිරීම, පුවර්ධනය හා සමීක්ෂණය. ලංකා අන්තර් කියාකාරී රාමුව. රජය සඳහා තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ මානව සම්පත් ධාරිතාව ගොඩනැගීම. අධාාපනය සඳහා තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණය. බිජිටල් පන්ති කාමරය.
02	පුසම්පාදන කිුියාවලිය පුමාද වීම	
	i පුසම්පාදන කිුයාවලිය ආරම්භ කිරීම පුමාද වීම.	ඉන්දියාව හරහා ද්වීතියික ෆයිබර් කේබලයක් කිුයාත්මක කිරීම පිළිබඳ අධානය.
	ii තාක්ෂණික ඇගයීම් කමිටු හා පුසම්පාදන කමිටු පත්කිරීම පුමාද වීම	 ලංකා රාජා ජාලය 2.0 ලංකා රාජා වලාව 2.0 රාජා දක්ත මධාාස්ථානය. ඉ - ජනගහණ රෙජිස්ටරය නඩත්තුව හා ක්‍රියාත්මක කිරීම

		• ලංකා ද්වාර යටිතල වාහුහය නඩක්තුව/ සම්බන්ධික
		eස්වා හා සම්බන්ධ අ∙ග
		• ශීු ලංකා ගිණුම්කරණ පුමිත හා සමීක්ෂණ මණ්ඩලය -
		මූලාා පුකාශන සඳහා වූ ඇගයීම් හා සමීක්ෂණ පද්ධතිය.
-		• වෙබ් සංවර්ධන පුයන්තය.
		• අධාාපනය සඳහා තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන
		තාක්ෂණය.
		• පුරවැසි හා අනෙකුත් පාර්ශවකරුවන්ගේ තොරතුරු
		සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණය හා මානව සම්පත් ධාරිතාව
		ගොඩනැගීම.
		• වයි - ෆයි වැඩසටහනද ඇතුළු පුරවැසි සවිබල ගැන්වීම
		හා සම්බන්ධතා දියුණු කිරීම - පුරවැසි සේවා පාලන
		පද්ධතිය.
	iii තාක්ෂණික ඇගයීම් කමිටු විසින්	• ලංකා රාජා වලාව 2.0
	 අනුමත කිරීමේ කිුයාවලිය පුමාද වීම	 මධාාගත උපත් විවාහ හා මරණ පද්ධතියේ දෙවැනි
		අදියර සකස් කිරීම.
		• ඉ - ජනගහන රෙජිස්ටරය නඩත්තුව හා කිුියාත්මක
		කිරීම.
		 ශි ලංකා ගිණුම්කරණ පුමිත හා සමීක්ෂණ මණ්ඩලය -
		මූලාා පුකාශන සදහා වූ ඇගයීම් හා සමීක්ෂණ පද්ධතිය.
	iv පුසම්පාදන කුමය වෙනස් කිරීම.	• ලංකා රාජා ජාලය 2.0
	V පුර්ව පුසම්පාදන කිුයාවලිය දීර්ඝ කිරීම	 ගෘහමාරු කළමනාකරණ පද්ධතියක් සකස් කිරීම.
		 වෙබ් සංවර්ධන පුයන්තය.
		ψ Θος ωνουωρι <u>σωριώ</u> ω.
	vi anadami sa anama al sa a a-l	
	vi කොන්තුාක් උප කොන්තුාක් වශයෙන්	• ඉ - පළාත් පාලන ආයතන වැඩසටහන.
	වෙන්කිරීමේදී පුසම්පාදන කමිටුව	
	සමහ එකහතාවයකට පැමිණිමට	

	දීර්ඝකාලයක් ගැනීම.	
	vii පුසම්පාදනය අවලංගු කිරීම/කොන්තුාත් පුදානය නොකිරීම/නැවත පුසම්පාදනය.	 ලංකා රාජා වලාව 2.0 ආරක්ෂක මෙහෙයුම් මධාසේථාන වාහාපෘතිය. ශුි ලංකාවේ සයිබර් ආරක්ෂාව හා ඩිජිටල් නීතිමය යටිතලය වැඩිදියුණු කිරීම. රජයේ රස පරීක්ෂක දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව සඳහා තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ විසඳුමක්
	Viii පුසම්පාදනයන්ගේ සංකීර්ණ බව හා පුසම්පාදන සැලැස්ම නැවත පරීක්ෂාව හේතුවෙන් පුමාද වීම	 ඉ - සේවා සංවර්ධනය. ශු ලංකා විදේශ කටයුතු අමාතාාංශය සඳහා තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ යටිතල වාුහයක් හා සුරක්ෂිත වයි - ලයි ජාල සබඳතා විසඳුම. මුදල් අමාතාාංශය සඳහා තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ යටිතල වාුහයක් හා සුරක්ෂිත වයි - ලයි ජාල සබඳතා විසඳුම. ජනාධිපති කාර්යාලයේ තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ යටිතල වාුහයක් හා සුරක්ෂිත වයි - ලයි ජාල සබඳතා විසඳුමක් කියාත්මක කිරීම. අගමැති කාර්යාලයේ තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ යටිතල වාුහයක් හා සුරක්ෂිත වයි - ලයි ජාල සබඳතා විසඳුමක් කියාත්මක කිරීම. අරලියගහ මන්දිරයේ තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ යටිතල වාුහයක් හා සුරක්ෂිත වයි - ලයි ජාල සබඳතා විසඳුමක් කියාත්මක කිරීම. අරලියගහ මන්දිරයේ තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ යටිතල වාුහයක් හා සුරක්ෂිත වයි - ලයි ජාල සබඳතා විසඳුමක් කියාත්මක කිරීම.
03	වාහපෘති මෙහෙයුම් කමිටු පත්කිරීම පුමාද වීම.	 මධා‍යගත උපත් විචාහ හා මරණ පද්ධතියේ දෙවැනි අදියර සකස් කිරීම. ඉ - ජනගහන රෙජිස්ටරය නඩත්තුව හා කි්ුයාත්මක කිරීම.

		Г	40000 40 00 0
		•	ඉ - උරුම වැඩසටහන -උරුමය පිළිබඳ කොරතුරු සඳහා
			නවතම තාක්ෂණය යොදා ගැනීම.
		•	ඩිජිටල් පන්ති කාමරය
		•	පුරවැසි හා අනෙකුත් පාර්ශවකරුවන්ගේ තොරතුරු
			සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණය හා මානව සම්පත් ධාරිතාව
			ගොඩනැගීම.
04	වාහපෘතිය හා සම්බන්ධ සියළු	•	රාජාා දත්ත මධාාස්ථානය
	පාර්ශවයන්ගේ කැමැත්ත ලබාගැනීම		ජනගහන රෙජිස්ටර හා පුතිලාභීන් හදුනාගැනීමේ
	පුමාදවීම සහ ඒ සඳහා විශාල කාලයක්		පද්ධතිය සමහ ඒකාබද්ධ ඉ -සමෘද්ධි විසඳුම.
	වැයවීම.		ඉ - ජනගහන රෙජිස්ටරය නඩත්තුව හා කිුයාත්මක
			කිරීම.
		•	ඩිජිටල් උපදෙස් සේවා ස්ථාපිත කිරීම.
		•	රාජාා ආයතනය හරහා ඩිජිටල් ලේඛණ කළමනාකරණ
			පද්ධතියක් කිුයාත්මක කිරීම.
		•	ශුී ලංකාවේ රජයේ රෝහල්වල ඉලෙක්ටුොනික වෛදා
			වාර්තා කිුයාත්මක් කිරීම.
		•	ඉ - උරුම වැඩසටහන - උරුමය පිළිබඳ තොරතුරු
			සඳහා නවතම තාක්ෂණය යොදාගැනීම.
			ජාතික අවකාශිය දත්ත යටිතල වනුහය.
			රජය සඳහා තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ මානව
			සම්පත් ධාරිතාව ගොඩනැගීම.
			අධාාපනය සඳහා තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන
			තාක්ෂණය.
		•	ඩිජිටල් පන්ති කාමරය.
		•	පුරවැසි හා අනෙකුත් පාර්ශවකරුවන්ගේ තොරතුරු
			= සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණය හා මානව සම්පත් ධාරිතාව
			ගොඩනැගීම.
		•	ලද්ශිය භාෂා වාහපෘතිය.
		•	ශි ලංකා විදේශ කටයුතු අමාතහාංශය සඳහා තොරතුරු

			හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ යටිතල වාෘුහයක් හා
			සුරක්ෂිත වයි - ෆයි ජාල සබඳතා විසඳුම.
		•	මුදල් අමාතාහාංශය සඳහා තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන
			තාක්ෂණ යටිතල වායුහයක් හා සුරක්ෂිත වයි - ෆයි ජාල
			සබඳතා විසඳුම.
		•	ජනාධිපති කාර්යාලයේ තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන
			තාක්ෂණ යටිතල වාූුහයක් හා සුරක්ෂිත වයි -ෆයි ජාල
			සබඳතා විසඳුමක් කිුයාත්මක කිරීම.
		•	අගමැති කාර්යාලයේ තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන
			තාක්ෂණ යටිතල වාුුහයක් හා සුරක්ෂිත වයි -ෆයි ජාල
			සබඳතා විසඳුමක් කිුයාත්මක කිරීම.
		•	අරලියගහ මන්දිරයේ කොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන
			තාක්ෂණ යටිතල වාුුහයක් හා සුරක්ෂිත වයි -ෆයි ජාල
			සබඳතා විසඳුමක් කිුයාත්මක කිරීම
		•	අමාකහාංශ හා රජයේ ආයතනවලට වීඩීයෝ සමන්තුණ
			පහසුකම් ලබාදීම.
		•	ඒකාබද්ධ සේවක අර්ථසාධක අරමුදල (EPF), සේවක
			භාරකාර අරමුදල (ETF) කළමනාකරණ පද්ධතිය.
05	ලංකා රාජාා ජාලය 2.0 සහ ලංකා රාජාා	•	ලංකා රාජාා වලාව 1.0 සහ ලංකා රාජාා ජාලය 1.0
	වලාව 2.0 කියාත්මක කිරීම පුමාද වීම.		නඩත්තු කිරීම.
		•	රාජාා ආයතන හරහා ඩිජිටල් ලේඛණ කළමනාකරණ
			පද්ධතියක් කිුයාත්මක කිරීම.
		•	රජයේ ලේඛණ ස්කෑන් කිරීම හා ඩිජිටල් කරණය.
			ශුී ලංකා සංවර්ධන පරිපාලන ආයතනය සඳහා විභාග හා
			පාඨමාල කළමනාකරණ පද්ධතිය.
			ශී ලංකාවේ රජයේ රෝහල් වල ඉලෙක්ටොනික
			ෙ වෛදාා වාර්තා කිුයාත්මක කිරීම.
			දගමැති කාර්යාලයේ තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන
			තාක්ෂණ යටිතල වාෘුහයක් හා සුරක්ෂිත වයි -ෆයි ජාල

		සබඳතා විසඳුමක් කිුයාත්මක කිරීම.
		 අරලියගහ මන්දිරයේ තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ යටිතල ව්‍යුහයක් හා සුරක්ෂිත වයි - ෆයි ජාල සබඳතා විසඳුමක් කි්යාත්මක කිරීම. අමාතාහංශ හා රජයේ අායතනවලට වීඩීයෝ සම්මන්තුණ පහසුකම් සැපයීම. ජනාධිපති කාර්යාලයේ තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ යටිතල ව්‍යුහයන් හා සුරක්ෂිත වයි - ෆයි ජාල සබඳතා විසඳුමක් කි්යාත්මක කිරීම.
06	වාාාපෘති විෂයපථය වෙනස් කිරීම.	• රජයේ යෙදුම් නිෂ්පාදනකරණය.
		• වෙබ් සංවර්ධන පුයන්තය.
		• ඉ - රිය ගමන් විසඳුම.
07	මානව සම්පත් කළමනාකරණය හා	• ඉ - පළාත් පාලන ආයතන වැඩසටහන.
	සම්බන්ධ ගැටඑ.	• තොරතුරු ලබාගැනීමේ අයිතිය පහසුකරවන පද්ධති
		පිහිටුවීම හා නඩත්තු කිරීම.
		• ලංකා අන්තර් කිුයාකාරී රාමුව.
		• පුතිඵල පදනම් වූ සමීක්ෂණ හා ඇගයීම් කිුයාත්මක
		කිරීම
		• ඩිජිටල් පන්ති කාමරය.
08	ජාතික කුමසම්පාදන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ	• ලංකා රාජාා ජාලය 2.0
	අනුමැතිය ලබා ගැනීම පුමාදවීම.	 ජාතික සහිතකකරණ අධිකාරිය.
		 රජයේ යෙදුම් නිෂ්පාදනකරණය.
		• වෙබ් සංවර්ධන පුයන්තය.
		 ඉලෙක්ටොනික සේවා සංවර්ධනය.
		• රජයේ තොරතුරු මධාාස්ථානයේ කළමනාකරණය හා
	I	

		•	අධාාපනය සඳහා තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන
			තාක්ෂණය.
		•	ඩිජිටල් පන්ති කාමරය
		•	පුරවැසි හා අනෙකුත් පාර්ශවකරුන්ගේ තොරතුරු
			සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණය හා මානව සම්පත් ධාරිතාව
			ගොඩනැගීම.
		•	වයි - ෆයි වැඩසටහන ද ඇතුළු පුරවැසි සවිබල ගැන්වීම
			හා සම්බන්ධතා දියුණුකිරීම - පුරවැයි සේවා පාලන
			පද්ධතිය
		•	වයි -ෆයි වැඩසටහන ද ඇතුළු පුරවැසි සවිබල ගැන්වීම
			හා සම්බන්ධතා දියුණු කිරීම - ටෙලි මධාාස්ථාන
			සංවර්ධනය
		•	වයි -ෆයි වැඩසටහන ද ඇතුළු පුරවැසි සවිබල ගැන්වීම
			හා සම්බන්ධතා දියුණු කිරීම - මහජන නවීකරණ
			මධාාස්ථානය
09	අරමුදල් නොමැතිවීම	•	ශුි ලංකාවේ රජයේ රෝහල්වල ඉලෙක්ටුොනික වෛදාා
			වාර්තා කියාත්මක කිරීම.
		•	ජාතික අවකාශිය දත්ත යටිතල වාෘුහය.
		•	වාහාපාර පුවර්ධනය.
		•	ඵලදායී පරිසරය.
		•	කාර්මාන්කයේ ධාරිතා ගොඩනැගීමේ වැඩසටහන.

BILL MELINDA GATES foundation

GRANT AGREEMENT Investment ID OPP1029691

AGREEMENT SUMMARY & SIGNATURE PAGE

GRANTEE INFORM	TION	
Name:	ICT Agency of Sri Lanka (ICTA)	and the wide reco
Tax Status:	Government of Sri Lanka or a political subdivision, agency, or instrur You confirm that the above information is correct and agree to notify immediately of any change.	
Mailing Address:	160/24 Kirimandala Mawatha, Colombo 07/05 Sri Lanka	
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COUNDATION INFORM	ATION STREETS 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.
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Primary Contact:	Amy Gipson, Program Officer, Global Libraries, Amy.Gipson@gatesfoundation.org

Title:	Reinvestment: ATLA 2014
"Charitable Purpose":	To support the 2014 Access to Learning Award (ATLA). Given each year by the foundation's Global Libraries initiative, the Access to Learning Award (ATLA) recognizes the innovative efforts of public libraries or similar organizations outside the United States to connect people to information through free access to compute and the Internet.
"Start Date":	August 18, 2014
'End Date":	August 31, 2017
This Agreement	This Agreement Summary & Signature Page and:
ncludes and	- Grant Amount and Reporting & Payment Schedule (Attachment A)
ncorporates by this	Terms and Conditions (Attachment B)
ricorporates by triis	

THIS AGREEMENT is between ICT Agency of Sri Lanka (ICTA) ("You") and the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation ("Foundation"), and is effective as of the date of last signature. Each party to the Agreement may be referred to individually as a "Party" and together as the "Parties." As a condition of this grant, the Parties enter into this Agreement by having their authorized representatives sign below.

BILL & MELINDA GATES FOUNDATION	ICT Agency of Sri Lanka (ICTA)	
Junior R Don	Information and Communication Technology Agency of Sri Lanks	
Jessica Dorr	Professor W Epasinghe	
Deputy Director, Global Libraries	_Chairman, ICTA Chairman	
June 18, 2014 Date	Tuly 03, 2014	
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GRANT AGREEMENT Investment ID OPP1029691

ATTACHMENT B **TERMS & CONDITIONS**

This Agreement is subject to the following terms and conditions.

PROJECT SUPPORT

PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND CHARITABLE PURPOSE

The Foundation is awarding You this grant to carry out the project described in the Proposal Narrative and Results Framework and Tracker (collectively, "Project") in order to further the Charitable Purpose.

MANAGEMENT OF FUNDS 18 12

USE OF FUNDS

You may not use funds provided under the Agreement ("Grant Funds") for any purpose other than the Project. You may not use Grant Funds to reimburse any expenses You incurred prior to the Start Date.

INVESTMENT OF FUNDS

You must invest Grant Funds in highly liquid investments with the primary objective of preservation of principal (e.g., interest-bearing bank accounts or a registered money market mutual fund) so that the Grant Funds are available for the Project. Together with any progress or final reports required under this Agreement, You must report the amount of any currency conversion gains (or losses) and the amount of any interest, or other income generated by the Grant Funds (collectively, "Income"). Any Income must be used for the Project.

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GLOBAL ACCESS COMMITMENT

You will conduct and manage the Project and the Funded Developments in a manner that ensures Global Access. Your Global Access commitments will survive the term of this Agreement. "Funded Developments" means the products, services, processes, technologies, materials, software, data, other innovations, and intellectual property resulting from the Project (including modifications, improvements, and further developments to Background Technology). "Background Technology" means any and all products, services, processes, technologies, materials, software, data, or other innovations, and intellectual property created by You or a third party prior to or outside of the Project used as part of the Project. "Global Access" means: (a) the knowledge and information gained from the Project will be promptly and broadly disseminated; and (b) the Funded Developments will be made available and accessible at an affordable price (i) to people most in need within developing countries, or (ii) in support of the U.S. educational system and public libraries, as applicable to the Project.

PUBLICATION

For the purpose of achieving Global Access, You will seek prompt publication of any Funded Developments consisting of data and results in a peer-reviewed journal, treatise, or trade publication, as applicable. Such publication may be delayed for a reasonable period for the sole purpose of seeking patent protection, provided the patent application is drafted, filed, and managed in a manner that best furthers the Charitable Purpose. You will also use good faith efforts to ensure that your subgrantees, contractors, and subcontractors, agents, and affiliates, as applicable, likewise seek prompt publication of any Funded Developments consisting of data and results.

SUBGRANTS AND SUBCONTRACTS

You have the exclusive right to select subgrantees and subcontractors to assist with the Project. You

OPP1029691 Page 3 of 5

ICTA

No.

acknowledge that the Foundation has not and will not earmark the use of any Grant Funds for a specific subgrantee or subcontractor.

RESPONSIBILITY FOR OTHERS

You are responsible for (a) all acts and omissions of any of Your trustees, directors, officers, employees, subgrantees, subcontractors, contingent workers, agents, and affiliates assisting with the Project, and (b) ensuring their compliance with the terms of this Agreement.

PROHIBITED ACTIVITIES

ANTI-TERRORISM

You will not use funds provided under this Agreement, directly or indirectly, in support of activities (a) prohibited by U.S. laws related to combatting terrorism; (b) with or related to parties on the List of Specially Designated Nationals (www.treasury.gov/sdn); or (c) with or related to countries against which the U.S. maintains a comprehensive embargo (currently, Cuba, Iran, (North) Sudan, Syria, and North Korea), unless such activities are fully authorized by the U.S. government under applicable law and specifically approved by the Foundation in its sole discretion.

ANTI-CORRUPTION; ANTI-BRIBERY

You will not offer or provide money, gifts, or any other things of value directly or indirectly to anyone in order to improperly influence any act or decision relating to the Foundation or the Project, including by assisting any party to secure an improper advantage. Training and information on compliance with these requirements are available at www.learnfoundationlaw.org.

POLITICAL ACTIVITY AND ADVOCACY

You may not use Grant Funds to influence the outcome of any election for public office or to carry on any voter registration drive. You acknowledge that the Foundation has not earmarked Grant Funds to support lobbying activity or to otherwise support attempts to influence local, state, federal, or foreign legislation. Your strategies and activities, and any materials produced with Grant Funds, must comply with applicable local, state, federal, or foreign lobbying law. You agree to comply with all lobbying, gift, and ethics rules applicable to the Project.

PUBLICITY BY THE FOUNDATION

The Foundation may include information about the award of this grant, including Your name, in its periodic public reports and may make such information available on its website and as part of press releases, public reports, speeches, newsletters, tax returns, and other public disclosures.

PUBLICITY BY YOU

You must obtain the Foundation's prior written approval before: (a) issuing a press release or other public announcement regarding the award of this grant; and (b) any other public use of the Foundation's name or mark. For any subsequent press releases or other public announcements directly related to the award of this grant, please email Your request to: Grantee.Comms@gatesfoundation.org two weeks in advance to provide the Foundation an opportunity to review and comment.

PUBLICITY BY OTHERS

You and Your subgrantees, subcontractors, contingent workers, agents, or affiliates may not state or otherwise imply to third parties that the Foundation directly funds or otherwise endorses their activities.

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS

In carrying out the Project, You will comply with all applicable laws, regulations, and rules and will not infringe, misappropriate, or violate the intellectual property rights of any third party.

OPP1

OPP1029691 Page 4 of 5

TERM AND TERMINATION

TERM

This Agreement commences on the Start Date and continues until the End Date, unless terminated earlier as provided in this Agreement.

TERMINATION

The Foundation may modify, suspend, or discontinue any payment of Grant Funds or terminate this Agreement if: (a) the Foundation is not reasonably satisfied with Your progress on the Project; (b) there are significant changes to Your leadership or other factors that the Foundation reasonably believes may threaten the Project's success; (c) there is a change in Your control; or (d) You fail to comply with this Agreement.

RETURN OF FUNDS

Any Grant Funds that have not been used for, or committed to, the Project upon expiration or termination of this Agreement must be returned promptly to the Foundation, applied to another Foundation-funded project (current or under consideration), or applied to another mutually-agreed upon charitable project, as directed in writing by the Foundation. Any Income that has not been used for, or committed to, the Project must be either applied to another Foundation-funded project (current or under consideration) or applied to another mutually-agreed upon charitable project, as directed in writing by the Foundation.

RECORD KEEPING

You will maintain adequate accounting records related to the Project. You will make such records available to enable the Foundation to monitor and evaluate how Grant Funds have been used.

SURVIVAL

A Party's obligations under this Agreement will be continuous and survive expiration or termination of this Agreement as expressly provided in this Agreement or otherwise required by law or intended by their nature.

ENTIRE AGREEMENT AND AMENDMENTS

This Agreement contains the entire agreement of the Parties and supersedes all prior and contemporaneous agreements concerning its subject matter. Except as specifically permitted in this Agreement, no modification, amendment, or waiver of any provision of this Agreement will be effective unless in writing and signed by authorized representatives of both Parties.

NOTICES AND APPROVALS

Written notices and approvals under this Agreement must be delivered by mail or email to the other Party's primary contact specified on the Agreement Summary & Signature Page, or as otherwise directed by the other Party.

SEVERABILITY

Each provision of this Agreement must be interpreted in a way that is enforceable under applicable law. If any provision is held unenforceable, the rest of the Agreement will remain in effect.

ASSIGNMENT

You may not assign, or transfer by operation of law or court order, any of Your rights or obligations under this Agreement without the Foundation's prior written approval. This Agreement will bind and benefit any permitted successors and assigns.

COUNTERPARTS

Except as may be prohibited by applicable law or regulation, this Agreement and any amendment may be signed in counterparts, by facsimile, PDF, or other electronic means, each of which will be deemed an original and all of which when taken together will constitute one agreement.

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ICTA OPP1029691 Page 5 of 5

ideas actioned

Information and Communication Technology Agency of Sri Lanka 160/24, Kirimandala Mawatha, Colombo 05, Sri Lanka.

email: info@icta.lk web: www.icta.lk

RECEIPT

Received From: Bill & Melinda Crote Soundation

No:

Date:22/...08./20...10

Implementation of Nanesala's e Librery. Project

130046173 75

Bank Cheq.No./Cash 130,0

Validity of the receipt is subject to realization of the cheque

130,046,173 75

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Information and Communication Technology Agency of Sri Lanka

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විදුනුත් ඉගෙනුම අන්තර්ගන හංචර්ධනය කිරීම.	3.1	ද්විතීයික අධාාපනය සඳහා	16,500,000			
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සඳහා අන්තර්ගත සංවර්ධනය සහ අත්පත් කරගැනීම අන්තර්ගත සංවර්ධනය. 0 0 0 10 3.2 බිහිටල් අන්තර්ගතයන් භාවිතය 8,000,000 පිළිබඳ දැනුවත් කිරීම පුසිද්ධ කිරීම - පාසල් තොරතුරු හා 0 0 20 ක්ෂාන්ය පුහුණුව සඳහා 6,000,000 0 0 10 මාර්ගගත හා නොබැඳි ඉගෙනුම් කළමනාකරණ පද්ධති සංවර්ධනය කිරීම. 3.4 අධ්‍යාපනික යෙදවුම් සංවර්ධනය 3,000,000 0 0 0 කිරීම. 3.5 පුබාන පාර්වේකරුවන් අතර ධූරීම ප්රවැසියන් බලගැන්වීම සහ සිර්වල් නාක්ෂණය යොදා ගැනීම සඳහා වැඩමූළු පැවැක්වීම කාර්යක්ෂේ රාජන සේවයේ නාක්ෂණය යොදා ගැනීම සහ සිරීවල් නාක්ෂණ යෙයාදා ගැනීම සහ සිරිවල් නාක්ෂණ යෙයාදා ගැනීම සහ ජරජයේ නිලධාරීන් බලගැන්වීම සඳහා වැඩමූළු පැවැත්වීම.		වේදිකාව සංවර්ධනය.				
යංවර්ධනය සහ අන්පන් කරගැනීම අන්කර්ගක සංවර්ධනය. 0 0 10 3.2 ඩ්ජීවල් අන්තර්ගකයන් භාවිතය 8,000,000 \$ළිබඳ දැනුවන් කිරීම පුසිද්ධ කිරීම - පාසල් නොරකුරු භා ගන්නිවේදන නාක්ෂණ සමාජ 3.3 ඩාක්කීය පුහුණුව සඳහා 6,000,000 0 0 10 මාර්ගගක හා නොබැඳි ඉගෙනුම් කළමනාකරණ පද්ධති සංවර්ධනය කිරීම. 3.4 අධාාපනික යෙදවුම් සංවර්ධනය 3,000,000 0 0 0 කිරීම. 3.5 පුධාන පාර්ගවකරුවන් අතර බාගිනා ගොඩනැවීම EduCERT 0 0 5 සහ ඩ්ජීවල් කාක්ෂණය යොදා ගැනීම සඳහා වැරාමුළු පැවැත්වීම කාර්යක්ෂම රාජා සේවයක් සහතික කිරීම සඳහා වැරාමුළු පැවැත්වීම කාර්යක්ෂම රාජා සේවයක් සහතික කිරීම සඳහා ඩ්ජීවල් තාක්ෂණ යොදා ගැනීම සඳහා වැරාමුළු පැවැත්වීම කාර්යක්ෂම රාජා සේවයක් සහතික කිරීම සඳහා ඩ්ජීවල් තාක්ෂණ යොදා ගැනීම සහ ජජයේ නිලධාරීන් බලගැන්වීම සඳහා වැඩමුළු පැවැත්වීම.		- අධාාපනික වේදිකාව		0	0	15
කරගැනීම අන්තර්ගත සංවර්ධනය. 0 0 10 3.2 ඩ්ජිවල් අන්තර්ගතයන් භාවිතය 8,000,000 පිළිබඳ දැනුවත් කිරීම පුසිද්ධ කිරීම - පාසල් නොරකුරු භා ගන්නිවෙදන තාක්ෂණ සමාජ 3.3 ඩාක්තීය සුහුණුව සඳහා 6,000,000 0 0 10 මාර්ගගත හා නොබැඳි ඉගෙනුම කළමනාකරණ පද්ධති සංවර්ධනය කිරීම. 3.4 අධ්‍යාපනික යෙදවුම් සංවර්ධනය 3,000,000 0 0 0 කිරීම. 3.5 පුධාන පාර්ගවකරුවන් අතර බාර්ගත හොඩතැවීම EduCERT 0 0 5 සහ ඩ්ජිවල් කාක්ෂණය යොදා ගැනීම සඳහා වැටිමුළු පැවැක්වීම කාර්යක්ෂම රාජ්‍ය හෙනික කිරීම සඳහා ඩ්ජිවල් තාක්ෂණ යෙයදා ගැනීම සහ ජන්ජ නිලධාරීන් බලගැන්වීම සඳහා වැඩිමුළු පැවැක්වීම.		සඳහා අන්තර්ගත				
- අන්තර්ගත සංවර්ධනය. 0 0 10 10 3.2 ඩ්පිටල් අන්තර්ගතයන් භාවිතය 8,000,000 සිළිබඳ දැනුවත් කිරීම පුසිද්ධ කිරීම - පාසල් නොරතුරු හා		සංවර්ධනය සහ අත්පත්				
3.2 ඩිජිවල් අන්තර්ගකයන් භාවිකය 8,000,000		කරගැනීම.				
පිළිබඳ දැනුවත් කිරීම පුයිද්ධ කිරීම		- අන්කර්ගක සංවර්ධනය.		0	0	10
පිළිබඳ දැනුවත් කිරීම පුසිද්ධ කිරීම	3.2	විසිටල් සත්තර්ගතයන් භාවිතය	8 000 000			
කිරීම - පාසල් නොරතුරු හා සන්නීවේදන තාක්ෂණ සමාජ 3.3 විකේකීය පුහුණුව සඳහා 6,000,000 0 0 10 මාර්ගගත හා නොබැදි ඉගෙනුම් කළමනාකරණ පද්ධති සංවර්ධනය කිරීම. 3.4 අධ්‍යාපනික යෙදවුම් සංවර්ධනය 3,000,000 0 0 0 කිරීම. 3.5 පුධාන පාර්ශවකරුවන් අතර ධාරිතා ගොඩනැවේම EduCERT 0 0 5 5 පටවැසියන් බලගැන්වීම සහ සිජිටල් තාක්ෂණය යොදා ගැනීම සඳහා වැඩමුළු පැවැත්වීම කාර්යක්ෂම රාජන හේරයේ නිලධාරීන් බලගැන්වීම සඳහා ඩිජිටල් තාක්ෂණ ගෙදා ගැනීම සහ රජයේ නිලධාරීන් බලගැන්වීම සඳහා වැඩමුළු පැවැත්වීම.	3.2		0,000,000			
- පාසල් නොරතුරු හා සන්නීවේදන නාක්ෂණ සමාජ 3.3 වෘක්කීය පුහුණුව සඳහා 6,000,000 0 0 10						
සන්තිවේදන නාක්ෂණ සමාජ සමාජ 6,000,000 0 0 10 මාර්ගගත හා නොබැඳි ඉගෙනුම කළමනාකරණ පද්ධති සංවර්ධනය කිරීම. 3.4 අධාාපනික යෙදවුම සංවර්ධනය 3,000,000 0 0 0				0	0	20
සමාජ 3.3 වෘත්තීය පුහුණුව සඳහා 6,000,000 0 0 10 මාර්ගගත හා නොබැඳි ඉගෙනුම කළමනාකරණ පද්ධති සංවර්ධනය කිරීම. 3.4 අධාාපනික යෙදවුම සංවර්ධනය 3,000,000 0 0 0 කිරීම. 3.5 පුධාන පාර්ශවකරුවන් අතර ධාරිතා ගොඩනැවේම EduCERT 0 0 5 - පුරවැසියන් බලගැන්වීම සහ ඩිජිවල් තාක්ෂණය යොදා ගැනීම සඳහා වැඩමුළු පැවැත්වීම කාර්යක්ෂම රාජා				Ů		
මාර්ගගත හා නොබැදි ඉගෙනුම කළමනාකරණ පද්ධති සංවර්ධනය කිරීම. 3.4 අධාාපනික යෙදවුම සංවර්ධනය 3,000,000 0 0 0 කිරීම. 3.5 පුධාන පාර්ශවකරුවන් අතර බ,000,000 ධාරිතා ගොඩනැවීම. - EduCERT 0 0 0 5 0 8 සහ සිජිටල් තාක්ෂණය යෙදො ගැනීම සඳහා වැඩමූළු පැවැත්වීම. - කාර්යක්ෂම රාජා ගස්වා සහ ජයේ නිලධාරීන් බලගැන්වීම සඳහා ඩිජිටල් තාක්ෂණ යෙ යොදා ගැනීම සහ ජයේ නිලධාරීන් බලගැන්වීම සඳහා වැඩමූළු පැවැත්වීම.		,				
මාර්ගගත හා නොබැදි ඉගෙනුම කළමනාකරණ පද්ධති සංවර්ධනය කිරීම. 3.4 අධාාපනික යෙදවුම සංවර්ධනය 3,000,000 0 0 0 කිරීම. 3.5 පුධාන පාර්ශවකරුවන් අතර බ,000,000 ධාරිතා ගොඩනැවීම. - EduCERT 0 0 0 5 0 8 සහ සිජිටල් තාක්ෂණය යෙදො ගැනීම සඳහා වැඩමූළු පැවැත්වීම. - කාර්යක්ෂම රාජා ගස්වා සහ ජයේ නිලධාරීන් බලගැන්වීම සඳහා ඩිජිටල් තාක්ෂණ යෙ යොදා ගැනීම සහ ජයේ නිලධාරීන් බලගැන්වීම සඳහා වැඩමූළු පැවැත්වීම.	3.3	වෘත්තීය පුහුණුව සඳහා	6,000,000	0	0	10
කළමනාකරණ පද්ධති සංවර්ධනය කිරීම. 3.4 අධාාපනික යෙදවුම සංවර්ධනය 3,000,000 0 0 0 කිරීම. 3.5 පුධාන පාර්ශවකරුවන් අතර 3,000,000 0 0 5 - EduCERT 0 0 0 5 - පුරවැසියන් බලගැන්වීම සහ ඩිරිටල් තාක්ෂණය යෙයාදා ගැනීම සඳහා වැඩමූළු පැවැත්වීම කාර්යක්ෂම රාජාා සේවයක් සහනික කිරීම සඳහා ඩිජිටල් තාක්ෂණ යෙයාදා ගැනීම සහ රජයේ නිලධාරීන් බලගැන්වීම සඳහා වැඩමූළු පැවැත්වීම.			, ,			
සංවර්ධනය කිරීම. 3.4 අඛාභපනික යෙදඩුම සංවර්ධනය 3,000,000 0 0 0 0 කිරීම. 3.5 පුධාන පාර්ශවකරුවන් අතර 3,000,000						
කිරීම. 3.5 පුධාන පාර්ශවකරුවන් අතර 3,000,000 ධාරිතා ගොඩනැවීම. - EduCERT 0 0 5 - පුරවැසියන් බලගැන්වීම 0 0 8 8 සහ ඩිජිටල් තාක්ෂණය යෙදා ගැනීම සඳහා වැඩමූළු පැවැත්වීම. - කාර්යක්ෂම රාජාප 0 0 10 10 සේවයක් සහනික කිරීම සඳහා ඩිජිටල් තාක්ෂණ යෙදා ගැනීම සහ රජයේ නිලධාරීන් බලගැන්වීම සඳහා වැඩමුළු පැවැත්වීම.						
3.5 පුධාන පාර්ශවකරුවන් අතර ධාරිතා ගොඩනැවීම. - EduCERT	3.4	අධානපනික යෙදවුම් සංවර්ධනය	3,000,000	0	0	0
ධාරිතා ගොඩනැංවීම. - EduCERT 0 0 5 - පුරවැසියන් බලගැන්වීම සහ ඩිජිටල් තාක්ෂණය යොදා ගැනීම සඳහා වැඩමුළු පැවැත්වීම. - කාර්යක්ෂම රාජා 0 0 10 සේවයක් සහතික කිරීම සඳහා ඩිජිටල් තාක්ෂණ යොදා ගැනීම සහ රජයේ නිලධාරීන් බලගැන්වීම සඳහා වැඩමුළු පැවැත්වීම.		කිරීම.				
- EduCERT - පුරවැසියන් බලගැන්වීම සහ ඩිජිටල් තාක්ෂණය යෙසාදා ගැනීම සඳහා වැඩමුළු පැවැත්වීම කාර්යක්ෂම රාජාා ර ග්රියක්ෂණ සඳහා ඩිජිටල් තාක්ෂණ යෙසදහා ඩිජිටල් තාක්ෂණ යෙසදහා ඩිජිටල් තාක්ෂණ යෙසදහා වැඩමුළු සහ රජයේ නිලධාරීන් බලගැන්වීම සඳහා වැඩමුළු පැවැත්වීම.	3.5	පුධාන පාර්ශවකරුවන් අතර	3,000,000			
- පුරවැසියන් බලගැන්වීම සහ ඩිජිටල් තාක්ෂණය යොදා ගැනීම සඳහා වැඩමුළු පැවැත්වීම කාර්යක්ෂම රාජාා		ධාරිතා ගොඩනැංවීම.				
සහ ඩිජිටල් තාක්ෂණය යොදා ගැනීම සඳහා වැඩමුළු පැවැත්වීම කාර්යක්ෂම රාජා 0 0 10 සේවයක් සහතික කිරීම සඳහා ඩිජිටල් තාක්ෂණ යොදා ගැනීම සහ රජයේ නිලධාරීන් බලගැන්වීම සඳහා වැඩමුළු පැවැත්වීම.		- EduCERT		0	0	5
යොදා ගැනීම සඳහා වැඩමුළු පැවැත්වීම කාර්යක්ෂම රාජා 0 0 10 සේවයක් සහතික කිරීම සඳහා ඩිජිටල් තාක්ෂණ යොදා ගැනීම සහ රජයේ නිලධාරීන් බලගැන්වීම සඳහා වැඩමුළු පැවැත්වීම.		- පුරවැසියන් බලගැන්වීම		0	0	8
වැඩමුළු පැවැත්වීම. - කාර්යක්ෂම රාජාප		සහ ඩිජිටල් තාක්ෂණය				
- කාර්යක්ෂම රාජාන 0 0 10 මස්වයක් සහතික කිරීම සඳහා ඩිජිටල් තාක්ෂණ යොදා ගැනීම සහ රජයේ නිලධාරීන් බලගැන්වීම සඳහා වැඩමුළු පැවැත්වීම.		මයාදා ගැනීම සඳහා				
සේවයක් සහතික කිරීම සඳහා ඩිජිටල් තාක්ෂණ යොදා ගැනීම සහ රජයේ නිලධාරීන් බලගැන්වීම සඳහා වැඩමුළු පැවැත්වීම.		වැඩමුළු පැවැත්වීම.				
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3.6	වාහාපෘති කළමනාකරණ පිරිවැය	4,900,000	0	0	5

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		Overtime for the month of January 2016	44 - 8377737	Te
	Con Carallana mil	Traveling expenses for Mr. Shanaka, Robitha, Ariuna	43 - 83/772/	
	K A Raiskanna	Travel allownce for the month of February 2016.	42 037771	9
	Muhamed Inshaff	1 ravel allownce for the month of February 2016.	42 8277717	100
	Aravinda Rathnavake	11avel allownce for the month of February 2016.	841 - 8375h67 - 188	5
	Chamila Samaranayake		40 - 8377697	91/4/16
	Samith Porage	Travel allowers for the mount of reorusty 2016.	≱ 39 - 8377687	91/4/16
	Hasika Nanayakkara	Travel allownce for the month of the contract	38 - 8377677	91/m/16
1	Cayani Perera	Travel allownce for the month of February 2016	37 - 8377667	91/m 13/6
1	Alm riemann W.C.	Consultancy fee for the month of January 2016.	J 35 - 837764 7	OT MAN
3,999,510.00 3,999,510.00	Aith Property LIG.	Consultancy fee for the month of January 2016.	7 34 - 63 / 763	NI American
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725,000.00	S of Corporate Services pvt Ltd	Sponsor fee for cording Contest	★ 6-837829 ⁷	rebrumy/16
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700,000.00	S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd		- 1 CRICS-1-	February/15
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	S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd	33]	÷ 2-8378257	February/16
		Consultancy for fir consultants I	+ (1-837Q47	February/16
1,153,134.00 1,153.134.00	Arasya Business Solutions Pvt Ltd	3		1 Mestamont
Muomy Amount		Peymennt of fourth milestone payment. Paymennt of sixth milestone	7 ID-83823/243322	January/16

1-9942647	126.208.781.70	14-18-899 or 1					
1-9942647	5,260,569,7	4,2(0):559,75					516 1 0ml
1-98433-7	317,948.18	317,948.18	S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd	Proffessional service fee for the month from January to June 2016.	<u> </u>	29-0045147	016
	135,007.28	135,007.28		Renewing Fire insurance policy for premises. Renewing Fire insurance policy for		28 - 0045137	16
1-994256 Field visit expenses for the month of August 2016 Field Visit Expenses - Consultants 1,255,200.00 1,2 - 294457 Field visit expenses for the month of August 2016 Field Visit Expenses - Staff 405,000.00 4 - 2944447 Field visit expenses for the month of August 2016 Field Visit Expenses - Staff 405,000.00 4 - 2944447 Field visit expenses for the month of August 2016 (CIII) Field Visit Expenses - Consultants 50,000.00 5 - 9944447 Field visit expenses for the month of August 2016 (CIII) Field Visit Expenses - Staff 50,000.00 1 - 10 - 994446 Field Visit Expenses - Consultants 50,000.00 1 - 10 - 994446 Field Visit Expenses - Consultants 50,000.00 1 - 994446 Field Visit Expenses - Consultants 50,000.00 1 - 994446 Field Visit Expenses - Consultants 50,000.00 1 - 994446 Field Visit Expenses - Consultants 50,000.00 1 - 994446 Field Visit Expenses - Consultants 50,000.00 1 - 994446 Field Visit Expenses - Consultants 50,000.00 1 - 994446 Field Visit Expenses - Consultants 50,000.00 1 - 994446 Field Visit Expenses - Consultants 50,000.00 1 - 994446 Field Visit Expenses - Consultants 50,000.00 1 - 994446 Field Visit Expenses - Consultants 50,000.00 1 - 994446 Field Visit Expenses - Consultants 50,000.00 1 - 994446 Field Visit Expenses - Consultants 50,000.00 1 - 994446 Field Visit Expenses - Consultants Field Visit Expenses - Consultants 50,000.00 1 - 994446 Field Visit Expenses - Consultants Field Visit Expenses - C	472,211.02	472,211.02		Payment for JIRA invoce. (Augest 2016) US\$ 3,201/=	+	27 - 0045127	16
1-984356 Field visit expenses for the month of August 2016 Field Visit Expenses - Consultants 1,255,200,000 1,2	133,200.00	133,200.00	Metropolitan Office (Pvt) Ltd	Purchase of multi function printer for MD's office		26 - 004511 7	16
1-994356 Field visit expenses for the month of August 2016 Field Visit Expenses - Consultants 1,255,900.00 1,2 -994457	600,000.00	600,000.00	Erandi C Hettierachchi	Payment og gratuity for Service. (2009/09/01 - 2016/07/31)	100	25 - 0045107	6
	261,304.07	261,304.07		Settlement of taxi bill for the month of July 2016	39	22 - 0045077	O)
	105,000.00	105,000.00	Hemas Travels (Pvt) Ltd.	Settlement of overseas travel bill. (Inv. 65120/ 64057)	+	21 - 0045067	0
1-994336 Field visit expenses for the month of August 2016 Field Visit Expenses - Consultants 1,255,000.00 1,2	309,000.00	309,000.00	Hemas Travels (Pvt) Ltd.	Settlement of overseas travel expenses. (SLCERT)		20 - 0045057	· ov
Field visit expenses for the month of August 2016 Travel allownce for the month of August 2016 Field Visit Expenses - Staff Field visit expenses for the month of August 2016 Field visit expenses for the month of August 2016 Field visit expenses - Staff Field visit e	65,000.00	65,000.00	Science Land Software (Pvt) Ltd	Maintanance fee for FMR system for the month of Augest 2016.		19-0045047	THE PARTY NAMED IN
Field visit expenses for the month of August 2016 Travel allownce for the month of August 2016 Travel allownce for the month of August 2016 Field visit expenses - Consultants Field Visit Expenses - Staff Field visit expenses for the month of August 2016 Field visit expenses for the month of August 2016 Field visit expenses for the month of August 2016 Field visit expenses for the month of August 2016 Field Visit Expenses - Consultants Field Visit Expenses - Staff Overime for the month of July 2016 Cash Cash Coshantha Mendis Field Visit Expenses - Staff Overseas travel expenses for Mr.Jayanath & Nipun Annual Manual Field Visit Expenses - Consultants JO,000.00 10,500.00 11,255,500.00 40,500.00 40,500.00 40,500.00 40,500.00 40,500.00 40,500.00 40,500.00 40,500.00 40,000.00 40,500.00 40,500.00 40,500.00 40,500.00 40,500.00 40,500.00 40,500.00 40,500.00 40,651.22 40,651.22 40,000.00	30,805.17	30,805.17	Rajagiriya Tours & Transport (Pvt) Ltd	Hire charges for vehicle - Signiya	72.5	17-0045027	
Field visit expenses for the month of August 2016 Travel allownce for the month of August 2016 Travel allownce for the month of August 2016 Field Visit Expenses - Consultants Field Visit Expenses - Staff Travel allownce for the month of August and upto 3rd September Field visit expenses for the month of August and upto 3rd September Field visit expenses for the month of August 2016 Field Visit Expenses - Staff Field Visit Expenses - Consultants Field Visit Expenses - Staff Cash Payment of Overtimr for the month of July 2016 (SLCERT) Roshantha Mendis Field Visit Expenses - Consultants Amazina August 2010 August 2016 Field Visit Expenses - Staff Field Visit Expenses - Staff Payment of Overtimr for the month of July 2016 Cash Roshantha Mendis Amazina August 2010 Field Visit Expenses - Consultants Field Visit Expenses - Staff Payment of Overtimr for the month of July 2016 (SLCERT) Roshantha Mendis	489,000.00	489,000.00	Hemas Travels (Pvt) Ltd.	Overseas travel expenses for Mr.Jayanath & Nipun	144	15 - 9848507	
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Field visit expenses for the month of August 2016 Field visit expenses for the month of August 2016 Field visit expenses for the month of August 2016 Field visit expenses for the month of August 2016 Field visit expenses for the month of August 2016 Field visit expenses for the month of August 2016 Field visit expenses for the month of August 2016 Field Visit Expenses - Consultants Field Visit Expenses - Staff Field Visit Expenses - Staff 90,000.00	197,500.00	197,500.00	Field Visit Expenses - Staff	Field visit expenses for the month of June (SLCERT)	新 <u></u>	10 - 9848457	100
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Field visit expenses for the month of August 2016 Field Visit Expenses - Consultants 1,255,500.00 1,2	30,000.00	30,000.00	Field Visit Expenses - Consultants	Field visit expenses for the month of Augest 2016	ide.	7-9848427	
Field visit expenses for the month of August 2016 Field Visit Expenses - Consultants 1,255,500.00 Field Visit Expenses - Staff 405,000.00	16,500.00	16,500.00	Menaka Damayanthi	Travel allownce for the month of August and upto 3rd September		-984847	The same
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Penge Penge	1,255,500.0	1,255,500.00		Field visit expenses for the month of August 2016	mar r My r	1-984836?	
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016. (ICTA Sisth) S.S.P. Corporate Services pvt Ltd 12,700,000.00 1016. (LGII) \$2.S.P. Corporate Services pvt Ltd 800,000.00 1016. (LGII) \$2.P. Corporate Services pvt Ltd 2,000,000.00 1016. (LGII) \$2.P. Corporate Services pvt Ltd 2,000,000.00 11.750,000.00		40,000.00	B.P. Yashan Saranga	Consultancy fee for the month of April 2016	-	67-984765 /	pay/10
TTA Staff) S. S. P. Corporate Services pvt Ltd 2700,000.00	0.74 3,260.74	3,260	American Premium Water Systems (pvt) Ltd	Settlement of drinking water bills - February / March 2016		66 - 9847647	May/16
nometh of April 2016. (ICIA Shaft) S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 12,700,000.00 1 nometh of April 2016. (ICII) S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 800,000.00 1 nometh of April 2016. (LCIII) S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 2,000,000.00 1 month of April 2016. (LCIII staft) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 2,000,000.00 1 month of April 2016. (SLCERT) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 1,750,000.00 1 real) LGII Kamgaroo Cabs (Pvr) Ltd 1,750,000.00 1 S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 1,750,000.00 1 S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 1,750,000.00 1 T S Settlement of two bill - Januar Kangaroo Cabs (Pvr) Ltd 1,750,000.00 1 S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 1,550,000.00 1 1,550,000.00 1 S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 1,550,000.00 1 1,550,000.00 1 S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 1,550,000.00 1 1,550,000.00 1 S S P Corporate Services (Pvr) Ltd 2,353,35 2,313,35 3 S S P Corporate Se		52,495	AB Logistics (Pvt) Ltd	Settlement of supplying cleaning mattrials bills - February/ March	- 100		May/16
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h of April 2016. (ICTA Staff) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 12,700,000.00 1 h of April 2016. (ICTA) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 800,000.00 1 h of April 2016. (LGII) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 2,000,000.00 1 of April 2016. (SLCERT) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 1,750,000.00 1 GII Kemgaroo Cabs (Pv) Ltd 1,750,000.00 1 I sement of two bill Januar Kemgaroo Cabs (Pv) Ltd 2,23,43.69 Jeith Madurapperuma. B.O.C. Travels (pv) Ltd 2,343.69 Jement of two bill Januar B.O.C. Travels (pv) Ltd 2,343.69 Jement of two bill Januar Remgaroo Cabs (Pv) Ltd 2,343.69 Jement of two bill Januar Remgaroo Cabs (Pv) Ltd 2,343.69 Jement of two bill Januar Remgaroo Cabs (Pv) Ltd 2,343.69 Januar of two bill Januar Remgaroo Cabs (Pv) Ltd 2,343.69 Januar of two bill Januar Telecom PLC 336,720.00 336,720.00 Januar Telecom PLC 336,720.00 336,720.00 336,720.00 Januar Telecom PLC Januar Telecom PLC		150,520	Russels (Pvt) Ltd			62 - 984/60 /	May/10
ff) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 12,700,000.00 1 S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 800,000.00 2 2,000,000.00 1 S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 2,000,000.00 2,000,000.00 1 2,000,000.00 1 3,750,000.00		17,75	American Premium Water Systems (pvt) Ltd	March 2016		61 - 984759 /	May/16
April 2016. (ICTA Staff) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 12,700,000.00 1 April 2016. (LGII) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 2,000,000.00 2,000,000.00 April 2016. (LGII) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 2,000,000.00 2,000,000.00 April 2016. (SLCERT) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 1,750,000.00 1,750,000.00 April 2016. (SLCERT) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 1,750,000.00 1,6470.24 ent of baci bill Jamuar Kangaroo Cabs (Pvt) Ltd 23,343.69 16,470.24 Madurapperuma. B.O.C. Travels (pvt) Ltd 23,343.69 23,343.69 Madurapperuma. B.O.C. Travels (pvt) Ltd 233,570.00 201,896.80 February 2016. Sri Lanka Telecom PLC 201,896.80 336,720.00 Genesiis Software (Pvt) Ltd 4,800.00 12,700.00 DAM.Madhura Prabath Amarathunga 12,700.00 12,700.00 Location Printmasi Prabath Amarathunga 10,000.00 1,333.33 Kansdan Wickramasinghe 9,499.99 9,499.99 Randem Wickramasinghe 9,499.99 1,500.00 Digital Mobil		24,85	Sri Lanka Insurance Corporation Ltd	Balance payment for health insurance policy (Upto 13th November 2016)		60-9847587	May/16
ICTA Staff) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 12,700,000.00 1 LGH) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 2,000,000.00 2 LGH staff) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 2,000,000.00 2 LGH staff) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 1,750,000.00 1 SLCERT) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 1,750,000.00 1 LCERT) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 1,750,000.00 1 LCERT) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 1,750,000.00 1 LCERT) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 1,750,000.00 1 Mangaroo Cabs (Pvt) Ltd 1,5470.24 1 B.O.C. Travels (pvt) Ltd 23,343.69 201,896.80 16. Sri Lanka Telecom PLC 336,720.00 336,720.00 Genesiis Software (Pvt) Ltd 4,800.00 12,700.00 D.M.Madhura Prabath Amarathunga 10,000.00 1,333.33 Kanstalya Dimuthumali 1,333.33 1,333.33 Manodya Sudasinghe 9,499.99 9,499.99 Randam Wickramasinghe 9,833.33 <		27,09	Digital Mobility Solutions Lanka (Pvt) Ltd	Settlement of taxi bill for the month of March 2016	73%	59 - 9847577	May/16
ub of April 2016. (ICTA Staff) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 12,700,000.00 1 ub of April 2016. (LGII) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 2,000,000.00 2000,000.00 th of April 2016. (LGII) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 2,000,000.00 800,000.00 LGII Kangaroo Cabs (Pvt) Ltd 1,750,000.00 16,470.24 thement of two bill Jamuar Kangaroo Cabs (Pvt) Ltd 23,343.69 Ajith Madurapperuma. B.O.C. Travels (pvt) Ltd 158,500.00 uary & February 2016. Sri Lanka Telecom PLC 201,896.80 asy & February 2016. Sri Lanka Telecom PLC 336,720.00 LAstir Phyajamaka Ranjama 11,333.33 LAstir Phyajamaka Ranjama 9,166.66 Upeksha Madushinari 1,333.33 Kanshalya Dimuthumali 1,333.33 LW. Thiransi Frabha 9,499.99 P. Satishalya Dimuthumali 9,499.99		181,91		Group Medical insurance premium (Upto 13th November 2016)	- i	58 - 9847567	May/16
ub of April 2016. (ICTA Staff) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 12,700,000.00 1 th of April 2016. (LGII) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 2,000,000.00 2,000,000.00 th of April 2016. (LGII) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 800,000.00 800,000.00 th of April 2016. (SLCERT) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 1,750,000.00 16,470.24 LGII Kangaroo Cabs (Pvt) Ltd 16,470.24 23,343.69 A.Jith Madurapperuma. B.O.C. Travels (pvt) Ltd 23,343.69 A.Jith Madurapperuma. B.O.C. Travels (pvt) Ltd 23,343.69 A.Jith Madurapperuma. Sri Lanka Telecom PLC 201,896.80 usay & February 2016. Sri Lanka Telecom PLC 336,720.00 may & February 2016. Sri Lanka Telecom PLC 336,720.00 LAsiri Plynjanaka Ranjana 12,700.00 J.Asiri Plynjanaka Ranjana 9,166.66 Upeksha Madushani 1,333.33 Manodya Sudasinghe 10,000.00 T.W.Thiransi Prabha 9,499.99		9,83	Randam Wickramasinghe	Intern payment for the month of March 2016.		57 - 984755/	Mayrio
th of April 2016. (ICTA Staff) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 12,700,000.00 1 th of April 2016. (ICII) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 2,000,000.00 2 th of April 2016. (LGII) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 2,000,000.00 1 th of April 2016. (SLCERT) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 200,000.00 1,750,000.00 GII Kamgaroo Cabs (Pvt) Ltd 1,750,000.00 1 Ajith Madurapperuma. B.O.C. Travels (pvt) Ltd 23,343.69 23,343.69 Ajith Madurapperuma. B.O.C. Travels (pvt) Ltd 158,500.00 158,500.00 usry & February 2016. Sri Lanka Telecom PLC 201,896.80 201,896.80 asy & February 2016. Sri Lanka Telecom PLC 336,720.00 12,700.00 D.M.Madhura Prabath Amarathunga 12,700.00 12,700.00 J.Asifi Pyrajanaka Ranjana 12,700.00 1,333.33 J.Peksha Madushani 1,333.33 1,333.33 Manodya Sudasinghe 10,000.00 10,000.00		9,49	T.W.Thiransi Prabha	Intern payment for the month of March 2016,		56-984754	MBy/10
th of April 2016. (ICTA Sinff) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 12,700,000.00 1 th of April 2016. (LGII) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 2,000,000.00 2 th of April 2016. (LGII staff) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 2,000,000.00 3 th of April 2016. (SLCERT) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 300,000.00 1 GII Kangaroo Cabs (Pvt) Ltd 1,750,000.00 1 Ajith Madurapperuma. B.O.C. Travels (pvt) Ltd 23,343.69 1 Ajith Madurapperuma. B.O.C. Travels (pvt) Ltd 158,500.00 1 usary & February 2016. Sri Lanka Telecom PLC 336,720.00 201,896.80 1 asy & February 2016. Sri Lanka Telecom PLC 336,720.00 12,700.00 1 Anim8 (Pvt) Ltd 4,800.00 12,700.00 1 D.M.Madhura Prabath Amarathunga 10,000.00 1,333.33 Indicated a sushabya Dimuthumali 1,333.33 1,333.33		10,00	Manodya Sudasinghe	Intern payment for the month of March 2016.		55 - 984753/	May/10
nth of April 2016. (ICTA Staff) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 12,700,000.00 1 uth of April 2016. (LGII) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 800,000.00 1 uth of April 2016. (LGII) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 2,000,000.00 2 uth of April 2016. (LGII staff) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 800,000.00 1 LGII Kangaroo Cabs (Pvt) Ltd 1,750,000.00 1 LGII Madurapperuma. Roc. Travels (pvt) Ltd 158,500.00 1 LAjith Madurapperuma. B.O.C. Travels (pvt) Ltd 158,500.00 201,896.80 nuary & February 2016. Sri Lanka Telecom PLC 336,720.00 336,720.00 uay & February 2016. Sri Lanka Telecom PLC 336,720.00 4,800.00 Low & February 2016. D.M.Madhura Prabath Amarathunga 10,000.00 11,333.33 S. D.M.Madhura Prabath Amarathunga 1,333.33 1,333.33		1,33	Kaushalya Dimuthumali	Intern payment for the month of March 2016.	-	54-984752/	May/10
nth of April 2016. (ICTA Staff) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 12,700,000.00 1 uth of April 2016. (LGII) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 800,000.00 1 uth of April 2016. (LGII) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 2,000,000.00 2 uth of April 2016. (LGII staff) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 800,000.00 1 LGII Kangaroo Cabs (Pvt) Ltd 1,750,000.00 1 LGIII Kangaroo Cabs (Pvt) Ltd 154,70.24 1 titlement of taxi bill Januar Kangaroo Cabs (Pvt) Ltd 23,343.69 23,343.69 r.Ajith Madurapperuma. B.O.C. Travels (pvt) Ltd 158,500.00 1 nuary & February 2016. Sri Lanka Telecom PLC 201,896.80 336,720.00 usy & February 2016. Sri Lanka Telecom PLC 336,720.00 4,800.00 Lough & February 2016. D.M.Madhura Frabath Amarathunga 10,000.00 12,700.00 S. Lanka Telecom PLC 336,720.00 12,700.00 12,700.00		1,33	Upeksha Madushani	Intern payment for the month of March 2016.	n or	53-984751	day/10
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nth of April 2016. (ICTA Staff) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 12,700,000.00 1 nth of April 2016. (P/L) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 800,000.00 1 nth of April 2016. (LGII) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 2,000,000.00 2,000,000.00 nth of April 2016. (LGII staff) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 800,000.00 300,000.00 LGII Kangaroo Cabs (Pvt) Ltd 1,750,000.00 16,470.24 ttlement of taxi bill Januar Kangaroo Cabs (Pvt) Ltd 23,343.69 t.Ajith Madurapperuma. B.O.C. Travels (pvt) Ltd 158,500.00 nuary & February 2016. Sri Lanka Telecom PLC 201,896.80 nuay & February 2016. Sri Lanka Telecom PLC 336,720.00 Anim8 (Pvt) Ltd 4,800.00		10,00	D.M.Madhura Prabath Amarathunga	Intern payment for the month of March 2016.	E e	51-977949 /	0.7550
he month of April 2016. (ICTA Staff) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 12,700,000.00 1 he month of April 2016. (P/L) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 800,000.00 2,000,000.00 1 he month of April 2016. (LGII) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 2,000,000.00 2,000,000.00 2,000,000.00 1 he month of April 2016. (LGII staff) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 800,000.00 800,000.00 1 he month of April 2016. (SLCERT) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 1,750,000.00 1 he month of April 2016. (SLCERT) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 1,750,000.00 1 he month of April 2016. (SLCERT) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 1,750,000.00 1 he month of April 2016. (SLCERT) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 1,750,000.00 1 he month of April 2016. (SLCERT) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 1,750,000.00 1 he month of April 2016. (SLCERT) S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 1,750,000.00 1 he month of April 2016. (SLCERT) S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 1,750,000.00 1 he month of April 2016. (SLCERT) B.O.C. Trav		12,70	Anim8 (Pvt) Ltd	Printing visiting cards for 13 staff members.	133	50-9779487	01/42 Ct/16
TA Staff) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 12,700,000.00 1 L) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 800,000.00 1 HII) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 2,000,000.00 2 III staff) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 800,000.00 800,000.00 CERT) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 1,750,000.00 16,470.24 Januar Kangaroo Cabs (Pvt) Ltd 23,343.69 23,343.69 B.O.C. Travels (pvt) Ltd 158,500.00 158,500.00 6 Sri Lanka Telecom PLC 201,896.80 336,720.00		4,80	Genesiis Software (Pvt) Ltd	Settlement of WEB advertistment bill.		49-977947 /	91/q1.
A Staff) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 12,700,000.00 1 O S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 2,000,000.00 2,000,000.00 staff) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 800,000.00 800,000.00 ERT) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 1,750,000.00 16,470.24 anuar Kangaroo Cabs (Pvt) Ltd 23,343.69 23,343.69 B.O.C. Travels (pvt) Ltd 158,500.00 201,896.80		336,72		Settlement of ISP bill for the months of Januay & February 2016.		48-9779467	91.00 B
A Staff) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 12,700,000.00 1 S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 800,000.00 2,000,000.00 staff) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 2,000,000.00 2,000,000.00 ERT) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 800,000.00 2,000,000.00 ERT) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 1,750,000.00 2,000.00 2,000.00 2,000.00 2,000.00 2,000.00 2,000.00 2,000.00 2,000.00		201,89		Settlement og tele bills for the months of January & February 2016	-	47 - 9779457	91/7,16
ff) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 12,700,000.00 1 S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 800,000.00 2,000,000.00 S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 2,000,000.00 300,000.00 S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 800,000.00 S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 1,750,000.00 Kangaroo Cabs (Pvt) Ltd 16,470.24 Kangaroo Cabs (Pvt) Ltd 23,343.69		158,51	B.O.C. Travels (pvt) Ltd	Settlement of overses travel expenses for Dr.Ajith Madurapperuma.		46-9779447	9116
ff) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 12,700,000.00 1 S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 800,000.00 1 S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 2,000,000.00 2 S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 800,000.00 3 S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 1,750,000.00 16,470.24		23,3	Kangaroo Cabs (Pvt) Ltd		12.00	45-9779437	
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T) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 12,700,000.00 1 S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 800,000.00 1 S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 2,000,000.00 2 S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 2,000,000.00 3		1,750,0	S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd	Consultancy fee for consultants for the month of April 2016. (SLCERT)		43 - 9779417	1
Staff) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 12,700,000.00 1 S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 800,000.00 2,000,000.00		0,008		Consultancy fee for consultants for the month of April 2016. (LGII staff)		\$ 42-9779407	1
Staff) S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 12,700,000.00 1 S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 800,000.00		2,000,0	S.S.P. Corporate Services pvt Ltd	1		1	1
S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd 12,700,000.00 1		0,008	S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd		y	40 - 9779387	
		12,700,6	S S P Corporate Se	Consultancy fee for consultants for the month of April 2016. (ICTA Staff	4	39-977937	
ed work plan, Including resource allocation Completion of training Copacetic (Pvt) Ltd 2,729,925,00		2,729,5	Copacetic (Pvt) Ltd	Finalized work plan, including resource allocation Completion of training for 60	Y HOUSE	38-9779367	2.8377

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1,012,500.00	1,012,500.00	(0)	<i>9</i>		1
CC.07¢'c±1'1		Melvin Perera			
1143006 63	1,143,926.53	Rockland Distilleries (pvt) Ltd	Gratuity payment for 9 year service.	37 - 9779357	
492,000.00	492,000.00	Computer Care (Pvt) Ltd	Settlement of electricity bills for the month of October & Documents of the month of October & Documents of the month of October & Documents of the Management of the Manageme	36-9779347	
1,388,252.00	1,388,252.00	Managya Digital (Pvr) Ltd	,8	35 - 977933	1
35,100.00	35,100.00	Can de la constantina della co	s. for Bribery	34 - 977,932/	1
376,000.00	376,000.00	W.A. Subscinote		at of the state of	1
274,690.15	274,690.15	Cash	Payment for extra special allownce to drivers - April 2016	32 - 9779307	+
303,030,00	303,030.00	Cash		31-07707	1
304,693.90	304,693.90	Karunaratna The Associated Newspapers of Co. 1. 7.1	Settlement of Advertistment bills (59011373, 59003705, 59004417, 59005697,590100	29 - 97/927	المار
44,500.00	44,500.00	Sampath Bank A/C 4862 9600 0020 3038 of Mr Gamini	Settlement of corporate credit card bills.	20.7/1/2/04	190
227,700.00	227,700.00	Soft Lanka Solution	rinning 5000 nos. sinhala leaflets for yovunpura event.	70 0700	12
118,000.00	118,000.00	Softwave Printing & Packaging (T.v.) Ltd	双凝	27 - 9779257	19Ug
122,575.00	122,575.00	le & Packa	el de la	26 - 977923	inelle inelle
60,867.00	60,867.00	Nadun Chamara			all all a
210,000.00	210,000.00	J K Perera		24 - 977927	
29,200.00	27,200,00	J K Perera		23 - 9779217	JUA I
1	50 200 00	Chitranganie Mubarak	Consultancy fee for the month of Mesch 2016	22-9779207	1/starting
230 640 00	230,640.00	Sachindra Samararathna		21-9779197	April 116
100,000,00	100,000.00	Company PLC	Reimburstment of balance acommadation fee for Van-	20-9779187	No.
209,457.00	209,457.00	Alliance Finance Co PLC		19-9779177	1 M
70,000.00	70,000.00	-1	Settlement of hire of vehicle bill January 2016. (KH - 6278 KO 6470)	518-977916/	- 100 TO
140,000.00	140,000.00	WMIWE		1	
130,000.00	00.000,007	Iromika Shashikala Nayomi		17-9770157	\fsy/16
99,415.00	130,000,00	L.D.Amarasinghe		16-9770177	Иау/16
	8	L.D.Amarasinghe	Card (03-2/50)	15 - 9779137	May/16
15 000 00	15,000.00	Cash	Settlement of hire of vehicle hill - January 2016 (12 2020)	14 - 977/9127	May/16
60,000.00	60,000.00	трин стопина м.С.	Balance travel allownce for the month of February 2016 (TCTA C.L.)	13-9779117	0.7 (fmm)
40,000.00	40,000.00	Aith Premalel W/C	Consultancy fee for the month of March 2016		May/16
40,000.00	40,000.00	3.1		12-9779107	May/16
40,000.00	40,000.00	B.P.Yashan Saranga	reyment to intern for the month of March 2016	11-9779097	May/16
normona.	An ann an	Corporate Doctors (Pvt) Ltd	B	10-9779087	May/16
0,100.00	10,000,00	Randam Wickramasinghe	Payment for intern for the month of the	9-9779077	May/16
10 minutes	8 186 86	T.W.Thiransi Prabha		8-9779067	May/16
A MINISTRA	Minimu		Payment to intern for the month of February 2016		
	C. C		В	100	May/16

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		2	6	16	-	16	16	10	/16	/16 à		шу/16	01.6m	Jy/16	Jy/16	malifold and	6/16	916	916	116	16 5	200	1	1	41	1	/ 	
15 - 9848357	AT CORDER	7, 08480-11	13 - 9848337	12 - 9848327	11-9848317	10 - 984830 /	9-984829	8 - 984828 (7-984827'	\$ -9848267	5 - 9848257	4-9848247	3-9848237	2-9848227	1-9848217		45 - 9848067	44 - 9848057	43 - 9848047	42 - 9848037	7	40-9848017	39 - 9848007	38 - 9847997	37-9847987	36-984797[33-984796/	A CALLON AND
 :	y 5		P	90)(2)		1-6	P		777			7							1.11		200					F .	200	
(LGII)	_		Payment of medical allownce for the period from July to December 2016	Payment of medical allownce for the period from July to December 2016	Payment of medical allownce for the period from July to December 2016	Payment of medical allowace for the period from July to December 2016	Payment of medical allownce for the period from July to December 2016	Payment of medical allownce for the period from July to December 2016	Payment of medical allownce for the period from July to December 2016	Payment of medical allownce for the period from July to December 2016	Payment of medical allownce for the period from July to December 2016.	Settlement of corporate credit card bill. (June 2016)	Settlement of overseas travel expenses. (73512)	67278)	Settlement of overseas travel expenses. (Inv.68849/ 67278)		Travel allownce for the month of June 2016	25 units of UPS systems for LGII	Settlement of fuel bill. April 2016	Settlement of Taxi bill - April	Reimburstment of snack bill. (Interview panel)	Being payment for purchase of cloth	Consultancy fee for consultants for the month of May 2016 ICTA subs.	Consultancy fee for consultants for the month of May 2016 LGII Staff	Consultancy fee for consultants for the month of May 2016 SLCERT	Consultancy fee for consultants for the month of May 2016 P/L	Consultancy fee for consultants for the month of May 2016 ICTA staff	runchase of snacks for Board meeting on 19/5/2016
Medical Allownce - Staff	Medical Allownce - Staff	ENAMES OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	Medical Allownoe - Staff	Medical Allownce - Staff	Medical Allowace - Staff	Sampath Bank A/C 4862 9600 0020 3038 of Mr. Gamini Karunaratna	Hemas Travels (Pvt) Ltd.	Hemas Travels (Pvt) Ltd.	Hemas Travels (Pvt) Ltd.		Cash	Consol Electronics (Pvt) Ltd	Super Service Station (Pvt) I td	Digital Mobility Solutions I sales (Dut) I to	Osch		S S P Corporate Services not I td	S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd	S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd	S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd	S S P Corporate Services pvt Ltd	Cash						
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G.	Attending Audit & Management meetings	Attending Audit & Management meetings.	Attending Audit & management meetings.	Attending Board meetings from January to 10th May 2016 (Including travel expense	Attending Board meetings from January to 10th May 2016 (Including travel expense	Attending Board meetings from January to 10th May 2016 (Including travel expense	Attending Board meetings from January to 10th May 2016 (Including travel expense	Attending Board meetings from January to 10th May 2016 (Including travel expense	Attending Board meetings from January to 10th May 2016 (Including travel expense	Attending Board meetings from January to 10th May 2016 (Including travel expense	Payment of intern fee for the month of March 2016	Settlement of security bill for the month of April 2016	Payment for web advertistment fee. (Staff vacancies)	Payment of over time for the month of April 2016	Settlement of mobile bills. (1/15 - 4/14)	Settlement of mobile bills. (1/15 - 4/14) - Chairperson	Psyment for intern allownce for the months of and Feb/ March 2016	Reimburstment of snacks bills for purchasing snacks for e-Slim project meetings.	Hire charges And termination fee of vehicle - April & 1/2 of May, (CAI - 2378)	Settlement of credit card bills April 2016	Hire charges for veicle, $(CAI - 2378) + Termination fee, (April & 1/2 of Msy)$	Travel allownce for the month of May 2016 - LGII staff	Consultancy fee for the month of April 2016	Renting of two ultimaker 3D printing machine at Yovun Puraya.	LED mobile truck for May 1st programme.	Designing of vehicle panel and video wall visual.	Paymaent for web advertistment fee. (Staff vacancies)	Travel allownce for the month of May 2016.	Travel allownce for the month of May 2016.	
or managed a cumpling party	Dumindra Rathnavaka	P.H.A.S.Wijayarathne	Ajith Madurapperuma	Abdul Azeez Mohamed Hilme	K.T.Danushka Gunasinghe	Rakitha-Rajapakshe	Dinesh Jayawardena	Dumindra Rathnayaka	P.H.A.S.Wijayarathne	Ajith Madurapperuma	Corporate Doctors (Pvt) Ltd	W.A.Subasinghe	Genesiis Software (Pvt) Ltd	Cash	Dialog Axiata PLC	Dialog Axiata PLC	SWT Associates	Chinthaka Ranasinghe	Central Finance Company PLC	Sampath Bank A/C 4862 9600 0020 3038 of Mr. Gåmini Karumaratus	Central Finance Company PLC	Cash	Ajith Premalal W.C.	3D Concept Studio Company (Pvt) Ltd	S & R Advertising	Sanjaya Epa Senevirathna	Genesiis Software (Pvt) Ltd	A.M.K.E. Goonetilleke	Cash	
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MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING

This Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") is entered into as of the date of the last party to sign below ("Effective Date"), by and among

The information and Communication Technology Agency of Sri Lanka, a Government owned entity, incorporated under the laws of Sri Lanka and statutorily empowered with powers and functions in terms of the information and Communication Technology Act No. 27 of 2003 (as amended by Act 33 of 2008), having its office at 160/24, Kirimandala Mawatha, Colombo 05, Sri Lanka (herein after referred to as "ICTA"), and

Google Loon LLC, or an affiliate thereof ("Loon"), LotusFlare Holdings Limited, or an affiliate thereof ("LotusFlare") and Project Rama Co. ("RamaCo")).

Each of ICTA, Loon, LotusFlare and RamaCo shall be collectively referred to as the "Working Group" and Individually as a "Party".

1. OVERVIEW

- A. ICTA is the single apex Government Institution Involved in information and communication technology ("ICT") policy and direction for the nation. ICTA has been empowered by the Information Communication Technology Act No. 27 of 2003, as amended by Act 33 of 2008, to implement strategies and programs in both the Government and the private sector and to take all such steps as are necessary to facilitate the implementation of the National Policy on Information and Communication Technology. Pursuant thereto, ICTA is mandated to implement several programs and strategies, namely: (a) building the necessary connectivity infrastructure throughout the country to connect villages and towns to the world; (b) create the enabling environment, including acceleration of enabling laws for egovernment and e-commerce and promote public private partnerships and promoting regulatory reform together with information infrastructure, ICT Human Resource Development, Re-engineering Government, ICT Investment & Private Sector Partnerships (c) develop human resources at multiple levels to support national development; (d) modernize the public sector and deliver citizen services through e-government constructs; (e) promote Sri Lanka as an ICT destination renowned for producing best-of-breed in niche global markets through the use and adoption of technology and supporting public-private partnerships in ICT service provision and (f) bridge the digital divide with applications almed at poverty reduction and social development:
- B. In order to achieve ICTA's policy of empowering its citizens with new information Communication Technologies it has become necessary to extend and strengthen mobile telecommunications access (including both voice and data/internet access) to Sri Lanka's entire population by 2020 (the "initiative"). ICTA seeks to encourage adoption and use of such access by its underserved populations by facilitating a free or highly subsidized mobile internet service that is universally available throughout Sri Lanka.



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- C. Loon Intends to launch a unique network of stratospheric balloons which will offer the ability to extend LTE wireless data coverage throughout Sri Lanka in cooperation with a local mobile network operator.
- D. LotusFiare has developed a platform technology that is essential to the provisioning and management of broadly accessible, cost-effective internet access.
- E. RamaCo possesses the local expertise necessary to act as a turnkey provider in order to (i) faunch and operate the services contemplated by the initiative, manage relationships with providers of connectivity (whether Loon or traditional mobile carriers and enable local Sri Lankan technology and service companies equal and fair access through which to develop and offer services to qualified users, and (ii) to provide free access to a basic set of internet services directly to consumers.
- F. Each Party desires to create a Working Group that uses the relative strengths and experiences of each Party to launch and execute the initiative.
- G. This MOU endeavors to establish certain, preliminary business understandings of the Working Group with respect to the organization and responsibilities of the Parties with respect to achieving the initiative.

Therefore, the Working Group agrees as follows:

2. STRATEGIC ALLIANCE

The Working Group intends to achieve the initiative through a multi-stage process.

First, the Working Group with this MOU and the agreements contemplated hereby, will identify the services to be provided to users in Sri Lanka and the responsibilities and requirements of the Parties. To accomplish this, each Party is committing to negotiate in good faith towards defining and executing the Definitive Agreements (defined below) applicable to it in accordance with the framework, terms and conditions described herein. The Working Group anticipates that some of the Definitive Agreements may be negotiated concurrently (in order to move to the initial Pilot specified below), whilst others may be negotiated sequentially as further information is collected. The Working Group currently anticipates that this first stage would commence immediately after execution of this MOU and would conclude by approximately mid-August, 2015. ICTA agrees to facilitate RamaCo with required regulatory support and approvals to fast-track the initiative. In addition, sometime before the beginning of the initial Pilot, but no earlier than December, 1 2015, Loon will use commercially reasonable endeavors to schedule a technology demonstration over Sri Lanka to test the ability to provide LTE wireless coverage ("Loon Trial"), provided that all necessary regulatory approvals and licenses are granted by the relevant authorities prior to then and the necessary cooperation is secured from a local mobile network operator.

Second, LotusFlare, RamaCo and ICTA ("Initial Pilot Group") will conduct a limited pilot of the services to a select number of users ("Initial Pilot"). The Initial Pilot Group anticipates the Initial Pilot will begin on or before December 31, 2015 and will last for 12 months, potentially involving up to 10,000 users. The Initial Pilot Group further



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anticipates that they will conduct the initial Pilot using existing wireless carrier infrastructure, without the participation of Loon at this stage. The second stage of this process, involving general availability to the Sri Lanka public is contemplated by December 31, 2016, at which point Loon desires to be ready to provide broad geographic coverage, provided the necessary cooperation is secured from a mobile network operator.

Third, the Working Group shall develop a formal development plan, which shall clarify the nature and scope of ICTA's participation in the Initiative. The Working Group shall further define the deployment plan for the initiative, and identify specific milestones for the financing to be released.

Fourth, the Working Group shall continue to execute the initiative according to the finalized agreed-upon deployment plan. The Working Group currently envisions the finalized deployment plan could include:

- i. The deployment of wireless infrastructure, both traditional, and via Loon's proprietary technology to provide universal mobile coverage across all of Sri Lanka;
- ii. The establishment of business relationships with Sri Lankan mobile content and application service providers who will use the platform provided by LotusFlare to subsidize the delivery of mobile internet services to the Sri Lankan population;
- III. The definition of a common set of enablement services that RamaCo will provide to each carrier in Sri Lanka to deliver universal mobile data service under agreements between RamaCo and the applicable local carrier; and
- iv. RamaCo and LotusFlare being responsible for the acquisition, provision and distribution of wireless handsets to underprivileged users in Sri Lanks, which handsets shall provide free basic mobile internet services via LotusFlare and RamaCo's technology.

PUBLICITY

Each Party agrees that the Parties shall work together to publicize the Initiative at the time of the Loon Trial, with language and timing subject to approval by all parties. Each Party agrees that it will not make any public statement regarding the initiative or the relationships contemplated by this MOU without the written approval of each of the other Parties, which shall not be unreasonably withheld. No Party may use the name, logo or trademark of any other Party without the prior written approval of that other Party, which will not be unreasonably withheld. In all cases, the other Parties must comply with Google's Brand Guidelines (available at URL http://www.google.com/permissions/trademark/brand-terms.html). the foregoing, each Party may make such filings and disclosures required under applicable law.

MISCELLANEOUS



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- A. <u>Definitive Agreements</u>. The Working Group currently anticipates that the following agreements and instruments will be negotiated and executed by one or more members of the Working Group as specified below (each a "Definitive Agreement"):
 - Platform License Agreement between LotusFlare and RamaCo whereby LotusFlare will agree to provide its technology solution to RamaCo on a geographically exclusive basis in exchange for certain fees and consideration;
 - II. Agreement between Loon and a local mobile network operator to enable the Loon Trial:
 - III. Access and Services Agreement between a local mobile network operator and RamaCo;
 - iv. Finance Agreements between ICTA and RamaCo;
 - v. Agreements to facilitate licensing of spectrum and access interconnections for the operation of RamaCo in Sri Lanka; and
 - vi. Agreements with respect to tax holidays, regulatory support, distribution and infrastructure support and other like matters to be provided to the applicable Party by the ICTA.
 - B. <u>Independent Contractor</u>. Each Party is an independent contractor and nothing contained in this MOU shall be construed to be inconsistent with the relationship or status. No Party owes a fiduciary duty to the other. Nothing in this MOU shall be in any way construed to constitute any Party as the agent, partner, employee or representative of the other.

C. Confidentiality.

- i. "Confidential information" means information that (a) relates to the Disclosing Party's past, present or future research, development, business activities, products, services and technical knowledge, and (b) either has been identified in writing as confidential or is of such a nature (or has been disclosed in such a way) that it should be obvious to another Party that it is elaimed as way) that it should be obvious to another Party that it is elaimed as confidential. All information regarding the initiative and the terms of this MOU confidential. All information is referred to as the "Disclosing Party" and the Party Confidential Information is referred to as the "Receiving Party".
- ii. Confidential information of the Disclosing Party may be used by the Receiving Party only in connection with the purpose(s) set forth in shis MOU. The Receiving Party agrees to protect the confidentiality of the Disclosing Party's Confidential Information in the same manner it protects the confidentiality of its own Confidential Information of like kind, but in any case using reasonable





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- iii Except as necessary for the purpose(s) set forth in this MOU, Confidential Information of the Disclosing Party shall not be copied or reproduced by the Receiving Party without the Disclosing Party's prior written consent.
- iv. The Disclosing Party provides the Confidential Information "as is". Disclosure of Confidential Information hereunder shall therefore not constitute any representation, warranty, assurance, guarantee or inducement by the Disclosing Party with respect to infringement of patents or other rights of third parties. No warranty or representation as to the accuracy, completeness, or technical quality of any Confidential information is provided herein.
- v. The Receiving Party shall:
 - a. treat as strictly confidential any and all Confidential information given or made known to it arising from this association;
 - b. keep all such Confidential Information obtained secret towards third parties and only use it in co-operation with the Disclosing Party for the purpose set out in this MOU and to disclose same to their employees and/or advisors, who are bound by similar written confidentiality obligations, only on the basis of the need-to-know;
 - c. accept responsibility for the observance of the secrecy undertaking as provided hereunder by their employees; and
 - d. If required, cause all of their employees who are directly or indirectly given access to the said Confidential Information to execute secrecy undertakings in a form acceptable to the Disclosing Party in order to protect the Disclosing Party against the unauthorized disclosure of such Confidential Information to any third party and to fully co-operate in the enforcement of such secrecy undertakings.
- D. <u>Assignment</u>. This MOU may not be assigned or delegated without the written consent of the other Parties, except in connection with a sale to a third party of all or substantially all of its stock or assets to which this MOU relates.
- E. Applicable Law: Bispute Resolution. This MOU will be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of England and Wales. Any disputes under this MOU will be referred to and finally resolved by arbitration conducted in Singapore under the Rules of Arbitration of the International Chamber of Commerce, which rules are deemed to be incorporated by reference into this clause. The language to be used in the arbitration will be English. The parties will mutually select one arbitrator. This clause will be without prejudice to the right of either party to apply to any court of competent jurisdiction for emergency, interim or injunctive relief.
- F. Anti-Bribery. Each Party will comply with all applicable commercial and public antibribery laws, including the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977 and the UK Bribery Act of



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2010, which prohibit corrupt offers of anything of value, either directly or indirectly to anyone, including government officials, to obtain or keep business or to secure any other improper commercial advantage. "Government officials" include any government employee; candidate for public office; and employee of government-owned or government-controlled companies, public public office; and employee of government-owned or government-controlled companies, public public office; and employee of government-owned or government-controlled companies, public public office; and employee of government-owned or government-controlled companies, public public office; and employee of government-owned or government-controlled companies, public public office; and employee of government of government-controlled companies, public public office; and employee; candidate for including providing requested information.

G. Entire Agreement. This MOU constitutes the entire agreement that exists between the Working Group with respect to the subject matter set forth herein and supersedes all other agreements between the Parties relating to its subject matter. In entering into this MOU, no party has relied on, and no party will have any right or remedy based on, any statement, party has relied on, and no party will have any right or remedy based on, any statement, party has relied on, and no party will have any right or remedy based on, any statement, party has relied on any executing representation or warranty except those set out in this MOU. Subject to each Party conducting representation or warranty except those set out in this MOU. Subject to each Party conducting representation or warranty except those set out in this MOU. Subject to each Party conducting representation of the Parties and based on, any statement, and before September 30, intend to negotiate and execute the applicable Definitive Agreements before September 30, intend to negotiate and execute the applicable Definitive Agreement) and paragraphs 3 (Publicity). Agreement under this MOU. This paragraph, 4f (Entire Agreement) and paragraphs 3 (Publicity), 4B (Independent Contractor), 4C (Confidentiality), 4B (Applicable Law; Dispute Resolution) constitute a legally binding contract between the Parties in consideration of the mutual promises therein. Any Party may terminate this MOU in its sole discretion at any time after promises therein. Any Party may terminate this MOU in its sole discretion at any time after promises therein. Any Party may terminate this MOU in its sole discretion at any time after promises therein. Any Party may terminate this MOU in its sole discretion at any time after promises therein. Any Party may terminate this MOU in its sole discretion at any time after promises therein. Any Party may terminate this MOU and the Definitive Agreements.

[signature page follows]



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Signature Page

The Information and Communication Technology Agency of Sri Lanka (ICTA)

Print Name:

Title:

Address:

Date:

Google Loon LLC

Print Name: MI CHAR CASSIAL

Title: Address:

Date:

Lotusflare Holdings Ltd.

Print Name: TERRY GUO

Title: Address:

Date:

RamaCo.

Print Name:

Title:

Address:

Date:



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TRC/SM/SS/0080/16

20.11.2016

Mr. Muhunthan Canagey Managing Director/CEO ICT Agency of Sri Lanka No. 160/24, Kirimandala Mawatha, Colombo 05

Dear Sir,

Re: Frequency Allocation for Google Loon Testing

This refers to your letter dated 17th October 2016 regarding above subject.

The required frequencies for Google Loon test in Sri Lanka:

- 736 MHz 740 MHz (Loon Balloon to user device)
- 791 MHz 795 MHz (Loon Balloon to user device)
- A pair of 60 MHz bandwidth channels between 71-76 GHz and 81 86 GHz (Uplink & down link between Loon Base Station & Loon Balloon and communication between Balloon to Balloon)
- 5725 5825 MHz (Wi-Fi Uplink & downlink between Loon Base Station & Loon Balloon and Wi-Fi communication between Balloon to Balloon)

are not in line with Radio Regulation of International Telecommunication Union (ITU).

Furthermore, TRCSL has received the response from Mr. Rancy Francois, Director/Radio Communication Bureau of ITU as in Attachment, it is clearly stated that required frequencies cannot be considered for the proposed experiment/ test for Google Loon in Sri Lanka.

Sincerely

TELECOMMUNICATIONS REGULATORY COMMISSION OF SRI LANKA

M

M. Kingsly Fernando Acting Director General

Copy

Secretary

Ministry of Telecommunication and Digital Infrastructure

No. 79/1, 5th Lane, Colombo 03



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CABINET DECISION

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அமைச்சரவைத் தீர்மானம்

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2015 සැප්තැම්බර් මස 22 දින පැවැත්වුණු අමාතා මණ්ඩල රැස්වීමේදී එළඹි තීරණයක් අවශා කටයුතු සඳහා මේ සමහ එවා ඇත.

ඩබලිව.එම්.ඩී. ජේ. පුතාන්දු අතිරේක ලේකම්.

අ.කළේ/එස්.අබේසිංහ, අමාතා මණ්ඩලයේ ලේකම්.

(ඈ) රැස්වීමේදී සභාගත කළ පතිකා:

- අමාතා මණ්ඩල පතිකා අංක 15/1303/719/017 වූ, "**රජය වීසින් ලබා** 27. දෙන විවිධ සහනාධාර නියම වශයෙන්ම හිමි වියයුතු පුතිලාභීන්ට ලබා දීම සහ ඒ සඳහා වන පිරිවැය අර්ථාන්විතව හා එලදායිව යොදා ගැනීම" යන මැයෙන් මුදල් ඇමතිතුමා ඉදිරිපත් කළ 2015-09-22 දිනැති සංදේශය - අමාතා මණ්ඩලය විසින් පහත සඳහන් කරුණු නිරීක්ෂණය කරන ලදී:
 - සමාජ සුබසාධනය, අඩු ආදායම්ලාභීන්ට සහන සැලසීමේ සමාජ ආරක්ෂණ වැඩසටහන් සහ විශුාම වැටුප් සඳහා රජය විසින් වාර්ෂිකව සැලකිය යුතු අරමුදල් පුමාණයක් ඉවත් කරනු ලබන බව; සහ

→2.

- (ii) මෙම වැඩසටහන්වල අල්ක්ෂිත අරමුණු සපුරා ගනු ලබන බව තහවුරු කිරීම පිණිස එකී වැඩසටහන් කි්යාත්මක කිරීම සම්බන්ධයෙන් රජය අඛණ්ඩව කැප වී සිටින බව.
- මේ පිළිබඳව සාකච්ඡා කිරීමෙන් අනතුරුව, පහත සඳහන් පරිදි අනුමැතිය ලබා දීමට තීරණය කරන ලදී:
 - (අ) රටේ සමාජ ආරක්ෂණ වැඩසටහන් සඳහා 'කුටුම්බයන් වෙත කෙරෙන පැවරුම් පිළිබඳ මධාගත පද්ධතියක්' ස්ථාපිත කිරීම;
 - (ආ) පහත සඳහන් පරිදි කිුයා කරන ලෙස ශී ලංකා තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ නියෝජිතායතනයට උපදෙස් ලබා දීම -
 - (i) කුටුම්බයන් වෙත කෙරෙන පැවරුම් කාර්යක්ෂම අයුරින් කළමනාකරණය කිරීම පිණිස වන රජයේ පුමුබ අරමුණු සපුරා ගැනීම සඳහා මධාාගත විසඳුමක් සම්පාදනය කිරීම;
 - (ii) සංලද්ශයේ සඳහන් අරමුණු සපුරා ගැනීම සඳහා 'ජාතික අංකිත අනනා හැඳුනුම්පතක් (සමාජ ආරක්ෂණ)' නිකුත් කිරීම පිණිස අවශා සහයෝගය රජයේ අදාළ ආයතනවලින් සහ අනෙකුත් සියලු පාර්ශ්වකරුවන්ගෙන් ලබාගැනීම; සහ
 - (ඇ) මෙම වාාාපෘතිය 2015 දෙසැම්බර් මස 31 දින වන විට පූර්ණ වශයෙන් කිුියාත්මක කරනු ලබන බවට වග බලා ගැනීම.

තවද, මෙම තීරණය සම්මත කරනු ලැබූ සේ සැලකීමටත්, ඒ අනුව එම තීරණය අවශා කටයුතු සඳහා අදාළ බලධාරින් වෙත දන්වා යැවීම සඳහා අමාතා මණ්ඩලයේ ලේකම්වරයාට බලය පැවරීමටත් තීරණය කරන ලදී.

කියා කළ යුතු: **මුදල් අමාතාහංශය** විදුලි සංදේශ හා ඩිජිටල් යටිතල පහසුකම අමාතාහංශය -සංදේශයේ පිටපතක් යා කොට ඇත. පිටපත්:

ජනාධිපති ලේකම් - සංදේශයේ පිටපතක් යා කොට ඇත. අගුාමාතා ලේකම් - සංදේශයේ පිටපතක් යා කොට ඇත. ජාතික පුතිපත්ති හා ආර්ථික කටයුතු අමාතාහංශය -සංදේශයේ පිටපතක් යා කොට ඇත.

ස<mark>මාජ සවිබලගැන්වීම හා සුබසාධන අමාකාාංශය -</mark> සං**දේශයේ පිටපතක් යා කොට ඇත**.

අභාන්තර කටයුතු, වයඹ සංවර්ධන හා සංස්කෘතික කටයුතු අමාතාහාංශය - සංදේශයේ පිටපතක් යා කොට ඇත.

(D) Cabinet Papers Tabled at the Meeting:

- 27. Cabinet Paper No.15/1303/719/017, a Memorandum dated 2015-09-22 by the Minister of Finance on "Effective use of Household Transfers and Including Rationalization of Costs for the Absolute Needy" Cabinet observed that -
 - (I) the Government annually allocates a considerable amount of funds for the social welfare, safety net programmes and pensions; and
 - (II) the Government has a continued commitment towards these programmes to ensure that these programmes achieve their desired objectives.

After discussion, it was decided to grant approval -

- (a) to establish a 'Centralized Household Transfer System' for the safety net programmes in the country;
- (b) to instruct the Information and Communication Technology Agency of Sri Lanka (ICTA) -
 - to formulate a centralized solution to fulfill the key objectives of the Government for the efficient management of the Household Transfers;
 - (ii) to obtain the required assistance for the purpose from the relevant Government institutions and all other stakeholders, with a view to issuing a 'National Digital Unique Identifier (Social Security)' to meet the objectives indicated in the Memorandum; and

Contd./2

(c) to ensure that the project is fully implemented by 31st December, 2015.

It was also decided to treat this decision as confirmed and to authorize the Secretary to the Cabinet of Ministers to convey same to the relevant authorities for necessary action accordingly.

Action by: My/Finance

My/Telecommunication and Digital Infrastructure - copy of Memorandum annexed.

Copied to: Secretary to the President - copy of Memorandum annexed.

Secretary to the Prime Minister - copy of Memorandum annexed.

My/National Policies and Economic Affairs - copy of Memorandum annexed.

My/Social Empowerment and Welfare - copy of Memorandum annexed.

My/Internal Affairs, Wayamba Development and Cultural Affairs - copy of Memorandum annexed.





MINISTRY OF FINANCE

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Cabinet Memorandum

Effective Use of Household Transfers and Including Rationalization of Costs for the Absolute Needy

Background

- 1. The government annually allocates a considerable amount of funds for the social welfare, safety net programs and pensions. These programs are designed to protect citizens from the economic risks and insecurities of life. The most common types of programs provide benefits to the elderly or retired, the sick or invalid, dependent survivors, mothers, the unemployed, the work-injured, school children and families. Methods of financing and administration and the scope of coverage and benefits vary widely depending on the target group and the implementation mechanism.
- 2. The government has a continued commitment towards these welfare programs to ensure that each of these programs achieve their set objectives.
- 3. One of the main considerations in this regard, is the efficient management of subsidy dispensed by these welfare programs. This is among others to ensure that, subsidies are distributed to the right beneficiaries, adequate measures are taken to reduce unnecessary costs and duplications, and to eliminate misuse.
- 4. Currently there is no centralized solution in place to monitor and manage these welfare programs. Considering that there are various mechanisms for disbursement of funds implemented by respective programs, the government has no way of ascertaining whether only those rightful beneficiaries are receiving these funds. There have been no of cases where others have collected subsidy which were otherwise designated to a deceased family procedures such as ensuring that a single family is receiving only the respective allocated amounts.

- 5. There are also many who are actually not receiving such subsidy payments.
- 6. Considering above we are of the firm belief that implementing such a centralized monitoring and management solution would curtail misuse and save considerable amount of government funds.

Recommendations

- 1. To implement a fully integrated and an automated system to manage all welfare and safety net programs in Sri Lanka.
- 2. The above system should implement a mechanism for uniquely identifying all citizens and members of their family. Therefore the systems should also be integrated with key stakeholder organizations such as Department of Pensions and the Registrar General's Department.
- 3. To further integrate Sri Lanka identification number similar to that of social security ID that will ensure all such welfare issued to families can be identified by a family tree.
- 4. The ICT Agency of Sri Lanka (ICTA) is mandated with authority to facilitate the implementation of such ICT programs and strategies in government based on powers given to it under the Information and Communication Technology Act No. 27 of 2003. Therefore it is recommended to entrust the responsibility to ICTA to strategize a centralized system for the above.

Approval

With the aforesaid specifics, the approval of the Cabinet of Ministers is hereby sought to;

- 1. The establishment of a centralized household transfer system for the safety net programs in Sri Lanka.
- 2. Instruct ICTA to strategize a centralized solution fulfilling the key objectives of the government for the efficient management for household transfer system.
- 3. Department of Pensions and Registrar General's Department to be stakeholders in this project along with ICTA and to facilitate the digitization program required issuing a national digital unique identifier (social security) for ensuring that the do citizens exist.
- 4. All stakeholder institutions to work collaboratively with ICTA to ensure that the project is fully implemented on or before $31^{\rm st}$ December 2015.

Ravi Karunanayake, M.P.

Minister of Finance



අමාත් මණ්ඩල කාර්යාලය அமைச்சரவை அலுவலகம் OFFICE OF THE CABINET OF MINISTERS

CABINET DECISION

අමාතු මණ්ඩල තීරණය

அமைச்சரவைத் தீர்மானம்

පිටපත්

ජනාධිපති ලේකම්.

මගේ අංකය: අමප15/1586/749/001

අගුාමාතා ලේකම්. 2015 නොවැම්බර් මස 19 දින.

ආරක්ෂක ලේකම්.

ජාතික පුතිපත්ති හා ආර්.ක. ලේකම්.

සමාජ සවිබලගැන්වීම් හා සුබ.ලේකම්.

මුදල් ලේකම්.

ස්වදේශ කටයුතු ලේකම්.

අභාාන්තර කටයුතු, වයඹ සං.හා සංස්.ක.ලේකම්.

නීතිය හා සාමය සහ දක්ෂිණ සං.ලේකම්.

අධාාක්ෂ ජනරාල්, වාාාපෘති කළ හා අධී.දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව විගුණකාධිපති

කිුිිියා කළ යුතු :

විදුලි සංදේශ හා ඩිජිටල් යටිතල පහසුකම අමාතහාංශයේ ලේකම්.

ශී ලංකා රජයේ පරිගණක යටිතල පහසුකම පිරිවැය අඩු කිරීම සඳහා සහයෝගිතා සන්නිවේදනය, යෙදුම් සඳහා වූ පුවේශය, අන්තර්ජාලය ඇතුළත්ව අන්තර් රාජා ජාල සබඳතාව සහ ගෘහස්ථ ගෙවීම හුවමාරු කළමනාකරණ පද්ධතිය කියාත්මක කිරීම

(වීදුලි සංදේශ හා ඩිජිටල් යටිතල පහසුකම් ගරු ඇමතිතුමා ඉදිරිපත් කළ 2015-10-23 දිනැති සංදේශය)

2015 නොවැම්බර් මස 11 දින පැවැත්වුණු අමාතා මණ්ඩල රැස්වීමේදී එළඹි තීරණයක් අවශා කටයුතු සඳහා මේ සමහ එවා ඇත.

ඩබ්ලිව්.එම්.ඩී.මජ්.පුනාන්දු අතිරේක ලේකම්.

අ.කළේ/එස්.අබේසිංහ අමාතා මණ්ඩලයේ ලේකම්.

- (ආ) නාාය පතුයේ විෂයයන්:
 - (II) අමාතා මණ්ඩල පතිකා පුසම්පාදනයට අදාළ කරුණු:
 - 42. අමාතා මණ්ඩල පතිකා අංක 15/1586/749/001 වූ, "ශ්‍රී ලංකා රජයේ පරිගණක යටිකල පහසුකම් පිරිවැය අඩු කිරීම සඳහා සහයෝගිතා සත්තිවේදනය, යෙදුම් සඳහා වූ පුවේශය, අන්තර්ජාලය ඇතුළත්ව අන්තර් රාජා ජාල සබඳතාව සහ ගෘහස්ථ ගෙවීම හුවමාරු කළමනාකරණ පද්ධතිය කියාත්මක කිරීම" යන මැයෙන් විදුලි සංදේශ

හා ඩිජිටල් යටිතල පහසුකම් ඇමතිතුමා ඉදිරිපත් කළ 2015-10-23 දිනැති අමප (අමප 15/1302/719/016 සහ අංක 15/1303/719/017 පිළිබඳව වූ 2015-09-22 දිනැති අමාතා මණ්ඩල තීරණයන්ට අදාළව) ඉහත සංදේශය අතිගරු ජනාධිපතිතුමාගේ සහ මුදල් ඇමතිතුමාගේ නිරීක්ෂණ සමහ සලකා බලන ලදී. මේ පිළිබඳව සාකච්ඡා කිරීමෙන් අනතුරුව, 2015-09-22 දිනැති අමාතා මණ්ඩල තීරණය පරිදි නිම කිරීමට නොහැකි දිනට 2015-12-31 වාහාපෘතිය සැලැකිල්ලට ගෙන පහත සඳහන් පරිදි කිුයා කරන ලෙස විදුලි සංදේශ හා ඩිජිටල් යටිතල පහසුකම් අමාතාහංශයේ ලේකම්වරයාට නියම කිරීමට තීරණය කරන ලදී:

- (i) රජයේ පුසම්පාදන මාර්ගෝපදේශවලට අනුකූලව ඉහත කාර්යය සඳහා තරහකාරී ලංසු කාර්යපටිපාටිය අනුගමනය කිරීම;
- (ii) පුසම්පාදනයේ වටිනාකම මත පදනම්ව, මහා භාණ්ඩාගාරය විමසමින්, තාක්ෂණික ඇගයීම් කමිටුවක් සහ පුසම්පාදන කමිටුවක් පත් කිරීම;
- (iii) පුද්ගලයින් ලියාපදිංචි කිරීමේ දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව විසින් නිකුත් කිරීමට සැලසුම් කර ඇති විදාෘුත් හැඳුනුම්පත හා සංලද්ශයේ සඳහන් යෝජිත හැඳුනුම්පත ද්විකරණය වීම වැළැක්වීම; සහ
- (iv) සමාජ සවිබලගැන්වීම් හා සුබසාධන අමාතාහංශය, මුදල් අමාතාහංශය, ස්වදේශ කටයුතු අමාතාහංශය සහ අභාන්තර කටයුතු, වයඹ සංවර්ධන හා සංස්කෘතික කටයුතු අමාතාහංශය යන අමාතාහංශවල ලේකම්වරුන් ඇතුළු අදාළ අමාතාහංශ සහ අනෙකුත් බලධාරින් සමහ සාකච්ඡා කර වහාපෘතියේ විෂයපථය සහ කියාත්මක කිරීමේ කුමවේදය පිළිබඳව තීරණය කිරීම.

කිුයා කළ යුතු: විදුලි සංදේශ හා ඩිජිටල් යටිතල පහසුකම් අමාතාහාංශය - ඉහත නිරීක්ෂණ යා කොට ඇත.

පිටපත්: ජනාධිපති ලේකම් - මුදල් ඇමතිතුමාගේ නිරීක්ෂණ යා කොට ඇත. අ**ගුාමාතා ලේකුම -** සංලද්ශලය් පිටපතක් හා ඉහත නිරීක්ෂණ යා කොට ඇත.

ආරක්ෂක අමාතහාංශය - සංලද්ශයේ පිටපතක් හා ඉහත නිරීක්ෂණ යා කොට ඇත.

ජාතික පුතිපත්ති හා ආර්ථික කටයුතු අමාතාහංශය -සංලද්ශයේ පිටපතක් හා ඉහත නිරීක්ෂණ යා කොට ඇත.

සමාජ සවිබලගැන්වීම හා සුබසාධන අමාතාාංශය -සංලද්ශයේ පිටපතක් හා ඉහත නිරීක්ෂණ යා කොට ඇත.

මුදල් අමාතාහාංශය - අතිගරු ජනාධිපතිතුමාගේ නිරීක්ෂණ යා කොට ඇත.

ස්වදේශ කටයුතු අමාතාහංශය - සංදේශයේ පිටපතක් හා ඉහත නිරීක්ෂණ යා කොට ඇත.

අභාාන්තර කටයුතු, වයඹ සංවර්ධන හා සංස්කෘතික කටයුතු අමාතාහාංශය - සංලද්ශලය් පිටපතක් හා ඉහත නිරීක්ෂණ යා කොට ඇත.

නීතිය හා සාමය සහ දක්ෂිණ සංවර්ධන අමාතාාංශය -සංලද්ශයේ පිටපතක් හා ඉහත නිරීක්ෂණ යා කොට ඇත.

අධානක්ෂ ජනරාල්, වාහපෘති කළමනාකරණ හා අධීක්ෂණ දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව - සංදේශයේ පිටපතක් හා ඉහත නිරීක්ෂණ යා කොට ඇත.

- 01. වාහපෘතියේ සංකීර්ණ බව හා ලංසු කැඳවීමේ කිුිියාදාමයේ තිබූ අසම්පූර්ණතාවය නිසා ලංසු කරුවන්ගෙන් ඉතිහාසමය නොවන තොරතුරු කැඳවීමට පුසම්පාදන කමිටුවට බලය ලැබිනි. එක් එක් ලංසු කරුවන්ගේ එකිනෙකට වෙනස් පුශ්න ඇසීමට සිදු වීම නිසා සියඑම ලංසු කරුවන්ට සමාන අවස්ථා ලබා දීමට නොහැකි වීම නිසා සාධාරණ අන්දමින් ලංසු පතිකා ඇගයීමට නොහැකි වීම.
- 02. තාක්ෂණික ඇගයීම් කමිටුව 2016.12.04 දින ඉදිරිපත් කළ අතුරු වාර්තාවෙන් පුධාන අන්දමේ බැහැර වීම් නිසා සියළුම යෝජනා පුතික්ෂේප කර තිබීම.
- 03. විදුලි සංදේශ හා ඩිජිටල් යටිතල පහසුකම් අමාතාහංශයට හා පුසම්පාදන කමිටුවට තාක්ෂණික කමිටුවේ සාමාජිකයින් තිදෙනකුගේ විෂමාචාර හැසිරීම පිළිබද පැමිණිලි ලැබී තිබුණ අතර ලංසු පතිකා එක් පාර්ශවයකට වාසි සහගත වන ලෙස සකසා ඇති බවට පැමිණිලි දෙකක් ද ඇගයීම කියාදාමයේ හා ලංසු පතිකා වල සම්පූර්ණතාවය පාර්ශව හතරක් විසින් පුශ්ත කොට තිබුණි. මෙයින් පළමු පැමිණිල්ල හැර ඉතිරි සියල්ල ලංසු කරුවන් විසින් ඉදිරිපත් කොට තිබුණි. (පැමිණිල්ල අනුව කමිටු සාමාජිකයින් තිදෙනාගේ විෂමාචාරය පිළිබදව අමාතාහංශය විසින් මූලික විමර්ශනයක් පවත්වා තිබූ අතර පරීක්ෂණ කමිටුවේ සාමාජිකයින් මේ සදහා විනය පරීක්ෂණයක් පවත්වන ලෙස නිර්දේශ කර තිබුණි).
- 04. ලංසු කරුවන් හතර දෙනෙකු විසින් ලංසු පතිකාවල සම්පූර්ණතාවය ගැන පැමිණිලි කොට ඇති බැවින් පුසම්පාදන තී්රණය සඳහා අභියාවනා මෙන්ම නීති කටයුතු ඇරඹීමේ ඉහළ ශකානාවයක් පැවතීම.
- 05. විශේෂයෙන්ම ජෛවමිතික දත්ත එකතු කිරීම ඇතුළුව මෙම වාහපෘතිය කිුයාත්මක කිරීම සඳහා නීතිමය පසුබිමක් නොමැතිවීම.
- 06. වාහපෘතියේ අතාවෙශා අංගයක් ලෙස ලංසු පතිකාවල සඳහන් ජාතික ගෙවීම පිඨිකාව (National Payment Platform) පිළිබඳ ඇති අවිතිශ්විතභාවය, එම පීඨිකාවේ වලංගුතාවය පරීක්ෂා කිරීම සඳහා ආර්ථික කළමනාකරණය පිළිබඳ අමාතා මණ්ඩල කමිටුව පත්කළ කමිටුවේ සාමාජිකයින් පස් දෙනෙකු අතරින් හතර දෙනෙකු මෙය කියත්මක කිරීම සඳහා අයිසීටීඒ ආයතනය විසින් ශුී ලංකා මහ බැකුවේ අනුමැතිය ලබා ගත යුතු බව නිර්දේශ කොට තිබුණද මෙතෙක් එවැනි අනුමැතියක් ලබාගෙන නොතිබීම.

ි රහසිගතයි



අමාතා මණ්ඩල කාර්යාලය அமைச்சரவை அலுவலகம் OFFICE OF THE CABINET OF MINISTERS

2 1 JUL 2017

CABINET DECISION

අමාතා මණ්ඩල තීරණය

அமைச்சரவைத் கீரீமானம்

පිටපත්

ජනාධිපති ලේකම්. මගේ අංකය: අමප/17/1431/749/015/වීබීආර් 2017 ජූලි මස 19 දින. අගුාමාතා ලේකම්. ජාතික පතිපත්ති හා ආර්.ක.ලේකම්. මුදල් හා ජනමාධා ලේකම්. සමාජ සව්බල ගැ.,සුබ.හා කන්ද උඩරට උරු.පි.ලේකම්. අභායන්තර කටයුතු, වයඹ සං.හා සංස්කෘතික ක.ලල්කම්. කාන්තා හා ළමා ක.ලේකම්.

විගණකාධිපති.

Theosen & Japa

නියා කළ යුතු :

වීදුලි සංදේශ හා ඩිජිටල් යටිකල පහසුකම අමාතාහංශයේ ලේකම.

ශී ලංකාවේ නේවාසිකයනට ජාතික ඩ්ජිටල් අනනාකාව නිකුත් කිරීම ද ඇතුළත් වන සේ කුටුම්බ හුවමාරු කළමනාකරණ පද්ධතිය පිහිටුවීමේ විකල්ප කුමවේදය

(විදුලි සංදේශ හා ඩිජිටල් යටිතල පහසුකම් ගරු ඇමතිතුමා ඉදිරිපත් කළ 2017-07-03 දිනැති සංදේශය)

2017 ජූලි මස 11 දින පැවැත්වුණු අමාතා මණ්ඩල රැස්වීමෙදී එළඹි තීරණයක් අවශා කටයුතු සඳහා මේ සමහ එවා ඇත.

ඩබලිව්.එම්.ඩීපේ.පුනාන්දු අතිරේක ලේකම්.

අ.කළේ/එස්.අබෙසිංහ අමාතා මණ්ඩලයේ ලේකම්.

- (ආ) නාහය පසුයේ වීෂයයන්:
 - (II)අමාතා මණ්ඩල පතිකා - පුසම්පාදනයට අදාළ කරුණු :
 - අමාතා මණ්ඩල පතිකා අංක 17/1431/749/015/ට්බීආර් වූ, "ශී ලංකාවේ නේවාසිකයනට ජාතික ඩීජිටල් අනනාකාව නිකුත් කිරීම ද ඇතුළත් චන සේ කුටුම්බ හුවමාරු කළමනාකරණ පද්ධතිය පිහිටුවීමේ විකල්ප **කුමවෙදය**" යන මැ**යෙන් වීදුලි සංදේශ හා ඩිජිටල් යටි**තල පහසුකම ඇමතිතුමා ඉදිරිපත් කළ 2017-07-03 දිනැති සංශද්ශය - (අමප අංක 15/1836/749/001-1 පිළිබඳව වූ 2015-12-23 දිනැති අමාතා මණ්ඩල තීරණයට අදාළව) ඉහත සඳහන් සංලද්ශය, මුදල් හා ජනමාධා ඇමතිතුමාගේ සහ අභාාන්තර කටයුතු, වයඹ සංවර්ධන හා සංස්කෘතික කටයුතු ඇමතිතුමාගේ නිරීක්ෂණ සමභ සලකා බලන ලදී. මේ පිළිබදව සාකච්ඡා කිරීමෙන් අනතුරුව, පහත සඳහන් පරිදි තීරණය කරන ලදී:

මෙම කීරණය සම්බන්ධයෙන් වැඩිදුර පැහැදිලි කර ගැනීමට අවශා වේ නම් කරුණාකර 2329621 දුරකථන අංකය මහින් අතිරේක ලේකම වීමසීම මැනවී.

(I) පහත සඳහන් පරිදි අනුමැතිය ලබා දීම -

පිටපත්:

(i) අමාතා මණ්ඩලය විසින් පත් කරන ලද පුසම්පාදන කම්ටුව විසින් මේ සම්බන්ධයෙන් ඉදිරිපත් කරනු ලැබ ඇති වාර්තාව මත පදනම්ව, සංදේශයේ 5 ඡේදයෙහි සඳහන් (5.1) සහ (5.3) යෝජනා සඳහා; A Decisi

- (ii) මුදල් හා ජනමාධා ඇමනිතුමාගේ නිරීක්ෂණවල (ii) ඡේදයෙහි දක්වා ඇති පරිදි අමාතාහංශය විසින් පියවර ගනු ලැබීමට යටත්ව, සංදේශයේ සඳහන් (5.2) යෝජනාව සඳහා; සහ
- (II) අභාාන්තර කටයුතු, වයඹ සංවර්ධන හා සංස්කෘතික කටයුතු ඇමතිතුමාගේ නිරීක්ෂණවල 3 ඡේදයෙහි දක්වා ඇති කරුණු සැලකිල්ලට ගෙන, ඒ අනුව කියාකරන ලෙස විදුලි සංදේශ හා ඩිජිටල් යටිතල පහසුකම අමාතාහංශයේ ලේකමට නියම කිරීම.

කියා කළ යුතු: විදුලි සංදේශ හා ඩිජිවල් යටිතල පහසුකම අමාතාහංශය - ඉහත නිරීක්ෂණ යා කොට ඇත.

ජනාධිපති ලේකම - සංදේශයේ පිටපතක් හා ඉහත නිරීක්ෂණ යා කොට ඇත. අහුාමාතා ලේකම - සංදේශයේ පිටපතක් හා ඉහත තිරීක්ෂණ යා කොට ඇත. ජාතික පුතිපත්ති හා ආර්ථික කටයුතු අමාතනංශය -සංලද්ශයේ පිටපතක් හා ඉහත නිරීක්ෂණ යා කොට මුදල් හා ජනමාධා අමාකාාංශය - අභාන්තර කටයුතු, වයඹ සංවර්ධන හා සංස්කෘතික කටයුතු ඇමතිතුමාගේ නිරීක්ෂණ යා කොට ඇත. සමාජ සවිබලගැන්වීම්, සුඛසාධන හා කන්ද උඩරට උරුමය පිළිබඳ අමාතාහංශය - සංලේශයේ පිටපතක් හා ඉහත නිරීක්ෂණ යා කොට ඇත. අභාගන්තර කටයුතු, වයඹ සංවර්ධන හා සංස්කෘතික ජනමාධා හා මුදල් අමාතාහංශය ඇමතිතුමාගේ නිරීක්ෂණ යා කොට ඇත. කාන්තා හා ළමා කටයුතු අමාතහාංශය - සංලද්ශයේ පිටපතක් හා ඉහත නිරීක්ෂණ යා කොට ඇත.

The Comptodet Colombo 01



<mark>මුදල් හා ජනමාධ ප අමාත හාංශය</mark> நிதி மற்றும் வெகுசன ஊடக அமைச்சு MINISTRY OF FINANCE AND MASS MEDIA

මහලේසම් සාර්යාදැය කොළඹ ^{O1} . මී ලංකාව		செயலகம், கொழும்பு 01. இலங்கை	Sri Lanka	
කාරයානය - මුදේවී අල්ලාන්තනයක් - නිසි Office - Finance සාරයානය - පනමාධන අලුබන්නයක් - ශිල්ල කය - Mass Me		පැක්ස් - මුදුල් Guisero - ඉඩ Fax - Finança පැක්ස් - පහමාධිප Guisero - Segent mus Fax - Mass Media	eDD අದಿರ Gasti ಆರ್.ಚಿಕಣೆ Websites www.madia.gev.ik	
මගේ සංඛ්ර)	D/HRM/HNIM/001/CM/439	665 கூகம் உடது இல். Your No.	දිනග මාජි Date } ඵ7_07.2017	

Cabinet Memorandum Observations of the Minister of Finance and Mass Media

Ministry

: Telecommunication & Digital Infrastructure

Subject & Date

Alternative approach for Establishing the Household Transfer Management (HTM) System, including the issuance of National Digital Identity (NDI) for Residents of Sri Lanka

03.07.2017

Proposals/Requests

Approval of the Cabinet of Ministers is sought for the following proposals;

- i. To cancel the current procurement titled "Procurement of Designing, Developing, Supplying, Delivering, Installation and Implementing, the Software, Hardware and Infrastructure for Generating Digital Identity for Citizens of Sri Lanka and for the Household Transfer Management (HTM) system.
- ii. To start a new procurement by appointing a new Cabinet Appointed Procurement Committee (CAPC) and a Technical Evaluation Committee (TEC) for selecting a vendor out of the six bidders those who have been shortlisted in the previous procurement, for developing the core software solution.
- iii. To call for Expressions of Interest from the six qualified bidders for enrolling residents at the rate of Rs 400 per enrollment and engage the parties who would express their interest after obtaining approval by the CAPC and TEC proposed in (ii) above.

Observations

i. On the basis of the report submitted by Cabinet Appointed Procurement Committee (CAPC) in this regard, I agree with the proposal.

- ii. I agree. The Ministry of Telecommunication & Digital
 Infrastructure should send a formal request to the Department of
 Public Finance in accordance with the Guideline Reference 2.7.1 of
 the Procurement Mannual-2006 (Goods & Works), for the
 appointment of a new CAFC and a TEC.
- iii. I agree.

M. V.

Mangala Samaraweera, M.P Minister of Finance and Mass Media



විදුලි සංදේශ හා ඩිජිටල් යටිතල පහසුකම් අමාතාහංශය

தொலைத்தொடர்புகள் மற்றும் டிஜிட்டல் உட்கட்டமைப்பு வசதிகள் அமைச்சு
MINISTRY OF TELECOMMUNICATION & DIGITAL INFRASTRUCTURE

නො. 79/1, 5 වන පටුමග, කොළඹ 03

இல.79/1 5வது ஒழுங்கை கொழும்பு 03

No. 79/1, 5th Lane, Colombo 03

ම ඉග් අංකය எனது இல. My No ඔබේ අංකය ව_ ගණු මුහ. Your No දිනය _{නිසනි} Date

අමාතා මණ්ඩල සංදේශය : අංක MTDI/2017/17

විදුලි සංදේශ හා ඩිජිටල් යටිතල පහසුකම අමාකාහශය

ශී ලංකාවේ නේවාසිකයනට ජාතික ඩිජිටල් අනනානාව නිකුත් කිරීම ද ඇතුළත් වන සේ කුටුම්බ හුවමාරු කළමනාකරණ පද්ධතිය පිහිටුවීමේ විකල්ප කුමවේදය

1. හැදින්වීම

අමාතා මණ්ඩලය විසින් මුදල් අමාතාහංශය විසින් ඉදිරිපත් කරණ ලද කුටුම්බ හුවමාරු කළමනාකරණ පද්ධතිය පිහිටුවීම සදහා වූ යෝජනාව 2005-09-22 දින (අංක අමා/15/1303/719/01 දරණ තීරණය පරිදි) අනුමත කරන ලදී. මේ සදහා වැය වන මුදල රු. බිලියන 24 ක් ලෙස ඇස්තමේන්තු කරන ලදී.

මෙම ව $^{\circ}$ ාපෘතිය කඩිනම් කිරීම සදහා අවස්ථා තුනකදී අවශා පියවර ගැනීමට අමාතා මණ්ඩලය විසින් අනුමැතිය දෙන ලදී. (අමාතා මණ්ඩල තීරණ අංක: 2015-11-11 දින දරණ අමා $^{\circ}$ 15/1586/749/001, 2016-01-07 දින දරණ අමා $^{\circ}$ 15/1836/749/001-1 සහ 2016-06-08 දින දරණ අමා $^{\circ}$ 16/0960/719/052).

2015-11-11 දින එළඹී අමාතා මණ්ඩල තීරණය පදනම්ව අමාතා මණ්ඩල පුසම්පාදන කම්ටුවක් හා තාක්ෂණික ඇගයීම් කම්ටුවක් පත් කරන ලදී. ලංසු පතිකා 2015-04-10 දින පුසිද්ධ කරන ලද අතර මේ සදහා උනන්දුවක් දැක් වූ සමාගම් 60 ක් විසින් ලංසු පතිකා මිල දී ගන්නා ලදී. පුසම්පාදනයේ නාමය වූයේ "ශ්‍රී ලංකා රජයේ පරිගණක යටිතල පහසුකම් පිරිවැය අඩුකිරීම සඳහා සහයෝගිතා සන්නිවේදය, යෙදුම් සඳහා වූ පුවේශය, අත්තර්ජාලය ඇතුළත්ව අන්තර් රාජා ජාල සබඳතාව සහ ගෘහස්ථ ගෙවීම් හුවමාරු කළමනකරණ පද්ධතිය කියන්මක කිරීම"

මේ සඳහා පූවී ලංසු රැස්වීම් දෙකක් පවත්වත ලදී. කරුණු පැහැදිලි කිරීම් සඳහා ඉල්ලීම් 1031 ක් ලද අතර ඒවාට පුතිචාර දක්වත ලදී. ලංසු හාර ගැනීම 2016.08.08 දින අවසන් විය. තාක්ෂණික ඇගයීම කම්ටුව විසින් 2016.12.06 දින ඇගයීම වාර්තාව ඉදිරිපත් කරන ලදී. ලැබී තිබුණු ලංසු යෝජනා ඉදිරිපත් කළ පාර්ශවයන් හතෙන් (7) හයක් (6) මූලික ඇගයීම වලින් පසු ඉදිරි ඇගයීම කටයුතු සඳහා සුදුසුකම සහිත පාර්ශවයන් බැව කම්ටුව පෙන්වා දී ඇත. එසේ වුව ද එම කම්ටු වාර්තාව විසින් කිසිදු පාර්ශවයක් සවිස්තර ඇගයීම සඳහා සුදුසු නොවන බැව පෙන්වා දෙන ලදී. මේ අවස්ථාවෙදී ම විසින් ඉදිරිපත් කරන ලද සංදේශයට අනුව මෙම වාසංක්ඛයෙහි වැදගත්කම සලකමින් සුදුසු පාර්ශවයන් හයෙන් ඉතිහාසිකමය නොවන කරුණු ඉල්ලා ලබා ගෙන සවිස්තර ඇගයීම කරන ලෙස අමාතා මණ්ඩලය විසින් තීරණය කරණ ලදී. මෙම තාක්ෂණික ඇගයීම කටයුතු වල පුමාදය සැලකු ආර්ථික කළමණාකරණය පිළිබඳ අමාතා කම්ටුව විසින් මේ සඳහා සිංගප්පූරුවේ විශේඥයින්ගේ සහය ලබා ගත්තා ලෙස ද තීරණය කරන ලදී.

2017.05.29 දින තාක්ෂණික ඇගයීම කමිටුව විසින් ඉදිරිපත් කරන ලද වාර්තාව අනුව මේ සඳහා අමාතා මණ්ඩලය විසින් පත් කරන ලද පුසම්පාදන කමිටුව විසින් මෙම පුසම්පාදනය අවලංගු කළ යුතු බව තීරණය කොට ඇත. ඒ සඳහා එම කමිටුව විසින් දක්වා ඇති කරුණු පහත දැක්වේ.

- අ) වාහපෘතියේ සංකීර්ණ බව හා ලංසු කැඳවීමේ කියාදාමයේ තිබූ අසම්පූර්ණතාවය; ලංසු කරුවන්ගෙන් ඉතිහාසමය නොවන තොරතුරු කැඳවීමට පුසම්පාදන කමිටුවට බලය ලැබිනි. එක් එක් ලංසු කරුවන්ගේ එකිනෙකට වෙනස් පුශ්න ඇසීමට සිදු වීම නිසා සියළුම ලංසු කරුවන්ට සමාන අවස්ථා ලබා දීමට නොහැකි වීම නිසා සාධාරණ අන්දමින් ලංසු පතුිකා ඇගයීමට නොහැකි වීම.
- ආ) තාක්ෂණික ඇගයීම කමිටුව 2016.12.04 දින ඉදිරිපත් කළ අතුරු වාර්තාව විසින් පුධාන අන්දමේ බැහැර වීම නිසා සියළුම යෝජනා පුතික්ෂේප කරන ලදී
- අද) විදුලි සංදේශ හා ඩිජිටල් යටිතල පහසුකම අමාතනාශයට හා පුසම්පාදන කමිටුවට තාක්ෂණික කමිටුවේ සමාජිකයින් තිදෙනෙකුගේ විෂමාචාර හැසිරීම පිළිබඳව පැමිණිලි ලද අතර ලංසු පතිකා එක් පාර්ශවයකට වාසි සහගත වන ලෙස සකසා ඇති බවට පැමිණිලි දෙකක් ද ඇගයීම කියාදාමයේ හා ලංසු පතිකා වල සම්පූර්ණතාවය පාර්ශව සතරක් (4) විසින් පුශ්න කොට ඇත. මෙයින් මුල් පැමිණිල්ල හැර ඉතිරි සියල්ල ලංසු කරුවන් විසින් ඉදිරිපත් කොට ඇත. (පැමිණිල්ල අනුව කමිටු සාමාජිකයින් තිදෙනාගේ විෂමාචාරය පිළිබඳව අමාතනාශය විසින් මූලික විමර්ශනයක් පවත්වන ලද අතර පරීක්ෂණ කමිටුවේ සාමාජිකයින් මේ සඳහා විනය පරීක්ෂණයක් පවත්වන ලෙස නිර්දේශ කරන ලදී).
- ඇ) දැනටමත් ලංසු කරුවත් හතර (4) දෙනෙකු විසින් ලංසු පතිකාවල සම්පූර්ණතාවය ගැන පැමිණිලි කොට ඇති බැවිත් පුසම්පාදන තීරණය සඳහා අභියවනා මෙන්ම නීති කටයුතු ඇරඹීමේ ඉහළ ශකානාව
- ඉ) වීශේෂයෙන්ම මෛජවමිතික දත්ත එකතු කිරීම ඇතුළුව මෙම වාාාපෘතිය කිුයාත්මක කිරීම සඳහා නීතිමය පසුබිමක් නොමැතිවීම

ඊ) වාහපෘතියේ අතාවශා අංගයක් ලෙස ලංසු පනිකාවල සඳහන් ජාතික ගෙවීම පියීකාව (National Payment Platform) පිළිබඳ ඇති අවිතිශ්විත භාවය; එම පියීකාවේ වලංගුතාවය පරීක්ෂා කිරීම සඳහා ආර්ථික කළමණාකරණය පිළිබඳ අමාතා මණ්ඩල කම්ටුව පත්කළ කම්ටුවේ සාමාජිකයින් පස් (5) දෙනෙකු අතරින් සතර (4) දෙනෙකු මෙය ක්‍රියාත්මක කිරීම සඳහා ශ්‍රී ලංකා තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ නියෝජිතායකනය විසින් ශ්‍රී ලංකා මහ බැංකුවේ අනුමැතිය ලබා ගත යුතු බැව් නිර්දේශ කොට ඇත මෙතෙක් එවන් අනුමැතියක් ලබාගෙන නොමැත.

අමාතා මණ්ඩලය පත්කළ පුසම්පාදන කමිටු වාර්තාව අමුණා ඇත. (අමුණුම 01). පුසම්පාදන කමිටුව විසින් වාහපෘතියේ සංකීර්ණතාව අඩු කිරීම පිණිස විෂය පථ අඩු කරණ ලස ද පුසම්පාදන කටයුතු කඩිනම් කිරීම සඳහා මූලික ඇගයීමෙහි සුදුසුකම් ලැබූ පාර්ශවය් හයෙන් යෝජනා කැඳවන ලෙසද නිර්දේශ කොට ඇත.

2. **ගැටළුව**

ආර්ථිකය ඩිජිල්කරණය සඳහා වන පුධාන වාහපෘතියක් වන මෙම වාහපෘතිය සඳහා වන පුසම්පාදන කටයුතු අවලංගු කිරීම රජය ආර්ථික සංවර්ධනය වෙගවත් කිරීම සඳහා ගන්නා කි්යාමාර්ග වලට බලවත් පහරක් වනු ඇත. සමාජ පුතිලාහ වැඩසටහන් වල පුතිලාභීන් නියමිතව හඳුනා ගැනීමට නොහැකි වීම, පුතිලාභියාගේ බැංකු ගිණුමට සෘජුව පුතිලාභ බැර කිරීමට නොහැකි වීම, ජෛවමිතික දත්ත භාවිකයෙන් වාහජ පුතිලාභීන් ලැයිස්තුවලින් ඉවත් කිරීමට නොහැකි වීම ආදී කරුණු නිසා රජයට වසරකට රු. බිලියන ගණනාවක් අභිමි වේ. තව ද නොයෙකුත් ආයතන හා නේවාසිකයින් අතර ඩිජිටල් ගණු දෙනු කිරීම සඳහා අවශා වන මෙවලම ලබා දීමට නොහැකි වීම අපේක්ෂික ඩිජිටල් පරිවර්තනය සඳහා වූ පුධාන බාධාවකි. එහෙයින් සමාජ පුතිලාභ ඉතා කඩිනම්ව පුතිලාභීන්ට ඉලෙක්ටොනිකව බැරකළ හැකි වන සේ පුද්ගල සමාජ පුතිලාභීන් සඳහා විශේෂ වූ ඩිජිටල් අනනානාවයක් ශ් ලාංකික නේවාසිකයින්ට ලබා දීමටත් ඩිජිටල් කුම වේද මගින් එම අනනානවාව තහවුරු කිරීමටත් අවශා වන පද්ධතියක් ඉතා කඩිනමින් ගොඩ නැගීම අනාවාවශා වේ.

3. යෝජනාව

නව පුසම්පාදනයක් මගින් අවශා වන මෘදුකාංග නිපදවා නේවාසිකයින් ලියාපදිංචි කිරීම හා ඩිජිටල් ගනුදෙනු කාඩපතක් නිකුත් කිරීම සදහා සේවා සපයන්නකු තෝරා ගැනීමට දීසී කාලයක් ගතවනු ඇත. එම නිසා නේවාසිකයින් ලියාපදිංචි කිරීම හා නේවාසිකයින් ඩිජිටල් මාර්ගයෙන් හඳුනා ගැනීම හා තහවුරු කිරීම අවශා වන රජයේ සියළු ආයතන වලට නේවාසිකයින් සතාහපනය කිරීමේ සේවාවන් සැපයීමට පමණක් මෙම වහාපෘතියේ විෂය පථය සීමා කිරීමට යෝජනා කරනු ලැබේ. එසේම ඉලෙක්ටෙුනික සේවා

සැපයීම මෙන්ම ලබා ගැනීම සඳහා තමන්ගේ අනනාෘතාවය සතාාාපනය කිරීමේ අවශාෘතාව ඇති සියළු රජයේ හා පුද්ගලික ආයතන මෙන්ම නේවාසිකයිනටද "සතාාාපනය සේවාවක් ලෙස" සැපයීමට ද මෙම වාහපෘතියට මෙමගින් හැකිවනු ඇත.

එම නිසා ඩිජිටල් ගනුදෙනු කාඩපත මෙම වාහපෘතියෙන් ඉවත් කිරීමටද මෘදුකාංග නිපදවීම හා නේවාසිකයින් ලියාපදිංචි කිරීමේ කටයුතු අඩංගු කොටස් දෙකකට පමණක් සීමා කිරීමට ද යෝජනා කෙරේ. (වැඩිදුර විස්තර සදහා "කුටුම්භ හුවමාරු කළමනාකරණ වහාපෘතිය සදහා විකල්ප කුම වේදය" සදහා වන සංකල්ප පතිකාව බලනු මැනවී. ඇමුණුම 2)

පළමු කොටස:

මීට පෙර පැවැත් වූ පුසම්පාදනයේ දී පාර්ශවයන් හයක් (6) එම පුසම්පාදනය සඳහා මූලික ඇගයීමෙන් පසු සුදුසු ලෙස හඳුනා ගත් හෙයින් එම පාර්ශව හය (6) මේ සදහා කෙටි ලැයිස්තුවක් ලෙස සැලකිය හැක. එම නිසා එම පාර්ශව හයෙන් (6) මධා මෘදුකාංග පද්ධතිය සැකසීම සඳහා යෝජනා කැඳවීම සුදුසු ලෙස යෝජනා කරමි. මධා මෘදුකාංග විසඳීම සඳහා වඩාත් ඉහළ තත්වයේ හා එයට ගැලපෙන මිලෙන් යුතු යෝජනාව ඉදිරිපත් කරන පාර්ශ්වය මෘදුකාංග සංවර්ධනය සඳහා තෝරා ගත හැක. මිලියන 15 ක නෝවාසිකයින්ගේ මූලික පුද්ගල දත්ත හා ජෛවමිනික දත්ත ගබඩා කෙට අවශා කටයුතු සඳහා යොදා ගැනීමට හැකිවන අකාරයේ මෘදුකාංග සංවර්ධනය සඳහා රු මිලියන 900 ක් වැයවනු ඇතැයි ඇස්තමේන්තු කොට ඇත.

ලදවන කොටස:

මීට පෙර පුසම්පාදනයේ තේවාසිකයින්ගේ දත්ත එකතු කොට ලියා පදිංචි කිරීම සඳහා යෝජිත පුමිතිගත කුමයන් ද භාවිතයෙන් එම කටයුතු ඉටු කිරීම සඳහා යෝජනා ඉදිරිපත් කරන ලෙස පාර්ශවයන් හයෙන්ම ඉල්ලා සිටීමට යෝජනා කරනු ලැබේ. භූගෝලීය ජන වාාාප්තිය මත අසාධාරණයක් නොවීම සඳහා සමතාව තහවුරු කරන අයුරින් නේවාසිකයින් ලියාපදිංචි කිරීම සඳහා "නිම කළ සංඛාාවට ගෙවීම" පදනම යටතේ එක් ලියාපදිංචියක් සඳහා රු. 400.00 ක් ගෙවීමට යෝජනා කරනු ලැබේ. මේ අනුව මිලියන 15 ක් වූ නේවාසිකයින් ලියාපදිංචි කිරීම සඳහා රු බිලියන 6 ක් වැයවනු ඇතැයි ද මේ සඳහා වසර 3 ක් ගත වනු ඇතැයි ද ඇස්තමේන්තු කොට ඇත. මෙම වාහපෘතිය සඳහා අවශා වන මුදල් ශී ලංකා තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ නියෝජතායතනය තෙ අනුමත කොට ඇත.

4. නිර්දේශ

ඉහත යෝජනා පරිදි පහත කුරැණු නිර්ද්ශ කරමි.

- 4.1 අමාතා මණ්ඩල පුසම්පාදන කමිටුවේ තීරණය පරිදි කුටුම්භ හුවමාරු කළමනාකරණය සඳහා වූ වතීමාන පුසම්පාදනය අවලංගු කිරීම.
- 4.2 මෙම වාහපෘතිය සඳහා අවශා වන මධා මදුකාංග විසඳුම සඳහා මීට පෙර පුසම්පාදනය සඳහා මූලික ඇගයීමෙන් සුදුසුකම් ලැබූ පාර්ශ්වයන්ගෙන් යෝජනා කැඳවීම සඳහා නව අමාතා මණ්ඩලය පත් කළ පුසම්පාදන කමිටුවක් හා තාක්ෂණික ඇගයීම් කමිටුවක් පත් කිරීම.
- 4.3 එක් නේවාසික ලියාපදිංචි කිරීමක් සඳහා රු. 400.00 ක් වන සේ නේවාසිකයින් ලියාපදිංචි කිරීම පිණිස ඉහත සුදුසුකම් ලැබූ පාර්ශවයන් හයෙන් අභිලාෂ කැඳවීම.

5. **අනුමැතිය**

පහත දැක්වෙන කරුණු සඳහා අමාතා මණ්ඩලයේ අනුමැතිය අලේක්ෂා කෙරේ.

- 5.1 "ශී ලංකා රජයේ පරිගණක යටිතල පහසුකම් පිරිවැය අඩුකිරීම සඳහා සහයෝගිතා සන්නිවේදය, යෙදුම් සඳහා වූ පුවේශය, අන්තර්ජාලය ඇතුළත්ව අන්තර් රාජාා ජාල සබඳතාව සහ ශෘහස්ථ ගෙවීම් හුවමාරු කළමනකරණ පද්ධතිය කියත්මක කිරීම" දරණ වර්තමාන පුසම්පාදනය අවලංගු කිරීම.
- 5.2 මෙම වාහපෘතිය සඳහා අවශා වන මධා මෘදුකාංග විසඳුම නිපදවීමට යෝජිත පුසම්පාදනය සඳහා මීට පෙර පුසම්පාදනය සඳහා මූලික ඇගයීමෙන් පසු සුදුසුකම් ලැබූ පාර්ශ්වයන් හයෙන් සුදුසු පාර්ශ්වයක් තෝරා ගැනීම සඳහා අමාතා මණ්ඩල පුසම්පාදන කමිටුවක් හා තාක්ෂණික ඇගයීම කමිටුවක් පත් කිරීම.
- 5.3 මීට පෙර පුසම්පාදනය සඳහා සුදුසුකම් ලැබූ පාර්ශ්ව හයෙන්ම එක් නේවාසිකයකු ලියාපදිංචි කිරීම සඳහා රු. 400.00 ක් වන සේ මෙම වාහපෘතිය සඳහා නේවාසිකයින් ලියාපදිංචි කිරීම පිණිස අභිලාෂයන් කැඳවීම සහ අභිලාෂ දක්වන පාර්ශ්වයන් ඉහත 5.2 හි සඳහන් පුසම්පාදන කමිටුවේ හා තාක්ෂණික ඇගයීම කමිටුවේ අනුමැතිය මත ගිවිසුම් ගත වීම.

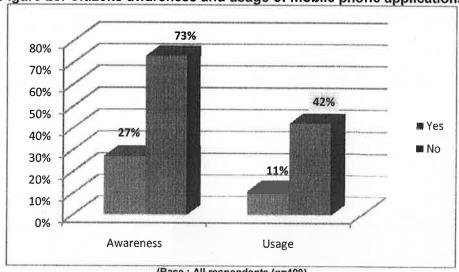
අත්. කළේ/ හරින් පුනාන්දු, පා.ම. විදුලි සංදේශ හා ඩිජිටල් යටිතල පහසුකම් අමාතාහශය 2017.07 · *ටි* } Table 13: Level of usage and satisfaction of the electronic public services

	e-Service Application	Level of usage (%)	Level of satisfaction (%)
1	e-Revenue License	54	100
2	Issuance of certificates & permits	40	100
3	Find GN details	12	100
4	Request for a government transfer/find transfer opportunity	12	100
5	Submit grievances to Ministry of Public Administration	8	100
6	View deed registration	21	94
7	Examination results	62	99
8	Register for technical courses	13	100
9	EPF account details	17	100
10	Disaster information	5	100
11	Disease information	1	100
12	Health content	5	100
13	Complaints about bribery and corruption	0	100
14	Tell IGP	0	100
15	NGO Directory	6	100
16	Latest weather information	9	100
17	Daily food prices	2	100
18	Rubber prices	1	100
19	National highway information	7	100

Accordingly, highest number of citizens had obtained electronic services to look at examination results from the Department of Examinations.

5.3.9.4 Mobile Phone Applications

Figure 28: Citizens awareness and usage of mobile phone applications



(Base: All respondents (n=409)

Out of 409 respondents 112 (27%) were aware of the electronic public services and 73% were not. Of the 112 respondents who were aware, 11% had obtained mobile phone services. The level of usage of mobile phone services and the citizens' level of satisfaction is depicted in the following table 13.

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ජාතික නුම්සම්පාදන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ජාතික පුතිපාති හා ආර්ථික කටයුතු අමාකාශයය

தேசிய திட்டமிடல் திணைக்களம் தேசிய கொள்கைகள் மற்றும் பொருளாதார

Department of National Planning
Ministry of National Policies & Economic Affairs

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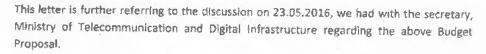
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07.06.2016

Director General
Department of National Budget

ICTA Budget Proposals - Proposal Number 1- Lanka Government Network (LGN) 2.0



LGN 1.0 was initiated in year 2011, for connecting 550 government organizations aiming to build highly available, high speed, secure, reliable and centrally managed government institutions to a single digital infrastructure. It has proposed to increase this connectivity to further 860 government organizations through LGN 2.0 including Wi-Fi facility through this project. Total estimated cost of the project is Rs. 12,737 Mn.

NPD Observations and Recommendations:

- We observed that the implementation of the phase 1 of the LGN project (LGN 1.0) was only successful in the period of 2011-2013 and currently it has not working properly. Therefore, it is necessary to find the reasons for such failures and to avoid them in the upcoming projects?
- 2. There is a lack of continuous training programmes to train government officers which has found a main reason for the failure of the most government iT projects. Therefore, it is necessary to build a proper mechanism on providing continuous training programmes and training the trainer programmes.
- 3. LGN should interconnect government institutions based on the priority of revenue generations and to the places where applications are using (eg: killer applications like * e-revenue licence)
- 4. It is necessary to consider the speed of the Wi-Fi connectivity before installation. Providing enough internet speed to the end user should be the ultimate goal, rather than just providing internet facility to the institutions.

We are in the view that it is not necessary to provide Wi-Fi facility to the public who comes to take servicers from the government institutions at this stage.

Based on the above observations the Department of National Planning recommends this project for implementation incorporating early 550 institutions and selected institutions from the new list as priority basis. Ministry of Telecommunications need to be closely monitor this project and above mentioned concerns should addressed properly.

5. S. Mudalige

Director General

Copy: Secretary, Ministry of Telecommunication and Digital Infrastructure Chairman, Information and Telecommunication Agency- Sri Lanka

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ලංකා රාජාා ජාලය 2.0 කියාත්මක කිරීම පුමාද වීම මත පුමාද වූ වාාාපෘතීන්

- (i) ලංකා රාජා වලාව 1.0 සහ ලංකා රාජ්ය ජාලය 1.0 නඩත්තු කිරීම.
- (ii) රාජා ආයතන හරහා ඩිජිටල් ලේඛණ කළමනාකරණ පද්ධතියක් ක්රියාත්මක කිරීම.
- (iii) රජයේ ලේඛණ ස්කෑන් කිරීම හා ඩිජිටල් කරණය.
- (iv) ශීූ ලංකා සංවර්ධන පරිපාලන ආයතනය සඳහා විභාග හා පාඨමාල කළමනාකරණ පද්ධතිය.
- (v) ශීූ ලංකාවේ රජයේ රෝහල් වල ඉලෙක්ට්රොනික වෛද්ය වාර්තා ක්රියාත්මක කිරීම.
- (vi) අගමැති කාර්යාලයේ තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ යටිතල ව්යුහයක් හා සුරක්ෂිත වයි -ලයි ජාල සබඳතා විසඳුමක් ක්රියාත්මක කිරීම.
- (vii) අරලියගහ මන්දිරයේ තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ යටිතල ව්යුහයක් හා සුරක්ෂිත වයි -ෆයි ජාල සබඳතා විසඳුමක් ක්රියාත්මක කිරීම.
- (viii) අමාතාාංශ හා රජයේ ආයතනවලට වීඩීයෝ සම්මන්තුණ පහසුකම් සැපයීම.
- (ix) ජනාධිපති කාර්යාලයේ තොරතුරු හා සන්නිවේදන තාක්ෂණ යටිතල ව්යුහයන් හා සුරක්ෂිත වයි -ෆයි ජාල සබඳතා විසඳුමක් ක්රියාත්මක කිරීම.

9	-	පළාත්	පාලන	නියමු	වාහපෘතියෙහි	දුර්වලතා

01. මීගමුව මහ නගර සභාව

- (අ) 2014/01/01 සිට A කියාවලිය යටතේ වරිපනම ආදායම එකතු කිරීම සඳහා නිර්මාණය කරන ලද කොටස පමණක් කියාත්මක වන අතර එහි පවතින අඩුපාඩු හේතුවෙන් A කියාවලිය යටතේ අනෙකුත් ආදායම් එකතු කිරීම් හා B කියාවලිය කියාත්මක නොකිරීමට සභාව තීරණය කර තිබුණි.
- (ආ) වරිපනම කටයුතු භාවිත කරන වැඩසටහනේ අඩුපාඩු පිළිබඳව මීගමුව මහනගර සභාව විසින් 2014 වර්ෂයේ සිටම අයිසීටීඒ ආයතනය දැනුවත් කර තිබුණද පහත සඳහන් අඩුපාඩු වර්තමානයේද පවතින බව මහ නගර සභාව විසින් වාර්තා කර තිබුණි.
 - i) අවශා වාර්තා නිවැරදිව ලබාගැනීමට නොහැකි වීම.
 - ii) පෙර වර්ෂවල වරිපනම් ගෙවා ඇති ආකාරය (Pay History) පරිගණකයේ පෙන්නුම් නොකිරීම.
 - iii) අතිරේක හර හා අතිරේක බැර පද්ධතියට ඇතුලක් කිරීමට නොහැකි වීම හේතුවෙන් 2014 සිට 2017 වර්ෂය දක්වා අවසාන ගිණුමට අවශා තොරතුරු නිවැරදිව ලබාදීමට අපහසු වීම.
 - iv) විවිධ හේතූන් මත වරිපනම් පද්ධතියට ඇතුලත් කර ඇති වරිපනම් අංකය ඉවත් කිරීමට නොහැකි වීම.
 - v) ගණුදෙනුවක් වර්තමානයේ වෙනස් කිරීම, ගැලපීම සිදු කළ විට පද්ධතිය පෙර ආරම්භයේ සිටම වෙනස් කිරීම් සිදු කරන බැවින් පද්ධතිය තුළින් ලබා දී ඇති තොරතුරු නිවැරදි නොවන බවට හා ඒ අනුව ලබාගත හැකි වාර්තාවල නිරවදානාවය පිළිබඳ වුවද සෑහීමකට පත්විය නොහැකි වීම.

02.	හෝමාගම	පාලේශීය	සභාව
		3	

හෝමාගම පුාදේශීය සභාවේ පරිපනම් බදු අයකිරීම හා කඩකුලී වාාාපාර බදු, කර්මාන්ත බදු හා වෙළඳ බලපතුවලට අදාලව පරිගණක වැඩසටහන් කිුිියාත්මක කර ඇති අතර පුාදේශීය සභාව විසින් පහත සඳහන් අඩුපාඩු හඳුනාගෙන තිබුණි.

- i) පෙර වර්ෂවල ගෙවීම්වල තොරතුරු නොපෙන්වීම.
- ii) පද්ධතිය හා වරිපනම් ලේඛනයේ ශේෂ අතර පරස්පර බවක් දැකගත හැකිවීම.
- iii) පද්ධතිය තුළ සිදුකරන සංශෝධන ඇතුලත් (submit) කිරීමේදී බොහෝ විට වැරදි (error) පෙන්වීම.
- iv) පද්ධතිය තුළ පාරට අදාල වරිපනම් අංක කුමවත්ව අනුපිළිවෙලට නොපෙන්වීම.
- v) කාර්තු විශ්ලේෂණ වාර්තා, මාසික වාර්තා මෙතෙක් සකස් කර නොතිබීම.

03. සීතාවකපුර නගර සභාව

සීතාවක පුර නගරසභාව තුළද වරිපනම් ආදායම් එකතුකිරීමට අදාල කටයුතු පමණක් කිුිිියාත්මක කරන අතර අනෙකුත් ආදායම් එකතු කිරීමට අදාල කිුියාවලින් කිුිිියාත්මක නොවීම.

ඉ - විශාම වැටුප් නියමු වාහපෘතිලයහි දෘඩාංග සහ මෘදුකාංග ගැටළු

- (i) මෘදුකාංග ගැටළු 356 ක් පැවතීම.
- (ii) මෘදුකාංගවල සිදුවිය යුතු වෙනස්කම් හෝ වැඩිදියුණු කිරීම් ලෙස හඳුනාගත් අවස්ථා විසදීමට E-E-wis ආයතනය අසමත් වීම.
- (iii) E-wis ආයතනය මෘදුකාංග හා දෘඩාංග සම්බන්ධව නඩත්තු කටයුතු සිදු නොකිරීම.
- (iv) E-wis ආයතනය විසින් වාහපෘතියේ සැලැස්මට අනුව සර්වර් අතර සබඳතාව ඇති නොකිරීම, උපස්ථ පිටපත් නොගැනීම හා නොසැලකිලිමත් නඩත්තු කටයුතු නිසා මෙම අනපේක්ෂිත බිඳුවැටීම් සිදු ව ඇති අතර එයින් මෙතෙක් යෙදු සියළුම දත්ත විනාශ වී තිබීම.
- (v) E-wis ආයතනය 2013 නොවැම්බර් 18 දින සිට 31 Infotec ආයතනය සම්බන්ධ කරගෙන තාක්ෂණික ගැටළු විසදීමට එකහ වුවද එය ඉටුකිරීමට අපොහොසත් වීම
- (vi) විශාම වැටුප් ගණනය කිරීමේ විවිධ වූ අවස්ථාවන් 93 ක් සඳහා සකස් කළ මෘදුකාංගය පුායෝගිකව යොදා ගැනීමට හැකි වීම.
- (vii) වාාාපෘතියට සරිලන පරිදි දැනට සිටින විශාමිකයන් රැස් කරන ලද දත්ත ඉ- විශාම වැටුප් පද්ධතියට සංකුමණය කිරීමට නොහැකි වීම.

		Cost Components	Estimate (Rs/ M)	service. This will helpful in identification process, tax collection and registration process in the country.
		Software Systems	65	Based on the above facts the Department of
		Computer Hardware for Users	2	National Planning recommends this project to
		Training the users	2	implement.
		Data Migrations	10	However, ICTA should take the consent from every
		Change Management and Awareness	15	stakeholder before initiating the project.
		Total	100	
13.	164	The Samurdhi Program became the main social welfare	tain social welfare	
Integrated		program since 1994. There are 1.8 million Sri Lankan citizens	Sri Lankan citizens	The Department of National Planning strongly agree in
eSamurdhi		who are directly benefitted from this program.	ram.	principle of the core objectives of the proposal. It is
solution with		Divinaguma Department currently	responsible for	essential to integrate all subsidy management systems
Population		welfare disburse	ses of the Samurdhi	in to a one platform to increase the efficiency of the
Registry and		programme.		Samurdhi programme.
Identification				NPD Observations:
System		Develop a one stop shop for integrated welfare and	ated welfare and	
System		subsidy management programs, Create a systematic	ate a systematic	Previous World Bank funded e-Samurdhi programme
		network that affords a strong sense of social protection	f social protection	has not completed due to various reasons. Therefore,
		while increase competitiveness and productivity.	ind productivity.	success or failure of the said project has not measured
		픺	t related citizen	yet. Currently Divinaguma Department and
		services Rolling out of the Samurdhi Subside	amurdhi Subsida	Department of Census and Statistics are conducting
		Management transfer of District	Completing Jane	new beneficiary identification process to build the data
		wanagement system at Divisional Secretariat level,		base through proxamine test. Therefore it is essential
		Integrating the esamurani system with population registry		to find out whether the old solution can do
		are some project objectives to be achieved through this		modifications with the new data base or need to go for
		project.		a new solution.

		A.																		
Total	Lanka Safety Net System	_	ing and evaluation of the project		Sessions	August		Hardware for Samurdhi officers at District	infrastructure for the system	Provide necessary connectivity and cloud	population registry	Integrating the eSamurdhi system with	Secretariat level	Management system at Divisional	Rolling out of the Samurdhi Subsidy	management system	with eSamurdhi micro finance project	Integrating the subsidy management system		Activities
164.00	5.00		15.00	30.00	20.00	3	00.10	3		30.00		3,00			5.00			5.00	(Rs. Mn)	Cost

Base on the above observation we propose for consulting Department of Gensus and Statistics and Divinaguma Department before initiating the project. It is also necessary to take consent of relevant stakeholders and revisit the proposal if necessary.

ඇමුණුම 24

	මොඩියුලය	පිරිවැය
	***************************************	රු මිලියන
Ω1		
01	පුතිලාභී කළමනාකරණ මොඩියුල සමහ තොරතුරු ද්වාරය	10.8
	(Customer Relation Management and Information Portal)	
02	වැඩසටහන් හා වාහපෘති කළමනාකරණය	15.1
	(Project and Program Management)	
03	මානව සම්පත් කළමනාකරණය	08
	(Human Resource Management)	*****
		33.9

ICTA/GOSL/GOODS/2016/46 දරන පුසම්පාදනයේ ඇස්තමේන්තුගත පිරිවැයෙහි විචලතා

ඇස්තමේන්තුගත පිරිවැය ලංසුකරුගේ නම ලංසුව සමහ මිල විචලතාව වීචලතාවය % ලෙස 7,142,800 12,857,200 (64) 1. Lanka Communication Services (pvt) Ltd (selected Bidder) 15,471,500 Vizua Matix (pvt) Ltd 4,528,500 (23)138,708,489 118,708,489 593 Sri Lanka Telecom PLC 4. Millenium Information Technologies (pvt) Ltd 35 26,998,752 6,998,752 4,327,385 (22)15,672,615 5. David Pieris Information Technologies Limited

ඇමුණුම 26

නියමිත දිනට කාර්ය සාධන සුරක්ෂණ ඉදිරිපත් නොකළ අවස්ථා

පුසම්පාදන යොමුව	ලංසු පුදානය කල දිනය	ලංසු ලේඛන අනුව කාර්ය සාධන සුරක්ෂණ ඉදිරිපත් කළ යුතු දිනය	කාර්ය සාධන සුරක්ෂණය ඉදිරිපත් කළ දිනය
ICTA/MT/G1/NCB/223-2	2014.05.30	2014.06.06	2014.06.18
ICTA/MT/G1/NCB/223-3	2014.05.30	2014.06.06	2014.06.18
ICTA/MT/G1/NCB/223-4	2014.05.30	2014.06.06	2014.06.13
ICTA/MT/G7/NCB/268-1	2014.09.16	2014.09.23	2014.10.23
ICTA/MT/GH/NCB/283-1	2014.10.20	2014.10.27	2014.12.24
ICTA/MT/GH/NCB/283-2	2014.10.20	2014.10.27	2014.10.29
ICTA/MT/G28/NCB/269	2014.09.17	2014.09.24	2014.10.01







Procurement and Assistance for Installation and Maintenance of Hardware and Network Equipment

Memorandum of Understanding

between

National Intellectual Property Office of Sri Lanka and

Information and Communication Technology Agency of Sri Lanka

December 2016





Memorandum of Understanding

This Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) made and entered into at Colombo on this 30th of December 2016 by and between;

The Director General, National Intellectual Property Office of Sri Lanka, a Department functioning under the purview of the Ministry of Industry and Commerce having its office at 3rd Floor, "Samagam Medura" 400, D.R. Wijewardena Mawatha, Colombo 10. (hereinafter called and referred to as "NIPO") which term or expression as herein used shall where the context so requires or admits mean and include the said Director General and his successors in office and permitted assigns. of the ONE PART and

Information and Communication Technology Agency of Sri Lanka, registered under the companies Act No. 7 of 2007, statutorily empowered with powers and functions in terms of the Information and Communication Technology Act No. 27 of 2003 as amended by Act No. 33 of 2008, having its office at 160/24 Kirimandala Mawatha, Colombo-5, (hereinafter called an referred to as "ICTA") which term or expression as herein used shall where the context so requires or admits mean and include the said ICTA and its successors in office and permitted assigns, of the OTHER PART.

Whereas ICTA has been empowered by the Information and Communication Technology Act No. 27 of 2003 and followed by Act No. 33 of 2008 to implement strategies and programmes in both the Government, civil society and the private sector and pursuant thereto ICTA has prepared a number of programs and strategies on Information and Communication Technology, which are presently embodied in the "National Policy of Digitalization of Economy", being implemented by ICTA pursuant to an authorization and mandate given by the Government, in order to take the dividends of Information and Communication Technology (ICT) to every village, to every citizen and to every business, and to transform the functions of Government,

Whereas NIPO has requested ICTA to procure and assist for installation and maintenance of necessary hardware and network equipment (herein after referred to as the "Project") which should be setup prior to implementation of the e-NIPO project with an objective to access the Madrid Protocol by the Government of Sri Lanka in 2018.

Manager

Whereas pursuant thereto ICTA has been empowered by the Information and Communication Technology Act No. 27 of 2003 as amended by Act 33 of 2008 to implement strategies and programs in both the Government and the private sector and to take all such steps as are necessary to facilitate the implementation of the National Policy on Information Technology and pursuant thereto has identified NIPO as a key government organization in which the proposed project is critical and important and would positively contribute the national policy objectives.

WHEREAS NIPO, and the ICTA have agreed to enter into this Memorandum of Understanding with the intention of implementing a project for the purposes described herein under to wit:

Provide necessary consultancy services to finalize specifications and estimated cost of the hardware and network equipment and carry out the necessary procurement work and to assist in establishing the proposed hardware and network environment at NIPO.

And

NOW THEREFORE THE PARTIES hereby agree as follows:

1. Objective of the Project

- 1.1. Provide necessary consultancy services to finalize specifications and estimated cost of the hardware and network equipment.
- 1.2. Review existing network in order to facilitate the proposed hardware and network environment.
- 1.3. Procure necessary hardware and network equipment.
- 1.4. Provide necessary assistance in establishment, installation and maintenance of the proposed hardware and network environment.

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2. Roles & Responsibilities of Joint Clients

- 2.1. To establish the required hardware and network environment in order to facilitate accession to the Madrid Protocol.
- 2.2 Monthly progress review meetings should be conducted by both parties.

3. Roles and Responsibilities of NIPO

- 3.1. NIPO shall provide necessary inputs, guidance and relevant materials to finalize the specifications of hardware and network equipment.
- 3.2. NIPO shall appoint a project co-ordinator who will be responsible for overall co-ordination work throughout the project cycle.
- 3.3. NIPO shall provide the required funding for the Project (Refer Annex-1) and transfer funds to ICTA for the implementation of the Project in timely manner.
- 3.4. NIPO shall ensure that the physical space with adequate facilities at NIPO in a timely manner.
- 3.5. NIPO shall ensure that the necessary human resources are available for administration, maintenance and related work.
- 3.6. NIPO shall ensure the availability of sufficient financial resources for any future operational, maintenance work and for further enhancement of the environment.
- 3.7. NIPO shall provide the required infrastructure and basic amenities for the activities in conjunction with the ICTA in the scope.
- 3.8. NIPO shall nominate individuals for procurement committees and evaluation committees in relation with the procurement process which will be carried out by ICTA.

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4. Roles and Responsibilities of ICTA

- 4.1. ICTA shall provide overall technical consultancy until the proposed hardware and network equipment will be established at NIPO.
- 4.2. ICTA shall assign a Project Manager supervised by a Programme Manager to manage the entire Project.
- 4.3. ICTA shall be responsible for entire procurement process and it shall be performed on or before six (06) months of signing the MOU.
- 4.4. ICTA shall be responsible to refund unutilized funds back to NIPO, if there is any upon completion of the Project.
- 4.5. ICTA shall provide copies of all documentations of the entire procurement process to NIPO.

5. Amendment of the MOU

No amendment or modification of this MOU shall be valid unless the same is made in writing by the parties hereto specifically stating the same to be an amendment of this MOU. The amendment(s) shall be effective from the date on which they are made/executed/signed by the parties to this MOU.

6. Entry into Force and Termination

- 6.1. This MOU shall enter into force on the date on which the parties have notified each other in writing of the effective date. This MOU is concluded for an initial period of one (1) year. Subject to review of this MOU by the parties at the end of each year from the effective date, the Agreement may be extended, with appropriate amendments made thereto by mutual written agreement between the parties.
- 6.2. Either party may terminate this MOU at any time with a two month's written notice. The expiration or termination of this MOU shall not affect the validity or implementation of any arrangements or any projects undertaken pursuant to this agreement, provided that such implementation was undertaken with the approval of ICTA.



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7. General Provisions

- 7.1. This memorandum of understanding and any dispute arising from it, will be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka.
- 7.2. All questions or disputes related to the interpretation or implementation of this Agreement shall be settled by mutual agreement of the parties hereto. Any dispute which is not resolved by mutual agreement shall be referred to the Commercial Centre of the Ceylon Chamber of Commerce for Mediation in terms of the Commercial Mediation Act No. 44 of 2000 (As Amended).

In witness whereof the parties to this Memorandum of Understanding have affixed their signature in Colombo, on this 30th December 2016.

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National Intellectual Property Office Mrs. Geethanjali R. Ranawaka, Director General Witnesses: 1: 6-A.D.P. BALASUESYA NIPO 198760700820 (Name) (Address) (NIC No.) (Signature) 2: D.M. D. Prasadini NIPO 736110195V (Name) (Address) (NIC No.) (Signature) Information and Communication Decknology Agency of Sri Lanka (ICTA) Agency of Sri Lanka Chief Executive Officer Mr. Muhunthan Canagey, Managing Director/ Chief Executive Officer Witnesses: 1: Malaka Winsdoradne ICTA813193949v... (Name) (Address) (NIC No.) (Signature)

2. Aserha .. Suraweers .. ICTA 7.625.80.0474.... (Name) (Address)

(Signature)

7 of 8

(NIC No.)

Estimated Budget

Item	Amount
Hardware (Including 3 years warranty)	25,000,000.00
Support and maintenance cost 1st year (8% 0f the total amount of hardware cost)	2,000,000.00
Support and maintenance cost 2nd year (10% 0f the total amount of hardware cost)	2,500,000.00
Support and maintenance cost 3rd year (12% of the total amount of hardware cost)	3,000,000.00
Total Budget	32,500,000.00

^{*} Calculation were carried out with a buffer in order to eliminate the risk of future cost increases due to various reasons

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අමාතා මණ්ඩල කාර්යාලය அமைச்சரவை அலுவலகம் OFFICE OF THE CABINET OF MINISTERS

ABINET DECISION

අමාතා මණ්ඩල තීරණය

அமைச்சரவைத் தீர்மானம்

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කුියා කළ යුතු :

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අමාතා මණ්ඩලය විසින් පත් කරන ලද හිහ කොන්තාත් වගකීම නිරවුල් කිරීමේ කමිටු වාර්තාව අංක 04 - ශී ලංකා ටෙලිකොම ආයතනය වෙත ඇති බැඳීම නිරවුල් කිරීම

(විදුලි සංදේශ හා ඩිජිටල් යටිතල පහසුකම් ගරු ඇමතිතුමා ඉදිරිපත් කළ 2016-07-26 දිනැති සංදේශය)

2016 අගෝස්තු මස 09 දින පැවැත්වුණු අමාතා මණ්ඩල රැස්වීමේදී එළඹි තීරණයක් අවශා කවුයුතු සඳහා මේ සමහ එවා ඇත.

ඩබ්ලිව්.එම්\ඩී.ජේ.පුනාන්දු අතිරේක ලේකම්.

අ.කළේ/එස්.අබේසිංහ අමාතා මණ්ඩලයේ ලේකම්.

- (ආ) නාහය පතුයේ විෂයයන්:
 - (I) අමාතා මණ්ඩල පතිකා සාමානා:
 - 58. අමාතා මණ්ඩල පතිකා අංක 16/1479/749/005 වූ, "අමාතා මණ්ඩලය විසින් පත් කරන ලද හිහ කොන්තාත් වගකීම නිරවුල් කිරීමේ කමිටු වාර්තාව අංක 04 ශ්‍රී ලංකා ටෙලිකොම් ආයතනය වෙත ඇති බැඳීම නිරවුල් කිරීම" යන මැයෙන් විදුලි සංදේශ හා ඩිජිටල් යටිතල පහසුකම් ඇමතිතුමා ඉදිරිපත් කළ 2016-07-26 දිනැති සංදේශය ඉහත සඳහන් සංදේශය මුදල් ඇමතිතුමාගේ නිරීක්ෂණ සමහ සලකා බලන ලදී. මේ පිළිබඳව සාකච්ඡා කිරීමෙන් අනතුරුව, මෙම තොරතුරු තාක්ෂණ වාහපෘති සම්බන්ධයෙන් තවදුරටත් මූලාමය ඉල්ලීම් ඉදිරිපත් නොවනු ඇති බවට විදුලි සංදේශ හා ඩිජිටල් යටිතල පහසුකම් අමාතාාංශයේ ලේකම් විසින් තහවුරු කර ගනු ලැබීමට යටත්ව, සංදේශයේ 3 ඡේදයේ සඳහන් යෝජනාව සඳහා අනුමැතිය ලබා දීමට තීරණය කරන ලදී. → 2

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(B) Agenda Items:

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Cabinet Papers - General

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1)

Cabinet Paper No.16/1479/749/005, a Memorandum dated 2016-07-26 by the Minister of Telecommunication and Digital Infrastructure on "Report No.04 of the Cabinet Appointed Committee for Settlement of Outstanding Contract Commitments - Settlement of Sri Lanka Telecom Dues" - the above Memorandum was considered along with the observations of the Minister of Finance. After discussion, it was decided to grant approval to the proposal in paragraph 3 of the Memorandum, subject to the Secretary, Ministry of Telecommunication and Digital Infrastructure ensuring that there will not be further financial claims on these IT projects.

Action by: My/Telecommunication and Digital Infrastructure - above observations annexed.

Copied to: Secretary to the President - copy of Memorandum and above observations annexed.

Secretary to the Prime Minister - copy of Memorandum and above observations annexed.

My/National Policies and Economic Affairs - copy of Memorandum and above observations annexed.

My/Finance